

SUSY in the light of the Higgs discovery

Graham Ross, IPMU, December 2013



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Introduction

Derivation of fine tuning measure

Scalar and gluino focus points - the CMSSM and the \tilde{c} MSSM

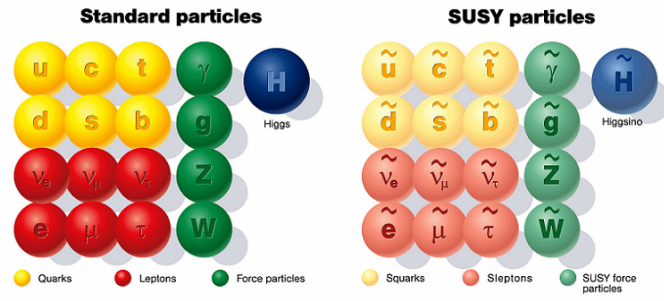
Beyond the MSSM - operator analysis and singlet extensions

Discrete R-symmetries

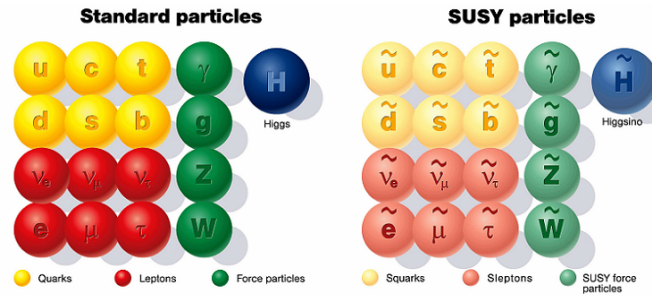
The GNMSSM (and Dirac NMSSM)

Introduction

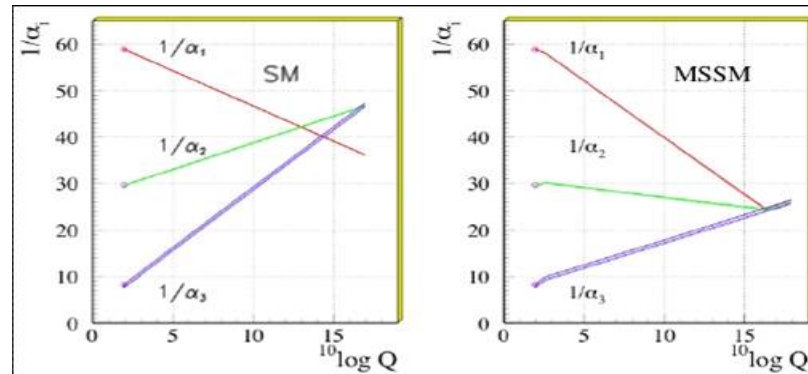
Low energy SUSY ?



Low energy SUSY ?

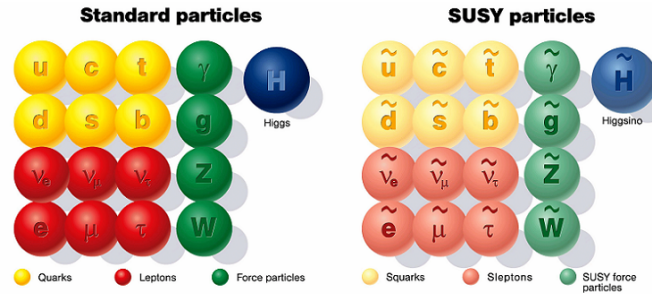


Unification:

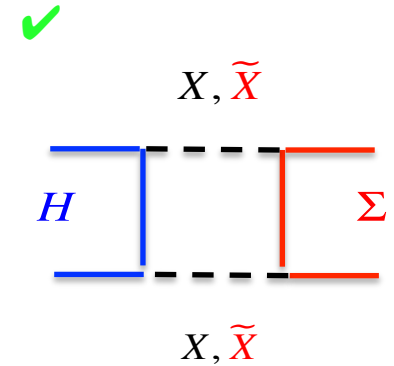
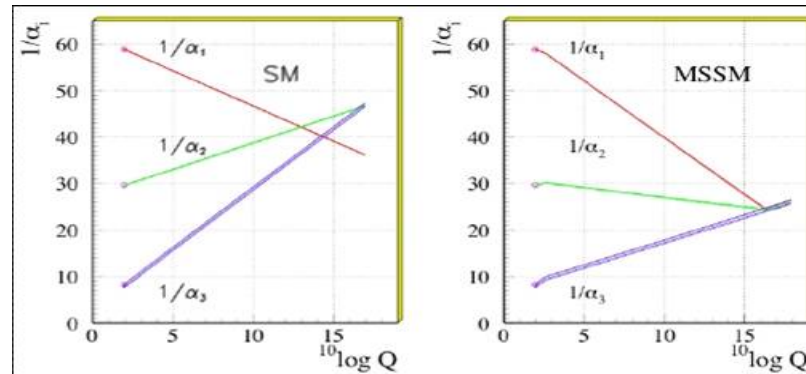


Only log sensitivity to SUSY scale

Low energy SUSY ?



Unification:



The (SUSY) Standard Model as an EFT:

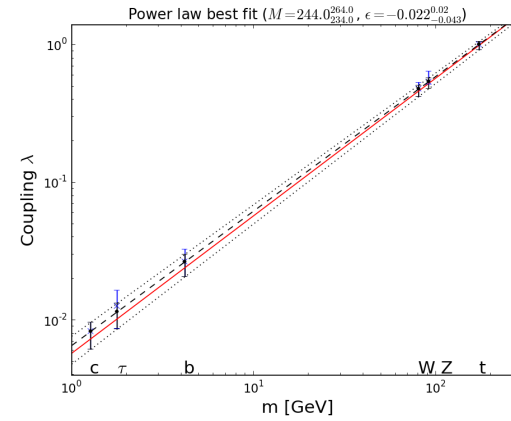
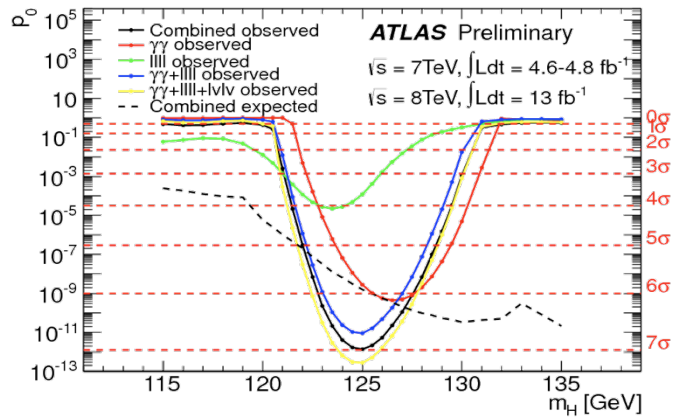
$$A_\mu \checkmark, \Psi \checkmark, H \checkmark ?$$

$$M_{Higgs}, M_{W,Z} \ll M_{Planck}, M_{GUT}, \dots \checkmark$$

Solves the big hierarchy problem, $M_{SUSY} < O(1TeV)$

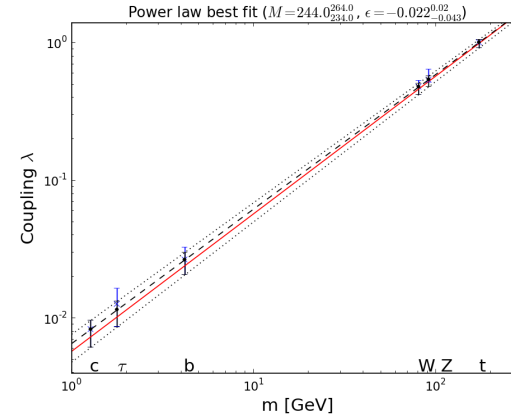
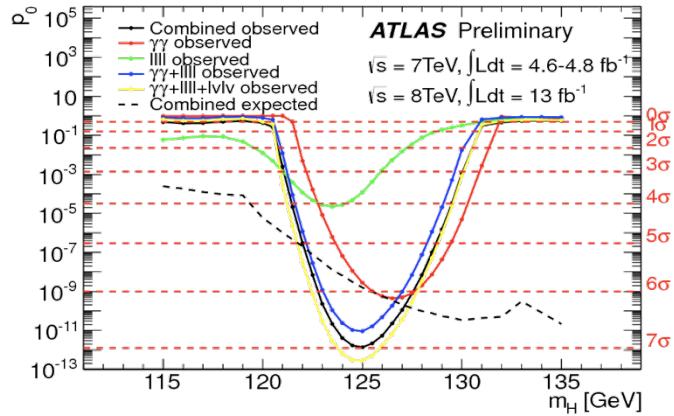
Higgs discovery!

