



Introduction





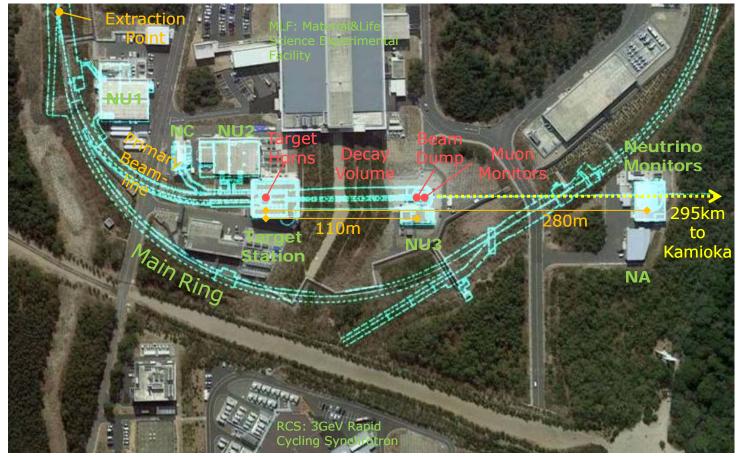
- Conventional horn-focused beam-line, designed/constructed for T2K (Tokai-to-Kamioka) long base-line neutrino oscillation experiment & for its future upgrade
 - Superconducting Combined Function Magnets (SCFM) at the primary proton beam-line
 - First application of off-axis configuration, angle adjustable between 2~2.5°
 - Design intensity =750kW

J-PARC, Tokai



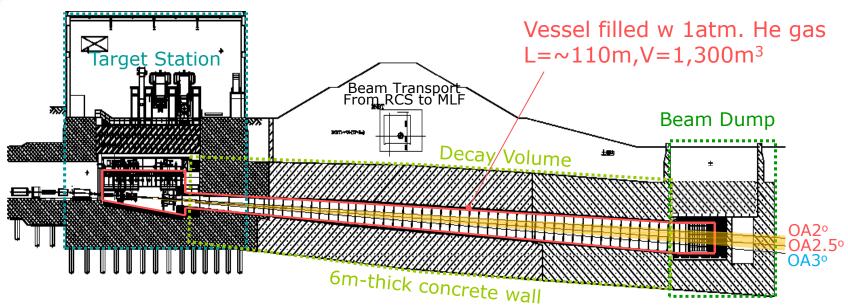






Secondary Beam-line

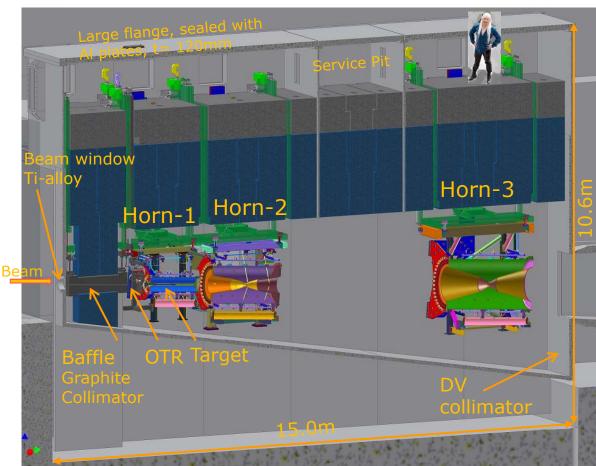
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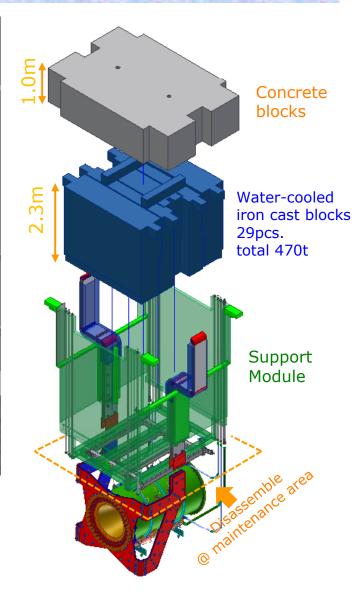
- Target Station(TS), Decay Volume(DV), & Beam Dump(BD)
 - TS: He-cooled graphite target, 3 magnetic horns, remote maintenance
 - DV: 94m-long tunnel with rectangular cross section
 - BD: hadron absorber made of large graphite blocks, surrounding iron shields
- Enclosed in a gigantic helium vessel, made of carbon steel plates.
 - He atmosphere prevents nitrogen oxide (NO_x) production / oxidization of apparatus.
- Iron plates of the vessel are cooled by water circuits.
 - Maintenance is not possible after beam operation due to irradiation.
 - Radiation shielding / cooling capacity were designed to accept up to ∼4MW beam.

