Low energy calibration

Yusuke Koshio for Calibration w.g. with suggestions from Astro-physics w.g. Kamioka observatory, ICRR, Univ. of Tokyo 2013/01/15 : 2nd HK open meeting

Energy calibration

- * Track range of high energy stopping muon (10-1 Gev/c)
- * Cherenkov angle of low energy stopping muon (500-200MeV/c)
- * Invariant mass of π° 's produced by atmospheric neutrino interactions (-130 MeV/c)
- * Momentum of decay electron (-50 MeV/c)
- * LINAC and DT (4-20MeV)

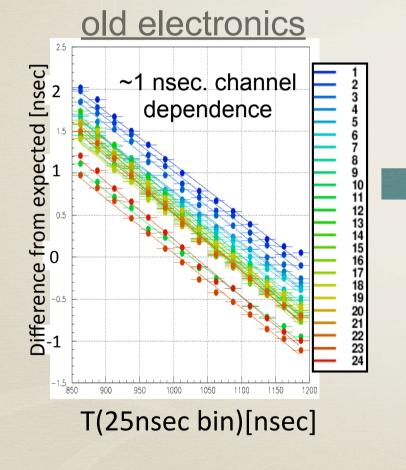
Requirement for calibration from astro-physics

- * The fiducial volume uncertainty will be important for all the measurements.
 - Timing calibration is crucial.
 - Reconstructed vertex calibration at the several position around the fiducial edge should be performed.
- * Important observation for HK solar neutrino will be day-night asymmetry.
 - Position dependence of the water quality, especially top-bottom asymmetry, should be monitored.
- Precise energy calibration will be lower priority in the case of 20% photo-coverage since the energy spectrum measurement in solar neutrinos, e.g. up-turn to the vacuum oscillation region, is quite difficult.

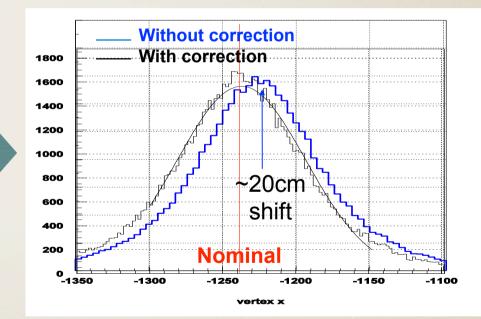
Timing calibration

4

From the SK experience



Vertex shift by Ni calibration



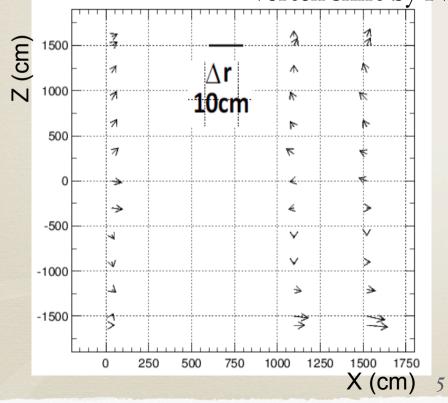
Any -nsec level systematic dependence is not acceptable

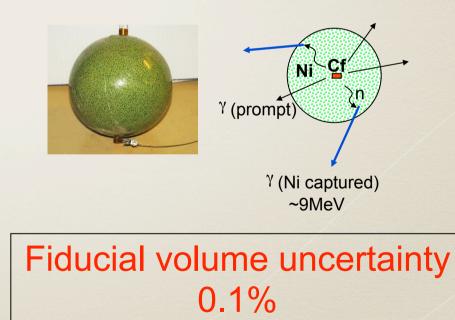
Vertex calibration

From the SK experience

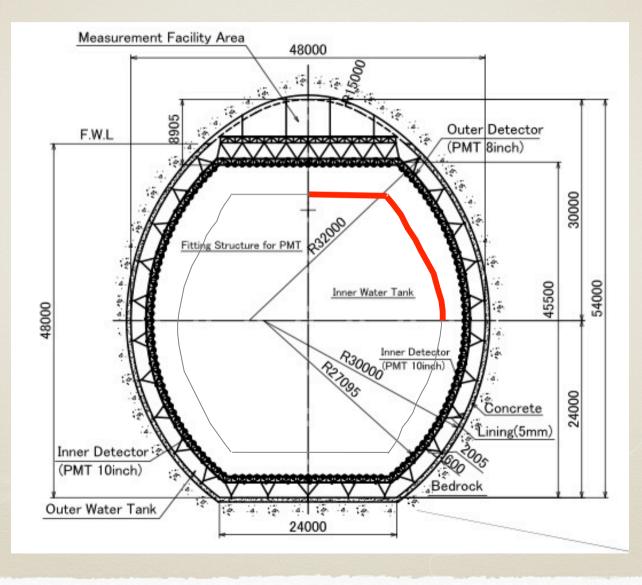
For estimation of the fiducial volume uncertainty, a calibration around the fiducial edge is important.