... completes the "Standard Model"



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... completes the "Standard Model"

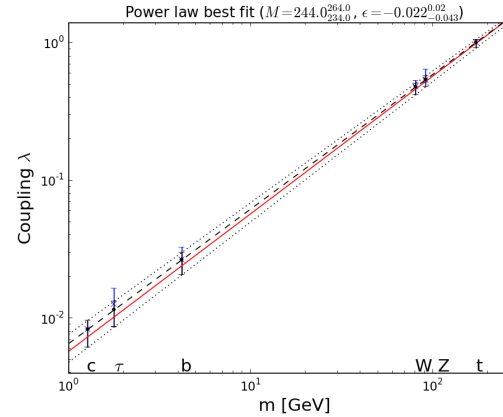
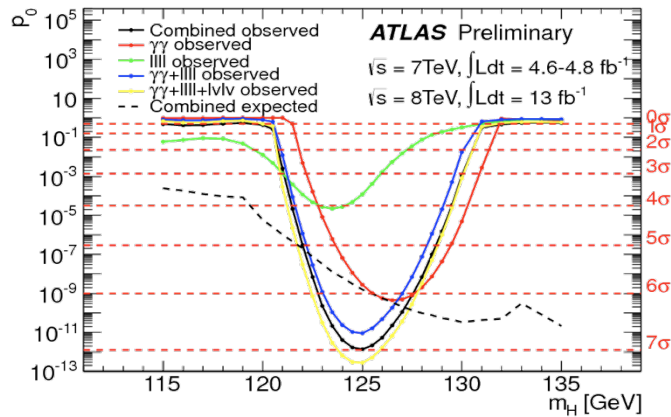


● "Light", weakly interacting

SUSY ✓

Higgs discovery!

... completes the "Standard Model"



- "Light", weakly interacting **SUSY** ✓
- "Heavy", no evidence for sparticles **SUSY** ✗

$$m_h^2 = M_Z^2 + \frac{3m_t^2 h_t^2}{4\pi^2} \left(\ln \left(\frac{M_s^2}{m_t^2} \right) + \delta_t \right) + \dots \approx 126 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\delta m_{H_u}^2 \approx -\frac{3y_t^2}{4\pi^2} \left(m_{stop}^2 + \frac{g_s^2}{3\pi^2} m_{gluino}^2 \log \left(\frac{\Lambda}{m_{gluino}} \right) \right) \log \left(\frac{\Lambda}{m_{stop}} \right) ?$$

SUSY under pressure

"Little hierarchy problem"

The fine tuning measure

Little hierarchy problem \Rightarrow definite SUSY structure ^{breaking}

MSSM: 105 +(19) Parameters

$$M_Z^2 = \sum_{\tilde{q}, \tilde{l}} a_i \tilde{m}_i^2 + \sum_{\tilde{g}, \tilde{W}, \tilde{B}} b_i \tilde{M}_i^2 + \dots$$

$$m_{\tilde{q}} > 0.6 - 1 \text{ TeV} \Rightarrow \Delta > a \frac{\tilde{m}^2}{M_Z^2} \sim 100 \quad (\text{Unless light stop } m_{t, \text{LHC}} > 250 \text{ GeV})$$

\Rightarrow Correlations between SUSY breaking parameters and/or additional low-scale states

Little hierarchy problem \Rightarrow definite SUSY structure ^{breaking}

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\Rightarrow Correlations between SUSY breaking parameters and/or additional low-scale states

Fine Tuning measure:

$$\Delta(a_i) = \left| \frac{a_i}{M_Z} \frac{\partial M_Z}{\partial a_i} \right|,$$

$$\Delta_m = \text{Max}_{a_i} \Delta(a_i), \quad \Delta_q = \left(\sum \Delta_{\gamma_i}^2 \right)^{1/2}$$

Ellis, Enquist, Nanopoulos, Zwirner

Barbieri, Giudice

Fine tuning from a likelihood fit:

“Nuisance” variable

$$L(\text{data} \mid \gamma_i) \propto \int d\mathbf{v} \delta(m_Z - m_Z^0) \delta\left(\mathbf{v} - \left(-\frac{m^2}{\lambda}\right)^{1/2}\right) L(\text{data} \mid \gamma_i; \mathbf{v})$$

$$= \frac{1}{\Delta_q} \delta(n_q (\ln \gamma_i - \ln \gamma_i^S)) L(\text{data} \mid \gamma_i; \mathbf{v}_0)$$

Fine tuning not optional!

Ghilenca, GGR
Casas et al

Probabilistic interpretation:

$$\chi_{new}^2 = \chi_{old}^2 + 2 \ln \Delta_q$$

$$\Delta_q \ll 100$$

Scalar and gluino focus points -

The CMSSM and the \tilde{c} MSSM

- The CMSSM

$$\gamma_i = \mu_0, m_0, m_{1/2}, A_0, B_0$$



assumes correlation between SUSY breaking parameters

● Fine tuning in the CMSSM

$$\begin{aligned}
 V = & m_1^2 |H_1|^2 + m_2^2 |H_2|^2 - (m_3^2 H_1 \cdot H_2 + h.c.) \\
 & + \frac{1}{2} \lambda_1 |H_1|^4 + \frac{1}{2} \lambda_2 |H_2|^4 + \lambda_3 |H_1|^2 |H_2|^2 + \lambda_4 |H_1 \cdot H_2|^2 \\
 & + \left[\frac{1}{2} \lambda_5 (H_1 \cdot H_2)^2 + \lambda_6 |H_1|^2 (H_1 \cdot H_2) + \lambda_7 |H_2|^2 (H_1 \cdot H_2) + h.c. \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

Minimisation conditions:

$$\underline{v^2 = -m^2/\lambda}, \quad 2\lambda \frac{\partial m^2}{\partial \beta} = m^2 \frac{\partial \lambda}{\partial \beta}$$

$$m^2 = m_1^2 \cos^2 \beta + m_2^2 \sin^2 \beta - m_3^2 \sin 2\beta$$

$$\lambda = \frac{\lambda_1}{2} \cos^4 \beta + \frac{\lambda_2}{2} \sin^4 \beta + \frac{\lambda_{345}}{4} \sin^2 2\beta + \sin 2\beta (\lambda_6 \cos^2 \beta + \lambda_7 \sin^2 \beta)$$

$$\Delta \equiv \max \left| \Delta_p \right|_{p=\{\mu_0^2, m_0^2, m_{1/2}^2, A_0^2, B_0^2\}}, \quad \Delta_p \equiv \frac{\partial \ln v^2}{\partial \ln p}$$

Couplings and masses evaluated to two loop (leading log) order

...enhanced sensitivity due to small tree-level $\lambda = \frac{1}{8} (g_1^2 + g_2^2) \cos^2 2\beta$

Cassel, Ghilencea, GGR
 c.f. earlier work : Dimopoulos, Giudice
 Chankowski, Ellis, Olechowski, Pokorski