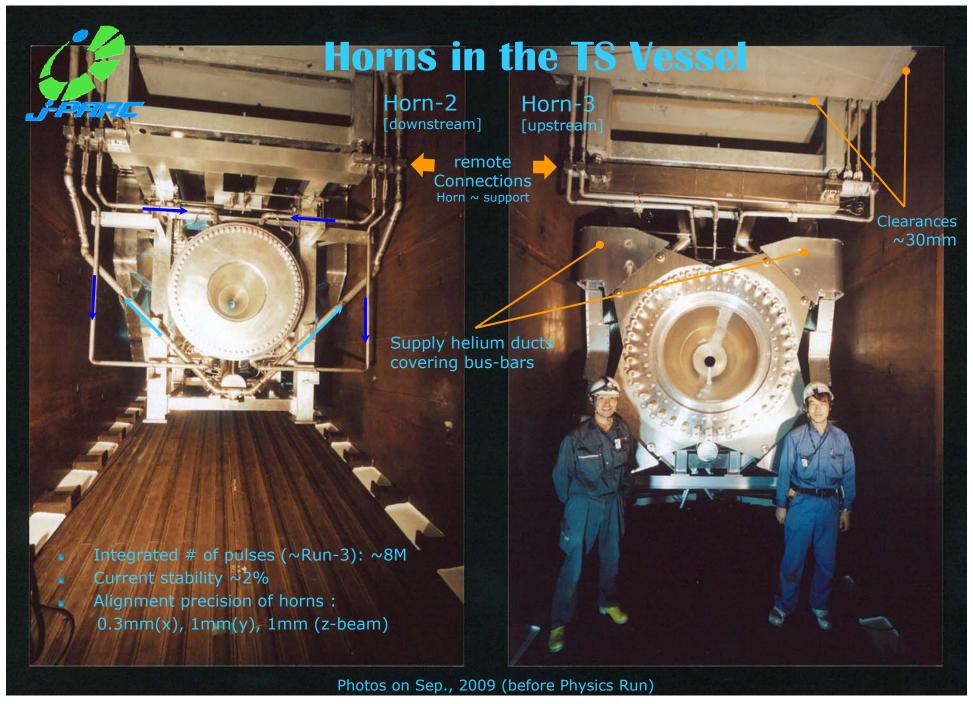


Target Station (TS)



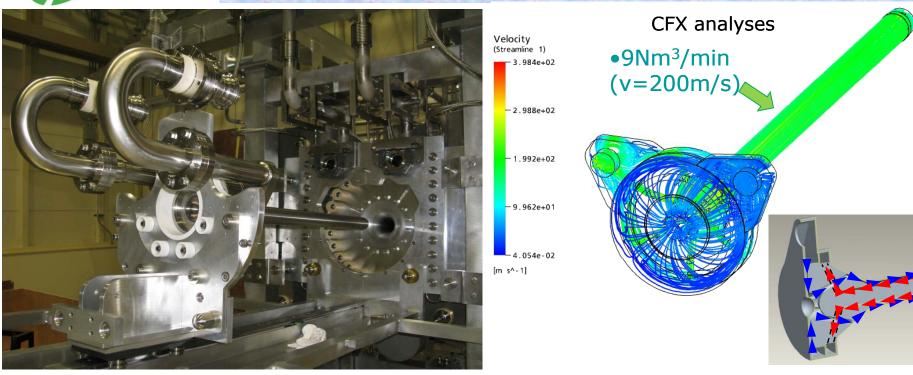
- Horns / a baffle are supported from the wall of vessel by support modules.
- Apparatus on the beam-line are highly irradiated after beam. Remote maintenance is key issue.