Vertex shift by Nickel calibration



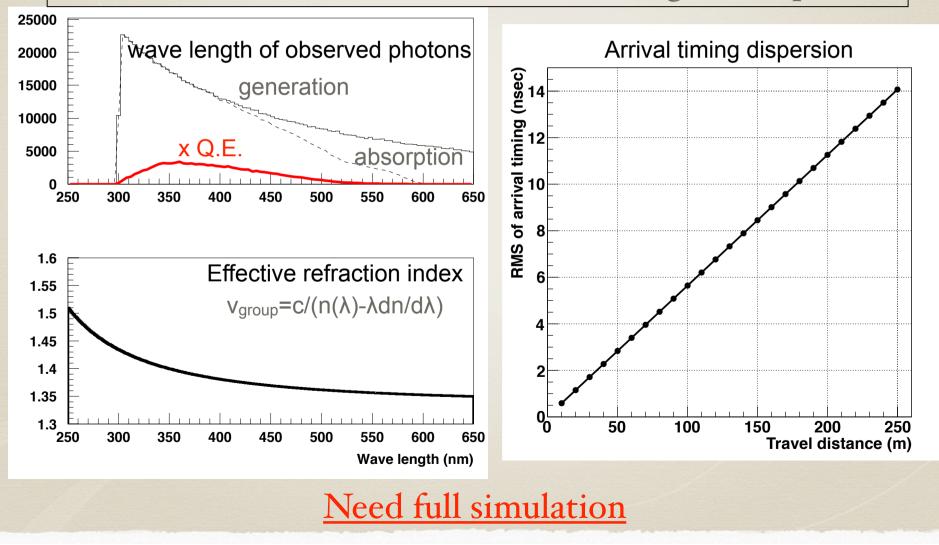


Calibration at fiducial edge

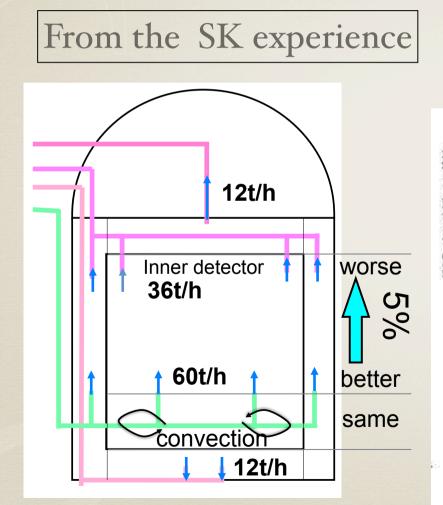


Vertex calibration

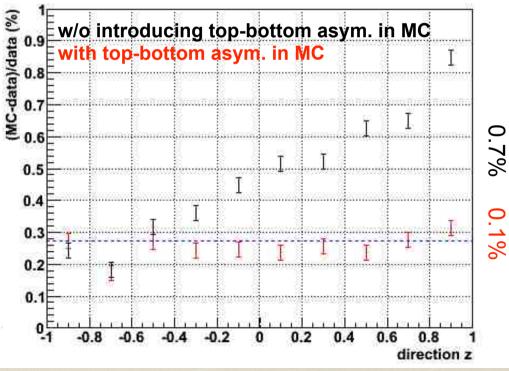
Water Cherenkov detector : Arrival timing has dispersion