● The CMSSM - before LHC

$$\gamma_i \supset \mu_0, m_0, m_{1/2}, A_0, B_0 \Big|_{M_{GUT}}$$

Precision tests included
 Gauge unification required
 Relic density restricted

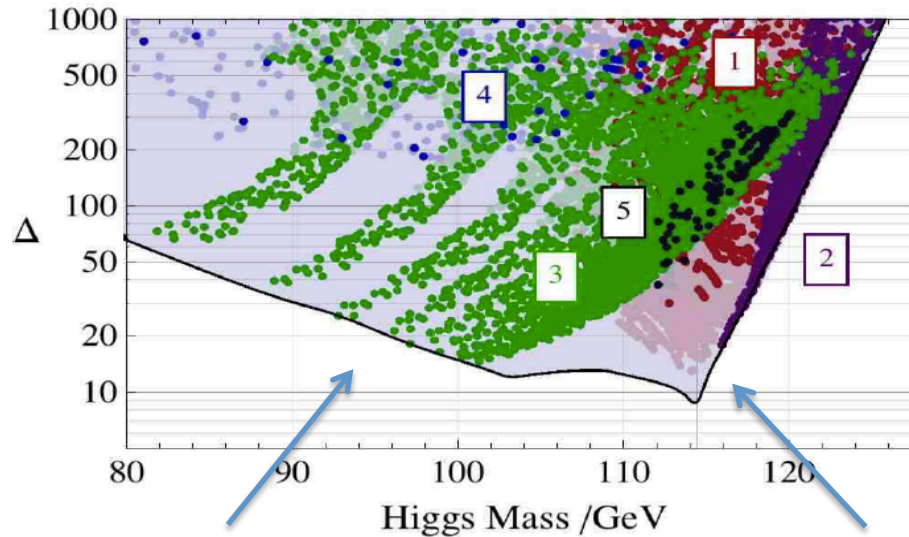
- 1 h^0 resonant annihilation
- 2 \tilde{h} t-channel exchange
- 3 $\tilde{\tau}$ co-annihilation
- 4 \tilde{t} co-annihilation
- 5 A^0 / H^0 resonant annihilation

Within 3σ WMAP:

$$\Delta_{Min} = 15, \quad m_h = 114.7 \pm 2 GeV$$

$< 3\sigma$ WMAP:

$$\Delta_{Min} = 18, \quad m_h = 115.9 \pm 2 GeV$$

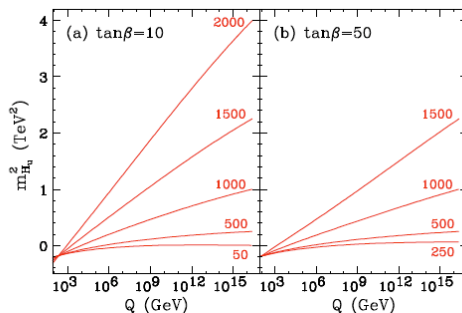


λ increases

Focus point

Scalar focus point

$$m_{H_u} = m_{\tilde{Q}_3} = m_{\tilde{u}_3} = m_0$$



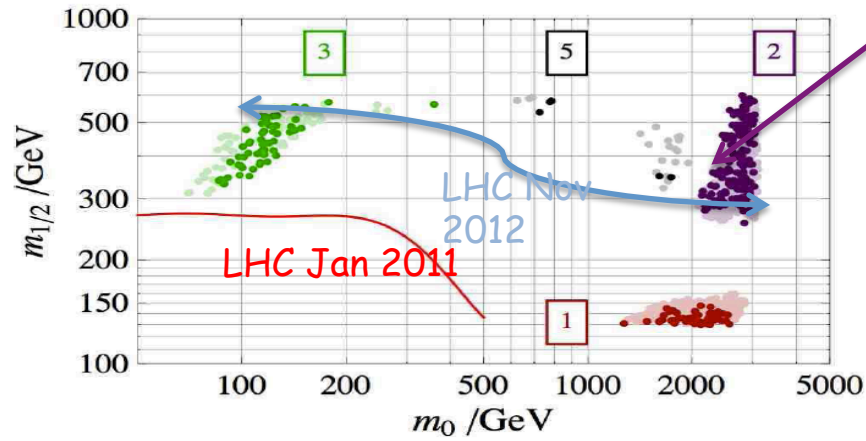
$$m_{H_u}^2(Q^2) = m_{H_u}^2(M_P^2) + \frac{1}{2} \left(m_{H_u}^2(M_P^2) + m_{\tilde{Q}_3}^2(M_P^2) + m_{\tilde{u}_3}^2(M_P^2) \right) \left[\left(\frac{Q^2}{M_P^2} \right)^{\frac{3y_t^2}{4\pi^2}} - 1 \right]$$

Feng, Matchev, Moroi
 Chan, Chattopadhyay, Nath

The CMSSM - after LHC

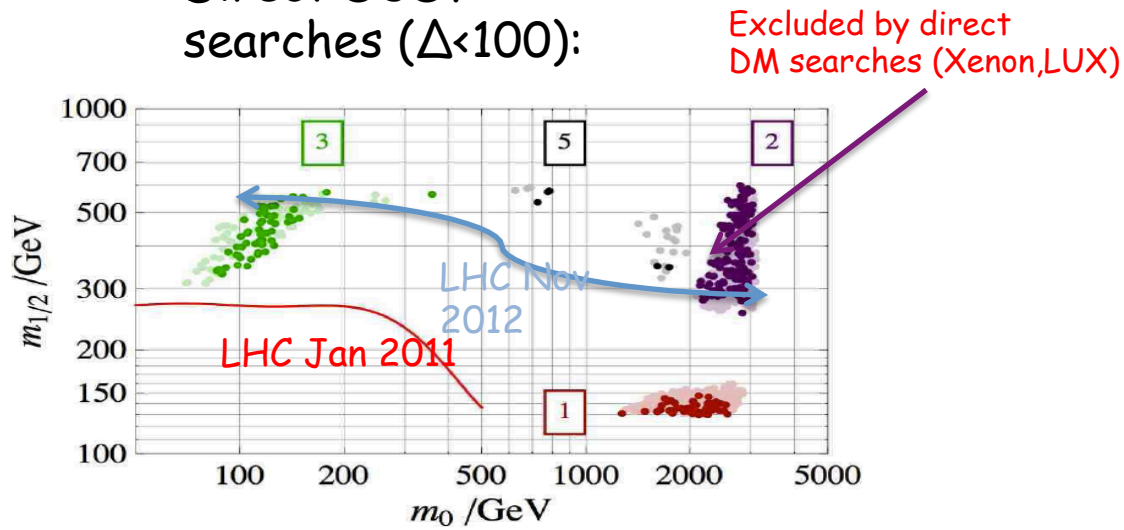
Direct SUSY searches ($\Delta < 100$):

Excluded by direct DM searches (Xenon, LUX)

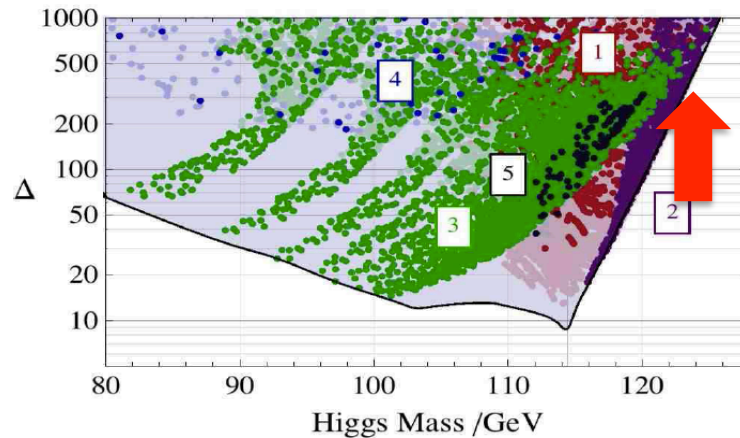


The CMSSM - after LHC

Direct SUSY searches ($\Delta < 100$):



Higgs mass:




$$\Delta_{Min} > 350, \quad m_h = 125.6 \pm 3 \text{ GeV}$$

Reduced fine tuning (the ©MSSM)

- New focus points?