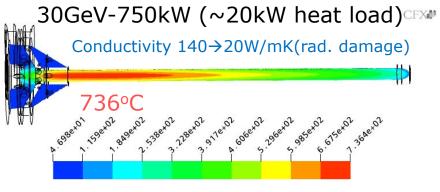




T2K Target







∆T~200K ~7MPa (Tensile strength 37MPa)

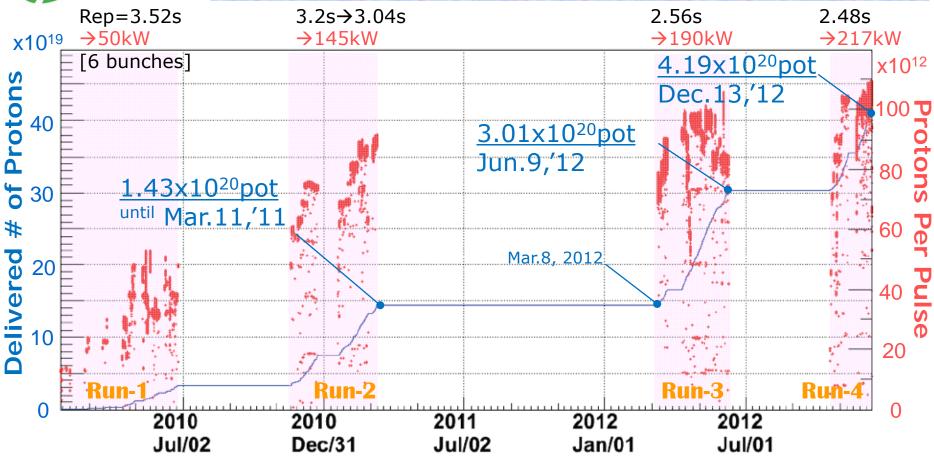


Recent Status of Accelerator / Beam-line Operation



MR Fast Extraction: Delivered POT to Neutrino Facility

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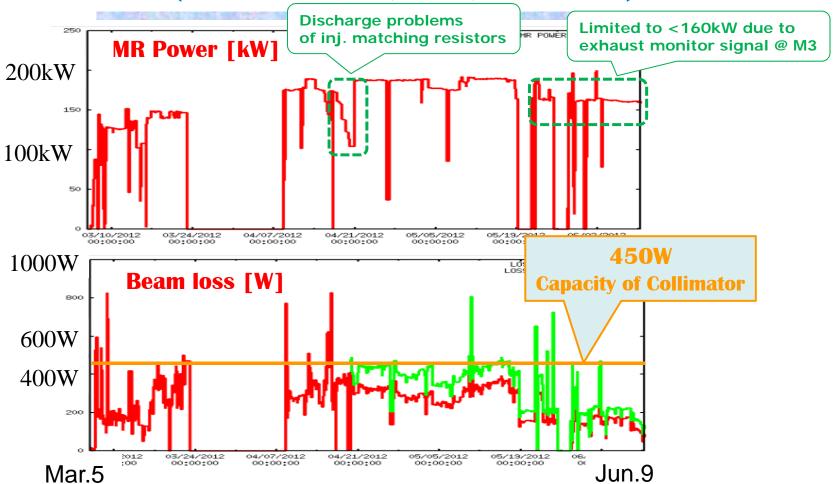
- Stable operation at ~210kW achieved, >1.0x10¹⁴ppp (1.35x10¹³x8b) is the world record of extracted protons per pulse for synchrotrons.
- Accumulated POT = 4.19×10^{20} pot



High power operation in FX mode

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(March 5 - June 9, 2012, 160-190kW)



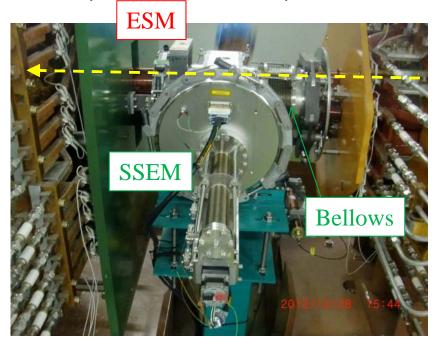
- Delivered beam power limited by beam loss at injection/collimator section
- Ring collimator upgrade was being taken place during 2012 summer shutdown. The capacity is now enlarged from 450W to 2kW.
- The 9th RF system (2nd harmonic cavity to reduce space-charge effect) installed.