Water quality

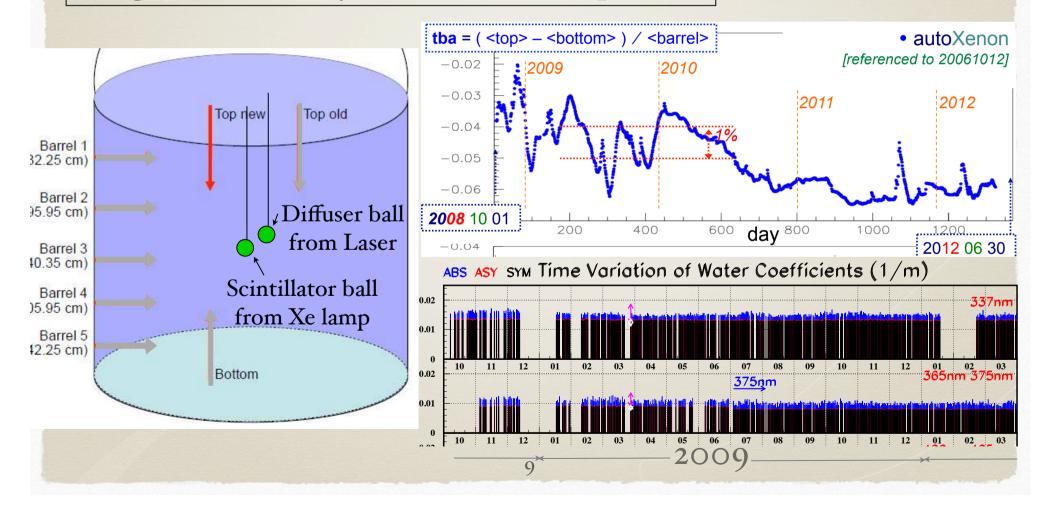


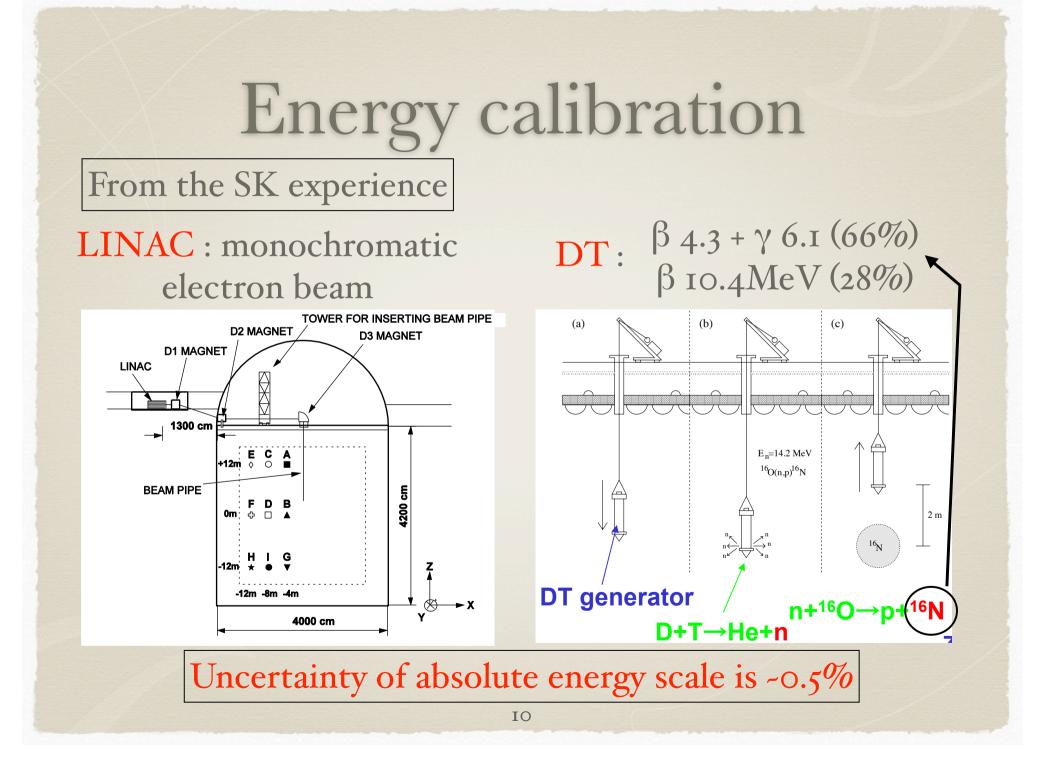
Zenith angle dependence of the energy scale done by DT calibraiton





Long term stability check is also important





Idea for HK

(1) Same as SK, LINAC and DT in every position

- Need if the solar neutrino spectrum is a target. (seems to be very hard.)
- (2) Combination of several tools.
 - Compare LINAC and DT in 40% coverage segmentation (if exist) or SK, and only DT in every position.

(3) Higher energy calibration is preferable for SN neutrinos

- Development new sources, e.g. pT generator (19.8MeV γ)

Directional calibration

From the SK experience