Gauginos: $M_{\tilde{g}, \tilde{W}, \tilde{B}}$ Non-universal gaugino correlations

Reduced fine tuning (the ©MSSM)

$$16\pi^2 \frac{d}{dt} m_{H_u}^2 = 3 \left(2 |y_t|^2 (m_{H_u}^2 + m_{Q_3}^2 + m_{u_3}^2) + 2 |a_t|^2 \right) - 6g_2^2 |M_2|^2 - \frac{6}{5} g_1^2 |M_1|^2$$


New focus point: cancellation between M_3 and M_2 contributions if $|M_2|^2 \simeq |M_3|^2$ at M_{SUSY}

Abe, Kobayashi, Omura
Horton, GGR

Reduced fine tuning (the ©MSSM)

$$16\pi^2 \frac{d}{dt} m_{H_u}^2 = 3 \left(2 |y_t|^2 (m_{H_u}^2 + m_{Q_3}^2 + m_{u_3}^2) + 2 |a_t|^2 \right) - 6g_2^2 |M_2|^2 - \frac{6}{5} g_1^2 |M_1|^2$$

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Abe, Kobayashi, Omura
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Natural ratios? e.g.:

GUT: $SU(5): \Phi^N \subset (24 \times 24)_{\text{symm}} = 1 + 24 + 75 + 200; SO(10): (45 \times 45)_{\text{symm}} = 1 + 54 + 210 + 770$

$\eta_3 : 1 : \eta_1$

$2.7\eta_3 : 1 : 0.5\eta_1$

Representation	$M_3 : M_2 : M_1$ at M_{GUT}	$M_3 : M_2 : M_1$ at M_{EWSB}
1	1:1:1	6:2:1
24	2:(-3):(-1)	12:(-6):(-1)
75	1:3:(-5)	6:6:(-5)
200	1:2:10	6:4:10

Younkin, Martin

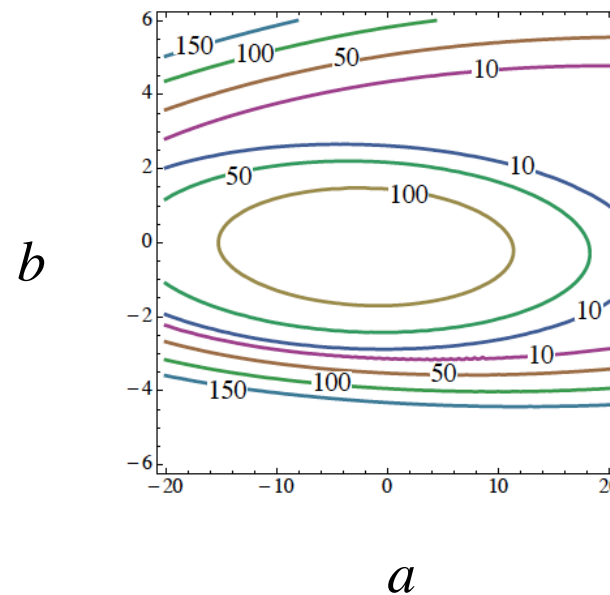
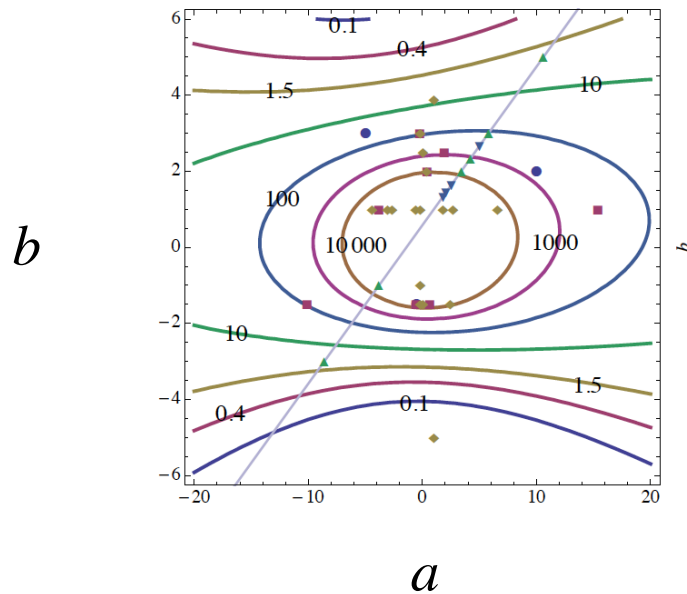
String: $(3 + \delta_{GS}) : (-1 + \delta_{GS}) : \left(-\frac{33}{5} + \delta_{GS} \right)$ (OII, also mixed moduli anomaly)

Ibanez et al
Choi et al
Badziek et al

Reduced fine tuning (the ©MSSM)

$$16\pi^2 \frac{d}{dt} m_{H_u}^2 = 3 \left(2 |y_t|^2 (m_{H_u}^2 + m_{Q_3}^2 + m_{u_3}^2) + 2 |a_t|^2 \right) - 6g_2^2 |M_2|^2 - \frac{6}{5} g_1^2 |M_1|^2$$

New focus point: cancellation between M_3 and M_2 contributions if $|M_2|^2 \simeq |M_3|^2$ at M_{SUSY}



$$M_3 : M_2 : M_1 = 1 : b : a$$

Reduced fine tuning : nonuniversal gaugino masses

$$16\pi^2 \frac{d}{dt} m_{H_u}^2 = 3 \left(2 |y_t|^2 (m_{H_u}^2 + m_{Q_3}^2 + m_{u_3}^2) + 2 |a_t|^2 \right) - 6g_2^2 |M_2|^2 - \frac{6}{5} g_1^2 |M_1|^2$$

New focus point: cancellation between M_3 and M_2 contributions if $|M_2|^2 \simeq |M_3|^2$ at M_{SUSY}

$$\Delta_{Min}^{CMSSM} = 60 (500), \quad m_h = 125.6 \pm 3 GeV$$

LHC8 SUSY bounds ✓

DM relic abundance ✓

DM searches ✗

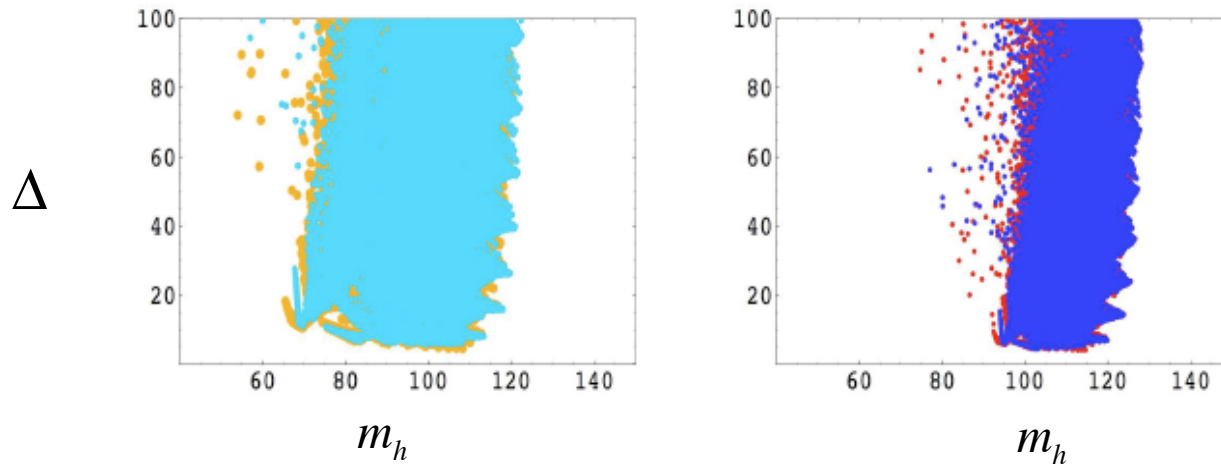
Beyond the *MSSM* -

operator analysis and singlet extensions

Reduced fine tuning : New heavy states - higher dimension operators

$$\delta L = \int d^2\theta \frac{1}{M_*} (\mu_0 + c_0 S) (H_u H_d)^2, \quad S = m_0 \theta\theta \quad \text{Dimension 5}$$

$$\delta V = \zeta_1 (|h_u|^2 + |h_d|^2) h_u h_d + \zeta_2 (h_u h_d)^2; \quad \zeta_1 = \frac{\mu_0}{M_*}, \quad \zeta_2 = \frac{c_0 m_0}{M_*}$$