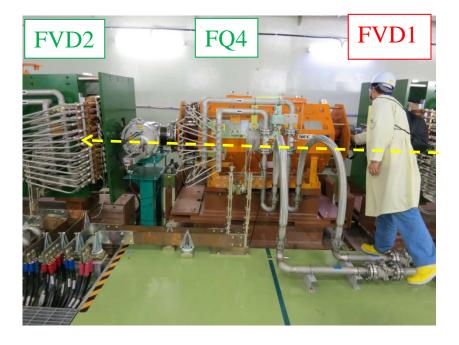


Vacuum Leak at Primary Beam-line [Dec.12, 2012]

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- Final Focusing Section: 4xQ / 1x(H+Steering) / 2x(V+Steering)
- Trouble happened during beam tuning to increase power (210→217kW)
 - Unexpected turning-off of 1 bending magnet (FVD1, 25mrad bend) without alarm.
 - Beam hit the beam duct and beam monitors (SSEM/ESM).
 - The vacuum leak at a feed-through of ESM.
- Fixing work was completed during new-year holidays.
 - Replace the broken ESM by spare. Vacuum is now low enough for beam operation.
- Countermeasure
 - Improve the machine protection interlock (MPS) during the beam tuning.



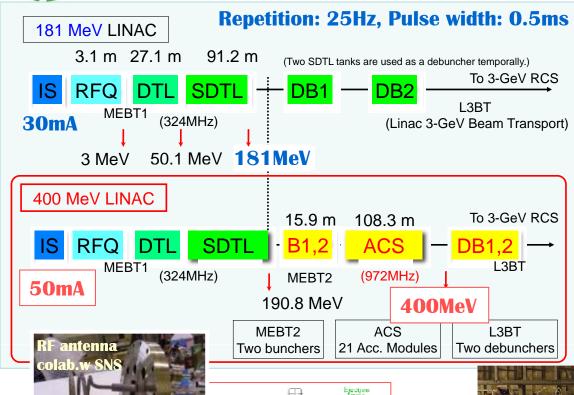




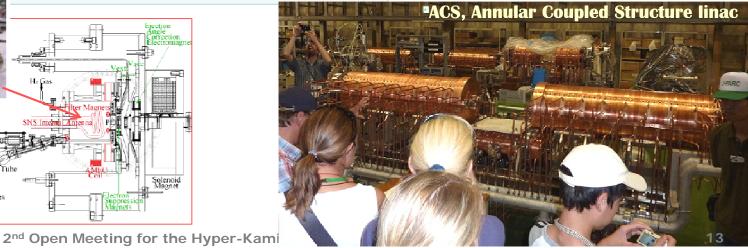
Beam-line Upgrade for 750kW (future MW) Beam



LINAC Upgrade



- New accelerating structure, ACS, will be installed to increase the extracted beam energy from 181MeV to 400MeV
- Front-end part (IS+RFQ) will be replaced to increase peak current from 30mA to 50mA
- These installations are scheduled in 2013 shutdown



