Towards Lyα Intensity Mapping in *HETDEX*

Shun Saito MPA in Germany → Missouri S&T in US (since Jan 2019)



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What's next in LSS?

Baryon Acoustic Oscillations (BAOs)



Alam [SS+] (2016) Redshift-Space Distortion (RSD)



- ✓ 3D Galaxy clustering DONE at z < 1.</p>
- ✓ Future surveys go towards higher z.
 - unexplored territory
 - shed lights on some tensions?
 - time-evolving dark energy?

Intensity Mapping is Future

Kovetz, SS+, Astro2020, coming soon



HETDEX as a DE survey

- The Hobby-Eberly Telescope Dark Energy Experiment (2019-2022)
- Collaboration
 - PI: Gary J. Hill (Univ. of Texas)
 - ~50 people: U Texas, McDonald Obs, Penn State, Texas A&M

LMU, AIP, MPE/MPA, Gottingen, Oxford, [Missouri S&T]

- Instrument
 - **10m** Hobby-Eberly Telescope at McDonald Observatory
 - 35k spectra (448 fibers/IFU x 78 units) at one 20mins exposure
 - λ =350–550nm, R~700, a flux sensitivity~a few x 10⁻¹⁷ erg/cm²/s
 - → ~0.8M Lyman Alpha Emitters (LAEs) over 450deg² & 1.9 < z < 3.5</p>
 - + 1M OII-emitters at z < 0.5

First blind survey & First 10Gpc³-class survey at high z

HETDEX as a Lyα IM survey

- We can do better than the original plan!
- More importantly, the *first blind* large-scale survey with IFU
- ➡ Original design: 1.7M/140M fibers, i.e., only 1.2% is used
- → Intensity Mapping: propose to extract information from 99%.



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End-to-End Simulation

- ➤ Simulate something we know a priori
- generate logN density field, given P(k) Agrawal, Makiya, Chiang, Jeong, SS & Komatsu, JCAP (2017), SS+, in prep. - extended for Intensity Mapping I F & P(k) integrand in luminosity weighting Konno+ (2015) K15 $\phi \left[\left(\Delta \log L = 1
 ight)^{-1} \mathrm{Mpc}^{-3}
 ight] - 0_{-4} 0_{-4}$ G15 Δ LAE galaxy $L\,\phi(L_{
 m Lylpha})$ 3 $\log \overline{L} = 42.515$ $Ly\alpha$ intensity <u>40.0 40.5 41.0 41.5 42.0 42.5 43.0 43.5 44.0</u> 10^{-6} 10^{-6} 10^{-6} 41.5 43.544.042.043.044.542.5 $\log(L_{\rm Lv\alpha} [{\rm erg \, s^{-1}}])$ $\log L_{\mathrm{Lv}\alpha} [\mathrm{erg} \, \mathrm{s}^{-1}]$
 - Useful for two reasons
 - simulate the statistical power of the survey
 - simulate the impact of systematics





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- Luminosity and positions are assigned so that

the simulated LogN galaxies recovers the input LF & P(k).









Simulating LogN LAE IM Hand+(2017) Developed P(k) estimator code c.f. Yamamoto (2000) IM auto P(k): completely dominated by noise 10⁵ P_i(k) [(Mpc/h)³] 104 Cross P(k): Both monopole & quadrupole 10³ seems measurable with high S/N masked auto IM: l = 0masked cross: l = 0dashed: linear RSD (Kaiser) masked cross: l = 2 10^{2} 0.01 0.1 0.03 0.3 k[h/Mpc]

Behrens, Byrohl, **SS**, Niemeyer (2018)

- Towards a better understanding of LyA
 - run LyA RT on the *Illustris* simulation Vogelsberger+(2014)
 - assumptions (focus on *the large-scale clustering*):
 - initial gaussian profile with virial velocity & $L_{int} = \frac{\text{SFR}}{M_{\odot}/\text{vr}} \times 10^{42} \text{erg/s}$
 - + no dust correction \rightarrow LyA LFs



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Redshift-Space Clustering



Behrens, Byrohl, SS, Niemeyer, A&A (2018), Byrohl, SS, Behrens, in prep.



◆ *Blue* part can be redshifted and attenuated by CGM/IGM.

Laursen+(2011)

- low RT resolution = underestimate the attenuation by CGM.
- low redshift: unlikely to be attenuated by CGM/IGM

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► Find a new *Finger-of-God* damping due to RT.

- double peak leads to the oscillation in the damping.







- HETDEX as a Lyα IM survey
- Fully make use of its **blind** nature.
- First results with 77M(!) spectra coming soon!
- Preparing analysis & simulation pipeline
- End-to-End Log-Normal simulation
- Physical Radiative Transfer simulation



Marco Cavaglia, Shun Saito

S&T Physics opens a window to the sky

Starting in January, two new faculty, Marco Cavaglia and Shun Saito, will work to unravel the mysteries of the universe at S&T. Cavaglia, who joins the department after 15 years at the University of Mississippi, is an expert on gravitational physics and multi-messenger astrophysics. Saito, from the Max Planck-Institute for Astrophysics in Germany, works on observational cosmology. They will collaborate to develop a new astrophysics program at S&T. Detailed faculty profiles for Marco Cavaglia and Shun Saito will be published in the next edition of the newsletter.

Multi-messenger astrophysics and precision cosmology are research areas at the forefront of today's physics. Multi-messenger astrophysics studies celestial pheenomena through different physical carriers (electromagnetic waves, gravitational waves, particles and cosmic rays). Cosmology studies the origin and large -scale structure of the Universe. Join our new astro group if interested in working on *HETDEX* and/or *LIGO*!

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