MSSM

+ dim 5 operators

Cassel, Ghilencea, GGR
 Casas, Espinosa, Hidalgo
 Dine, Seiberg, Thomas
 Batra, Delgado, Tait
 Kaplan,

Even for $M_* = 65 \mu_0$ a significant shift of m_h for constant Δ

...effect mainly comes from ζ_1 term ... origin?

Reduced fine tuning : New heavy states - higher dimension operators

$$\delta L = \int d^2\theta \frac{1}{M_*} (\mu_0 + c_0 S) (H_u H_d)^2, \quad S = m_0 \theta\theta$$

Dimension 5

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Singlet extensions

$$W = W_{\text{Yukawa}} + \lambda S H_u H_d + \frac{\kappa}{3} S^3$$

NMSSM

$$W = W_{\text{Yukawa}} + (\mu + \lambda S) H_u H_d + \frac{\mu S}{2} S^2 + \frac{\kappa}{3} S^3 + \xi S$$

GNMSSM

$$\mu_S \gg m_{3/2} : W_{\text{eff}}^{\text{GNMSSM}} = (H_u H_d)^2 / \mu_S + \mu H_u H_d$$

$$\delta V = \frac{\mu}{\mu_S} (|H_u|^2 + |H_d|^2) H_u H_d \quad \dagger \quad \checkmark$$

$$\mu_S \gg m_{3/2} \quad \dagger$$

$$W_{\text{eff}}^{\text{GNMSSM}} = (H_u H_d)^2 / \mu_S + \mu H_u H_d$$

$$\frac{\mu}{\mu_S} (|H_u|^2 + |H_d|^2) H_u H_d \quad \rightarrow \quad v^2 = -\frac{m^2}{\lambda}$$

Reduced fine tuning : New heavy states - higher dimension operators

$$\delta L = \int d^2\theta \frac{1}{M_*} (\mu_0 + c_0 S) (H_u H_d)^2, \quad S = m_0 \theta \theta \quad \text{Dimension 5}$$

$$\delta V = \zeta_1 (|h_u|^2 + |h_d|^2) h_u h_d + \zeta_2 (h_u h_d)^2; \quad \zeta_1 = \frac{\mu_0}{M_*}, \quad \zeta_2 = \frac{c_0 m_0}{M_*}$$



Singlet extensions

$$W = W_{\text{Yukawa}} + \lambda S H_u H_d + \frac{\kappa}{3} S^3 \quad \text{NMSSM}$$

$$W = W_{\text{Yukawa}} + (\mu + \lambda S) H_u H_d + \frac{\mu S}{2} S^2 + \frac{\kappa}{3} S^3 + \xi S \quad \text{GNMSSM}$$

$$\mu_S \gg m_{3/2} : W_{\text{eff}}^{\text{GNMSSM}} = (H_u H_d)^2 / \mu_s + \mu H_u H_d$$

$$\delta V = \frac{\mu}{\mu_s} (|H_u|^2 + |H_d|^2) H_u H_d \quad \checkmark$$

but are μ, μ_s naturally small?

Discrete R-symmetries

SUSY extensions of the Standard Model

$$\begin{aligned}
 W = & h^E L H_d \bar{E} + h^D Q H_d \bar{D} + h^U Q H_u \bar{U} + \mu H_d H_u \\
 & + \lambda L L \bar{E} + \lambda' L Q \bar{D} + \kappa L H_u + \lambda'' \bar{U} \bar{D} \bar{D} \\
 & + \frac{1}{M} (Q Q Q L + Q Q Q H_d + Q \bar{U} \bar{E} H_d + \dots (\cancel{\mathcal{L}}))
 \end{aligned}$$

R-parity:

Z_2

$H_u, H_d +1$

$L, \bar{E}, Q, \bar{D}, \bar{U}, \theta -1$

SUSY states odd

Weinberg, Sakai

SUSY extensions of the Standard Model

$$\begin{aligned}
 W = & h^E LH_d \bar{E} + h^D QH_d \bar{D} + h^U QH_u \bar{U} + \mu H_d H_u \\
 & + \lambda LLE + \lambda' LQ\bar{D} + \kappa LH_u + \lambda'' \bar{U}\bar{D}\bar{D} \\
 & + \frac{1}{M} (QQQL + QQQH_d + Q\bar{U}\bar{E}H_d + \dots(\cancel{L}))
 \end{aligned}$$

R-parity: Z_2

SUSY states odd

Weinberg, Sakai

Baryon "parity": Z_3

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q & 1 \\
 \bar{D}, H_u & \alpha \\
 L, \bar{E}, \bar{U}, H_d & \alpha^2
 \end{aligned}$$

LSP unstable

Discrete gauge symmetry
-anomaly free

Ibanez, GGR

SUSY extensions of the Standard Model

$$\begin{aligned}
 W = & h^E LH_d \bar{E} + h^D QH_d \bar{D} + h^U QH_u \bar{U} + \mu H_d H_u \\
 & + \lambda LL\bar{E} + \lambda' LQ\bar{D} + \kappa LH_u + \lambda'' \bar{U}\bar{D}\bar{D} \\
 & + \frac{1}{M} (QQQL + QQQH_d + Q\bar{U}\bar{E}H_d + \dots(\cancel{L}))
 \end{aligned}$$

R-parity: Z_2

SUSY states odd

Baryon "parity": Z_3

LSP unstable

Proton hexality: $Z_6 = Z_2^R \times Z_3^B$

LSP stable

$$\frac{1}{M} LLH_u H_u$$

Dreiner, Luhn, Thormeier

SUSY extensions of the Standard Model

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 \end{aligned}$$

μ term,
GUTs?

R-parity: Z_2

SUSY states odd

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Dreiner, Luhn, Thormeier

SUSY extensions of the Standard Model

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 \end{aligned}$$

R-parity: Z_2

SUSY states odd

Baryon "parity": Z_3

LSP unstable

Proton hexality:

$$Z_6 = Z_2^R \times Z_3^B$$

LSP stable

Z_N^R R-symmetry

$$N=4,6,8,12,24$$

LSP stable

$$\frac{1}{M} LLH_u H_u$$

A unique solution : Z_4^R discrete **R** symmetry

MSSM spectrum

No perturbative μ term

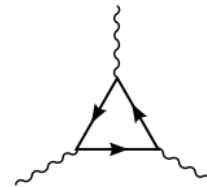
Commutates with $SO(10)$

Anomaly cancellation

N	q_{10}	$q_{\bar{5}}$	q_{H_u}	q_{H_d}	q_N
4	1	1	0	0	2

Green Schwarz term

$$A_{G-G-Z_N} = \rho \pmod{\eta}$$



$$A_{SU(3)-SU(3)-Z_N} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_i [3 \cdot q_{10_i} + q_{\bar{5}_i} - 4R] + 3R$$

$$A_{SU(2)-SU(2)-Z_N} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_i [3 \cdot q_{10_i} + q_{\bar{5}_i} - 4R] + 2R + \frac{1}{2} (q_H + q_{\bar{H}} - 2R)$$

$$A_{U(1)_Y-U(1)_Y-Z_N^R} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{g=1}^3 (3q_{10}^g + q_{\bar{5}}^g) + \frac{3}{5} \left[\frac{1}{2} (q_{H_u} + q_{H_d}) - 11 \right] \quad (R=1)$$

$$\Rightarrow N = 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 24$$

A unique solution : Z_4^R discrete **R** symmetry

MSSM spectrum

No perturbative μ term

Commutates with $SO(10)$

Anomaly cancellation

N	q_{10}	$q_{\bar{5}}$	q_{H_u}	q_{H_d}	q_N
4	1	1	0	0	2

D=5 operators

up and down Yukawas allowed

$$3q_{10} + q_{\bar{5}} + q_{H_u} + q_{H_d} = 4 \pmod{N} \Rightarrow 3q_{10} + q_{\bar{5}} = 0 \pmod{N} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{M} \cancel{QQQL} \quad \frac{1}{M} LLH_u H_u$$