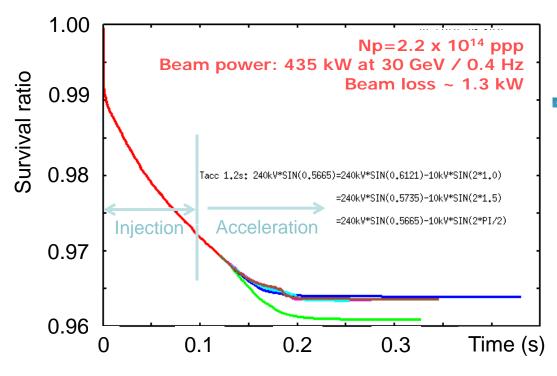
3 Heating Mantles Cs Injector



For Higher Beam Power in MR Fast Extraction

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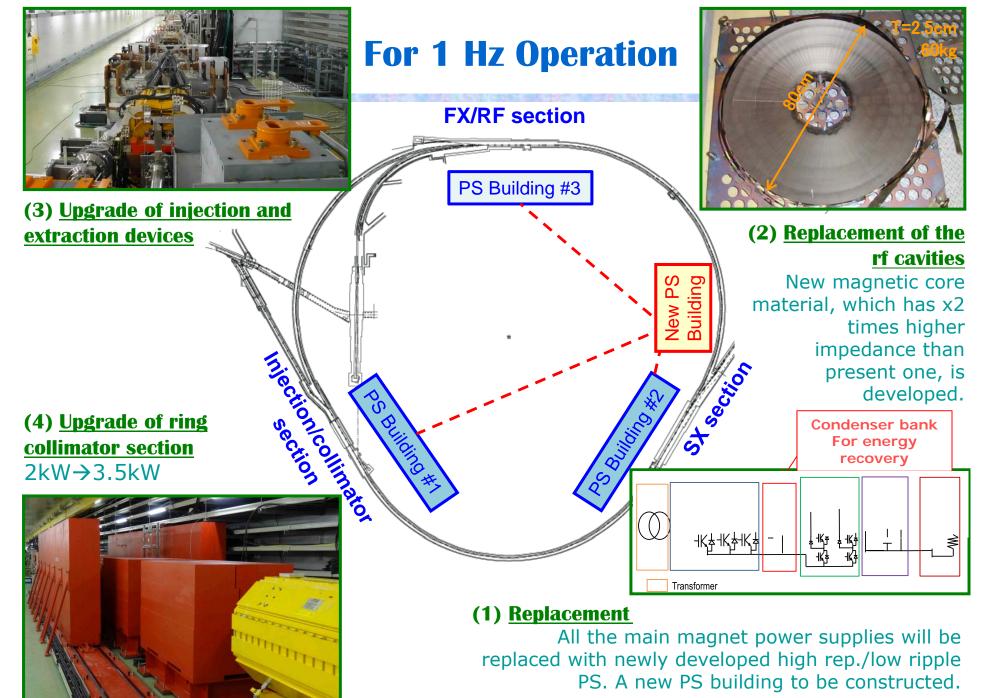
Tracking simulation of the MR fast extraction with space charge effect



- Number of particles in one pulse is limited by the beam loss due to the space charge effect
 - ~450kW is estimated upper limit with current apparatus
- To achieve higher beam power:
 - Higher beam energy than30 GeV (Original plan)
 - 2. Higher repetition rate than 0.4 Hz
 - * The saturation effect deteriorates field quality of main magnets.

Total power consumption:

$$P_{50GeV} = 2xP_{40GeV} = 4xP_{30GeV}$$





The Medium-Term Plan of the MR-FX until 2017

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- Rep. rate will be increased from ~ 0.4 Hz to ~1 Hz by replacing magnet PS's and RF cavities
- A new budget is needed for replacing MR main magnets.

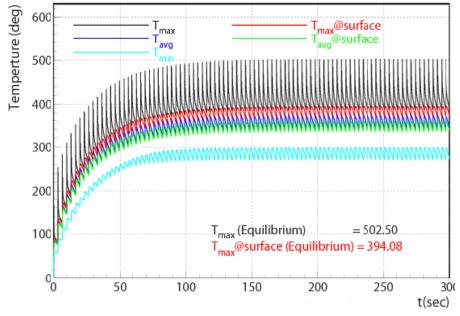


Doubled Rep.rate: Impact to Neutrino Facility ?

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- Instantaneous thermal shock will be reduced for equipments directly exposed to beam (Target, beam window, profile monitor, beam dump etc.)
 - Target: $\Delta T = 200 \text{K/spill}$, $\sigma_{eq} = 7.2 \text{MPa}$ @ 750kW(30GeV,3.3x10¹⁴ppp)
 - Safety factor = \sim 3.5 for original rep.rate.
 - Cyclic fatigue may be severer.
- Total heat load will stay same.
 - Apparatus designed for 750kW, except for beam dump/decay volume (3MW/4MW).
 - * Over 750kW beam, need to reinforce cooling capacities
 - Need to upgrade all cooling machineries in the utility buildings (such as heat exchangers, pumps...)