Weinberg operator

SUSY breaking

$\langle W \rangle, \langle \lambda \lambda \rangle$ R=2 non=perturbative breaking

Domain walls safe

Tadpole safe

$$M_{\text{higgs}} \approx M_{\text{SUSY}}$$

$$\mu, \mathcal{B}, \mathcal{L}$$

$$Z_{4R} \rightarrow Z_2^R \quad R\text{-parity}$$

$$\mu \sim m_{3/2}, \quad O\left(\frac{m_{3/2}}{M^2} QQQL\right)$$

The GNMSSM (and Dirac NMSSM)

The GNMSSM (and Dirac NMSSM)

R-symmetry ensures Singlet extensions natural

GNMSSM

NMSSM spectrum
 No perturbative μ term
 Commutes with $SO(10)$
 Anomaly cancellation

N	q_{10}	$q_{\bar{5}}$	q_{H_u}	q_{H_d}	q_S
4	1	1	0	0	2
8	1	5	0	4	6

R-symmetry ensures singlets light

D=5 operators

up and down Yukawas allowed

$$3q_{10} + q_{\bar{5}} + q_{H_u} + q_{H_d} = 4 \pmod{N} \Rightarrow 3q_{10} + q_{\bar{5}} = 0 \pmod{N} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{M} \cancel{QQQL} \quad \frac{1}{M} LLH_u H_u$$

Weinberg operator

SUSY breaking

$\langle W \rangle, \langle \lambda \lambda \rangle$ R=2 non-perturbative breaking

Domain walls and tadpoles safe Abel

$$Z_{4,8}^R \rightarrow Z_2^R \quad R\text{-parity}$$

$$\mu \sim m_{3/2}, \quad O\left(\frac{m_{3/2}}{M^2} QQQL\right)$$

$$W = W_{MSSM} + \lambda S H_u H_d + \kappa S^3 + \Delta W$$

$$\Delta W_{Z_4^R} \sim m_{3/2} H_u H_d + m_{3/2}^2 S + m_{3/2} S^2$$

$$\Delta W_{Z_8^R} \sim m_{3/2}^2 S$$

← μ term and mass term

Dirac NMSSM

$$W_{DiracNMSSM} \supset QuH_u, QdH_d, leH_d, NH_uH_d, m_{3/2}N\bar{N}, lv_RH_u$$

(reduces F-term decoupling without FT increase)

Lu, Murayama, Ruderman, Tobioka

Discrete R-symmetry e.g.

	Q	u	d	l	e	H_d	H_u	N	\bar{N}	X	ν_R
Z_8^R	1	1	5	5	1	4	0	6	2	0	5
Z_5	0	-1	0	-3	3	0	1	-1	1	1	2

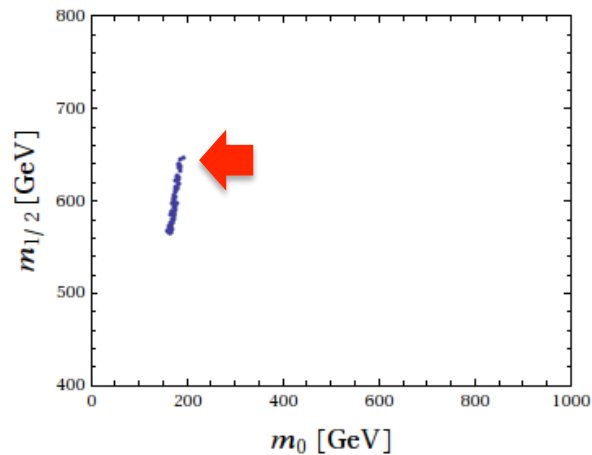
(Neutrino masses of correct magnitude)

Chen, Ratz, GGR, Takhistov

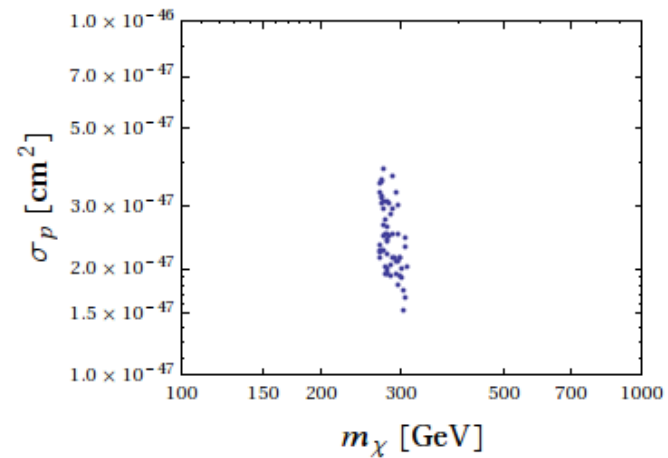
Fine tuning in the CGNMSSM ($\lambda \leq 0.7^\dagger$)

$$\Delta_{Min} = 60 (500), \quad m_h = 125.6 \pm 3 \text{ GeV}$$

LHC8 SUSY bounds ✗
DM relic abundance ✓
DM searches ✓



Stau co-annihilation



DM searches insensitive

Fine tuning in the \odot GNMSSM $(\lambda \leq 0.7^\dagger)$

Non-universal gaugino masses

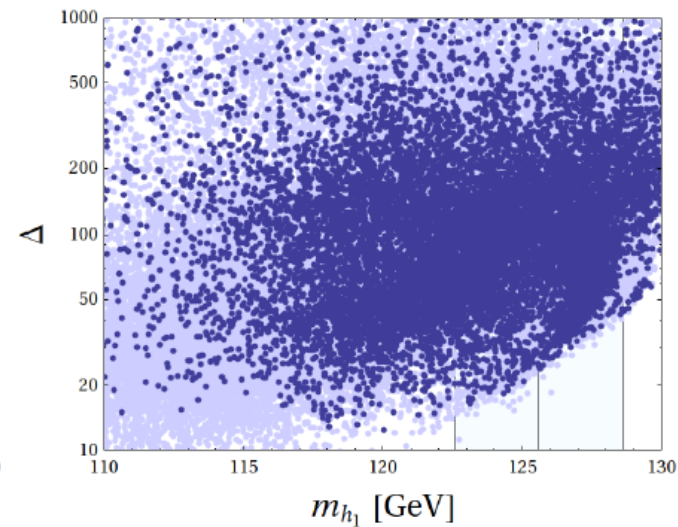
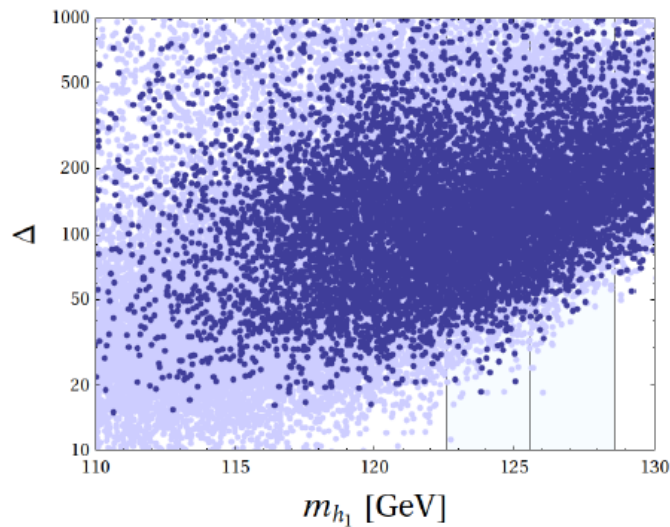
$$\Delta_{Min} = 20, \quad m_h = 125.6 \pm 3 \text{ GeV}$$

LHC8 SUSY bounds ✓

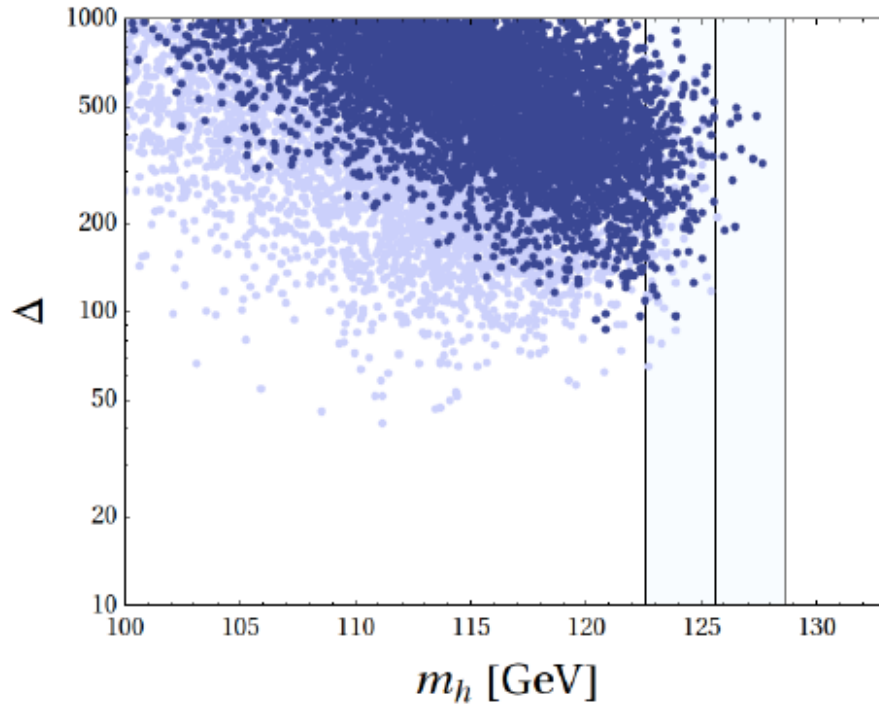
DM relic abundance ✓

DM searches ✓

Δ

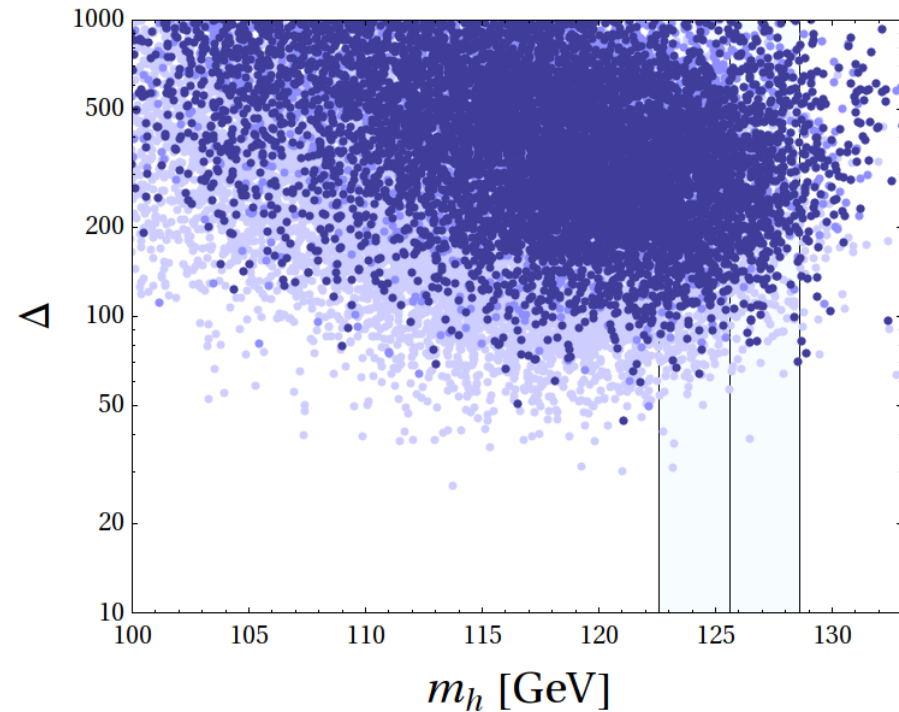


Fine tuning in the DiracNMSSM



CDiracNMSSM

$$\Delta \geq 80$$



©DiracNMSSM

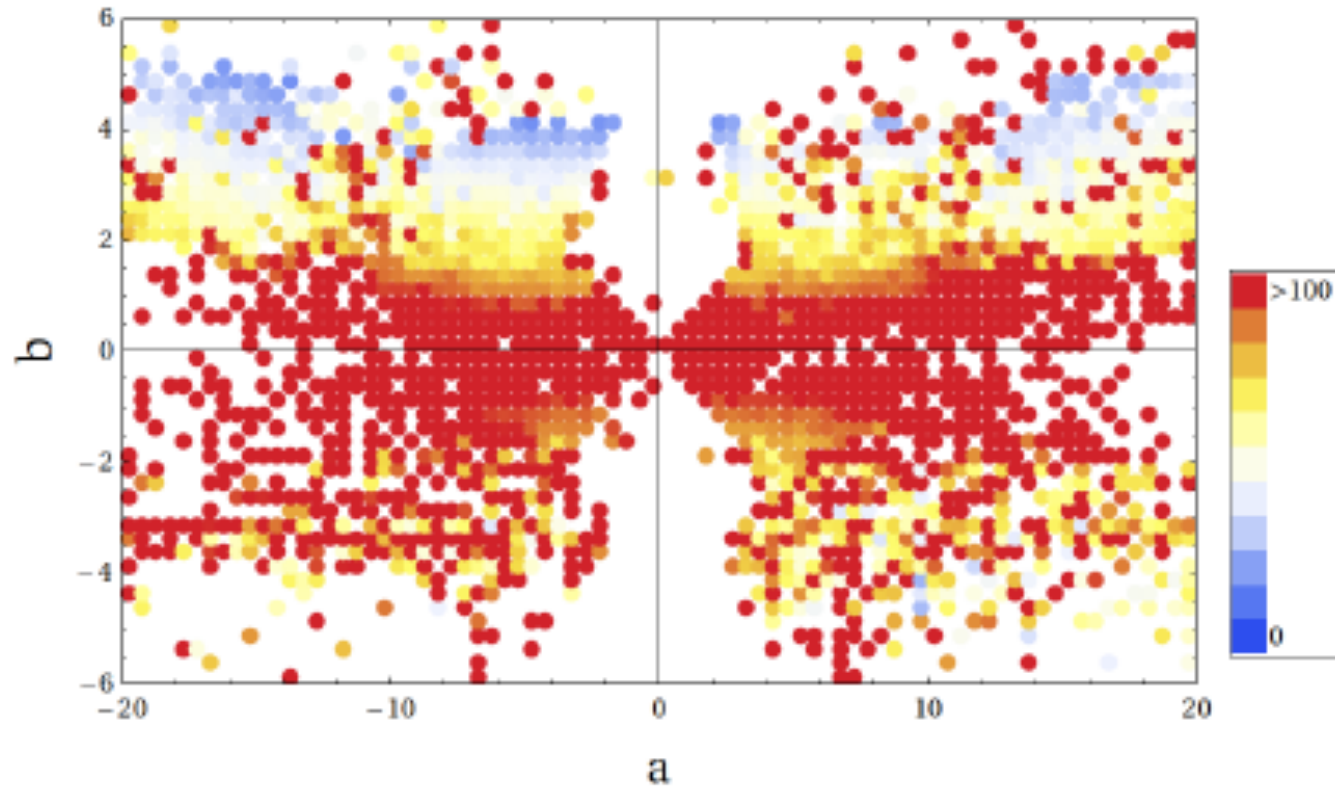
$$\Delta \geq 70$$

(1+leading 2-loop Higgs mass determination and full 2-loop RGE)

$$m_0, m_{1/2}, A_0, \tan \beta, \mu, b\mu, \lambda, A_\lambda, v_s, v_{\bar{s}}, M, b_s, m_{h_u}^2, m_{h_d}^2, m_s^2, m_{\bar{s}}^2, \xi_S, \xi_{\bar{S}}$$