Temperature of the target



- T.Ishida J-PARC
- For 1 Hz operation, dual or preferably triple PSs are necessary.
 - Reduce input load of each PS, greatly reduces risk of failure.
 - Open way to operate horns with $(250kA \rightarrow) 320kA$.
- Cyclic fatigue
 - 1 Hz ~ $2x10^7$ pulses/year \Leftrightarrow designed to survive 10^8 pulses
- Low inductance and low resistance strip lines.
 - Shorter, wider and narrower gaps.
 - Capacity for strip line cooling : 400kW→ To be improve to 750kW.
- Hydrogen production in the horns
 - Recombination system installed at He gas line, while He gas in current horns cannot be circulated (only one port for He gas).
 - Spare horns have two ports and forced circulation is possible.
- Possible schedule
 - Production of new horns & striplines to be completed in 2013.
 - Replacement of horns to be completed within three years.

After replacing horns to new ones, ready for 1Hz- 750kW.



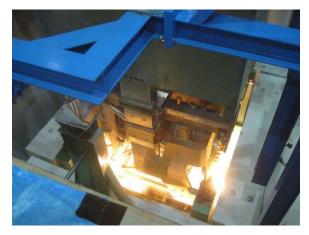
Remote Maintenance of Horn-3 [Summer, 2011]

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To maintenance area



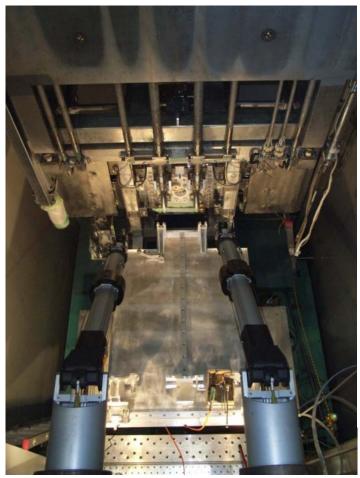
Positioning accuracy

By crane : < 2 cm With guide : <u>a few mm</u> cf. clearance ~30 mm

- Scheme worked very nicely.
 - Only a few hours to move Horn-3 from vessel to maintenance area.
- Radiation level outside of TS became several x 10uSv/h at most (Horn: ~10mSv/h)
 - Need to add shields, redefine radiation controlled area at TS
- Horn stacked on the way back to vessel, due to interference with DV collimator support at downstream
 - Need better control for tilt of horn (by using counter weight etc.)

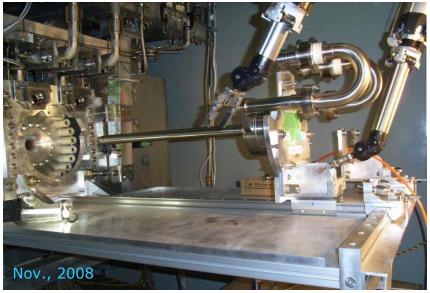


Target Remote Replacement



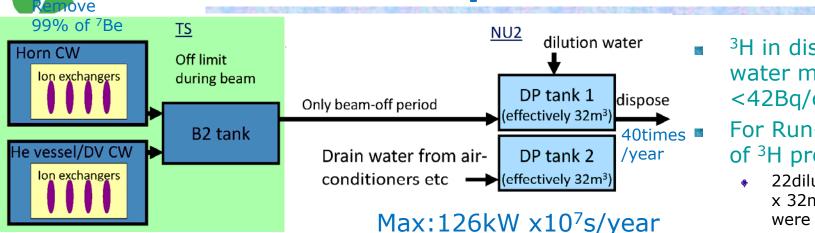
- Remote maintenance area at TS
- R&D still on-going by RAL-KEK-TRIUMF





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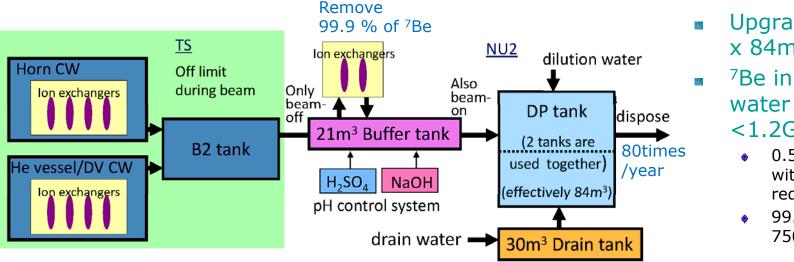
Upgrade for Radioactive Water Disposal



³H in disposed water must be <42Ba/cc

For Run-2, 27GBa of ³H produced.

22dilution/disposal x 32m³ DP tank were performed.



- Upgrade allows 80 x 84m³ in a year.
- ⁷Be in disposed water must be <1.2GBq/year
 - 0.52GBq for Run-2 with 99% reduction.
 - 99.9% required for 750kW.

The present limit of ³H disposal corresponds to ~500kW beam. Change of dilution/disposal cycle and/or tank truck are needed.



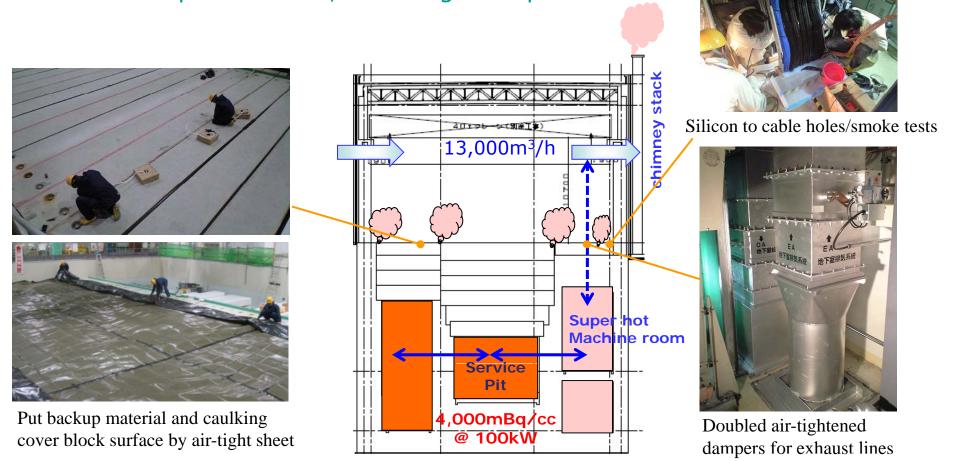
Ver. 1.1

Radiation in TS Exhaust Air

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Service pit / storage area covered with concrete blocks.

More cable penetrations, including horn power cables.





Radiation in TS Exhaust Air

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Radiation in exhaust air of TS was being the bottleneck of our beam power

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	Observed	Acceptable <0.5m
2010 JanFeb.	1.5mBq/cc (20kW)	~7kW
* Air tightening for floor blocks, seal cable penetration holes, & smoke tests		
2010 FebMar.	0.5(20)→0.8(27kW)	~17kW
* Add MVDs for ducts to underground rooms / cover block floor by water-proof sheets		
2010 Jun.	0.1~0.15(50kW)	170kW
* Add blocks to gaps at shield floor, upgrade of air-tightened doors		
2010 Nov.~2011 Feb.	0.28(105)→0.4(125kW)	160kW
* Add second layer of sheets		
2011 Mar.	0.3(145kW)	240kW
* Install bypass line to 1F vent line		
2012 Mar.~Apr.	0.13(145)→0.16(176kW)	550kW
* Balloon sheet installation		
2012 May.~Jun.	→ 0.1mBq/cc(190kW)	950kW

Acceptable beam is being improved by 2 order, now ~ 1MW



4. Summary

Upgrade of J-PARC accelerators

- To increase #p/bunch
 - ▶ Increase MR collimator capability (2012 Summer; done)
 - Upto $450W \rightarrow 2KW(2012) \rightarrow 3.5kW(2013)$
 - ▶ LINAC frontend upgrade (2013 Summer)
 - Ion source, RFQ : 30mA → 50mA
 - ▶ LINAC energy upgrade to 400MeV (2013 summer)
- To realize MR 750kW operation, doubled rep.rate option is chosen.
 - ▶ Need to replace all magnet power supplies in ~5yrs
 - Need higher gradient RF core.

Upgrade of Neutrino beam-line

- Doubled rep.rate: plausible to reduce thermal shock(target/beam-window...)
- Horn: dual / triple PS operation is necessary.
- Need to improve strip lines and their cooling (current limit: 400kW)
- Current horns to be replaced in 3 yrs. Need to establish remote maintenance.
- Radioactive drainage: improved to manage ~500kW.
- ◆ Exhaust air at TS: Two order of magnitude improved, now ~950kW.