Back to the ©GNMSSM

...fine tuning v/s gaugino mass ratios



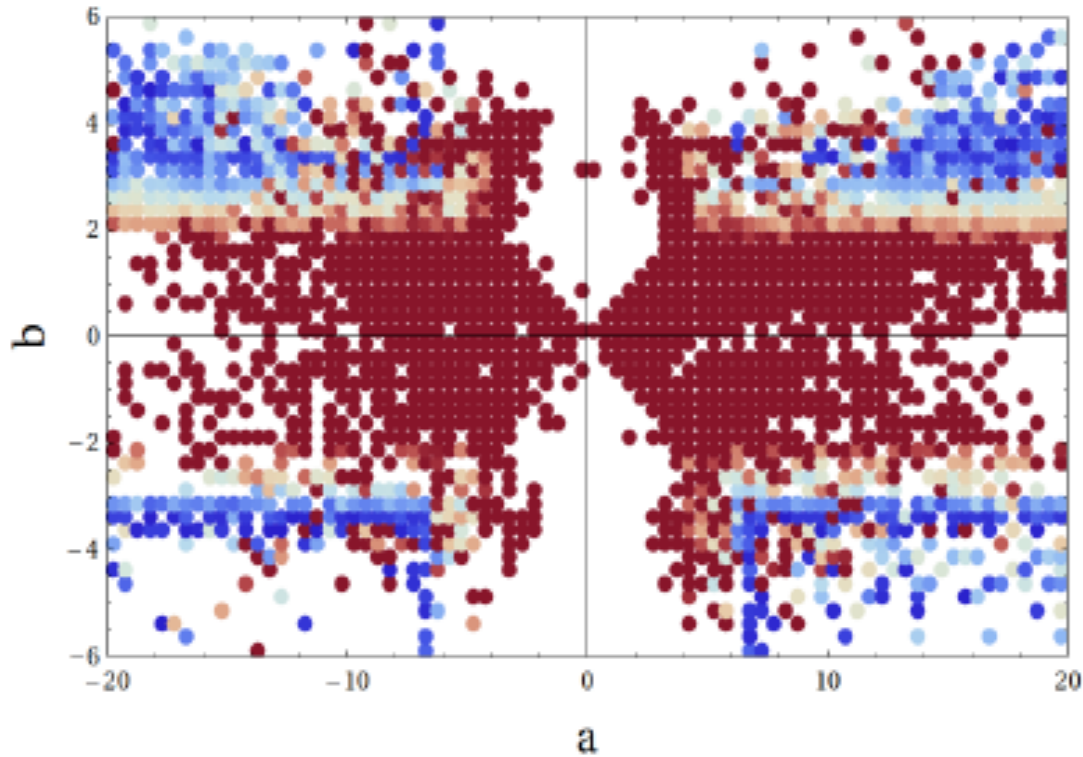
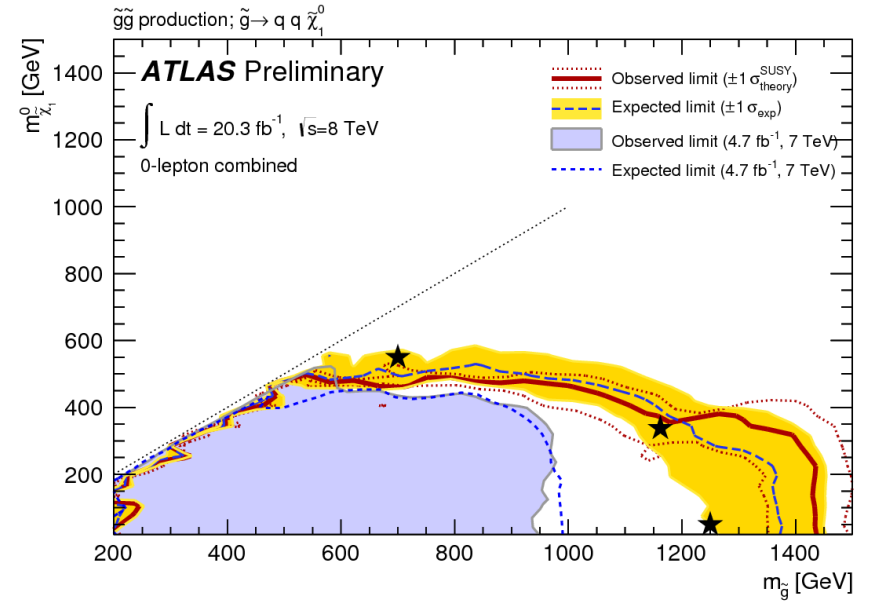
F.T.

> 100

0

$$M_3 = m_{1/2}, M_2 = b.m_{1/2}, M_1 = a.m_{1/2}$$

Compressed spectrum

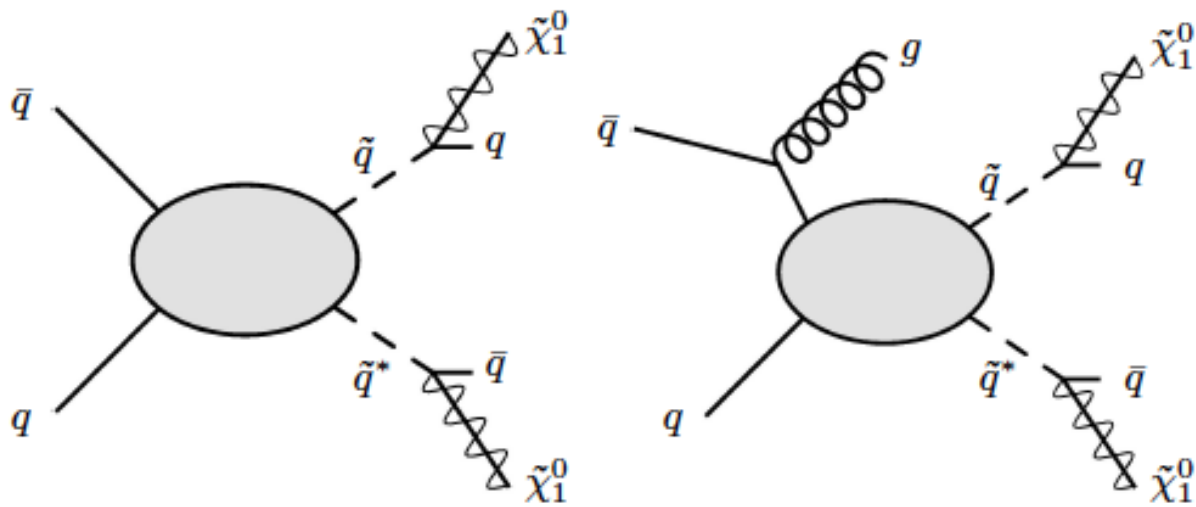
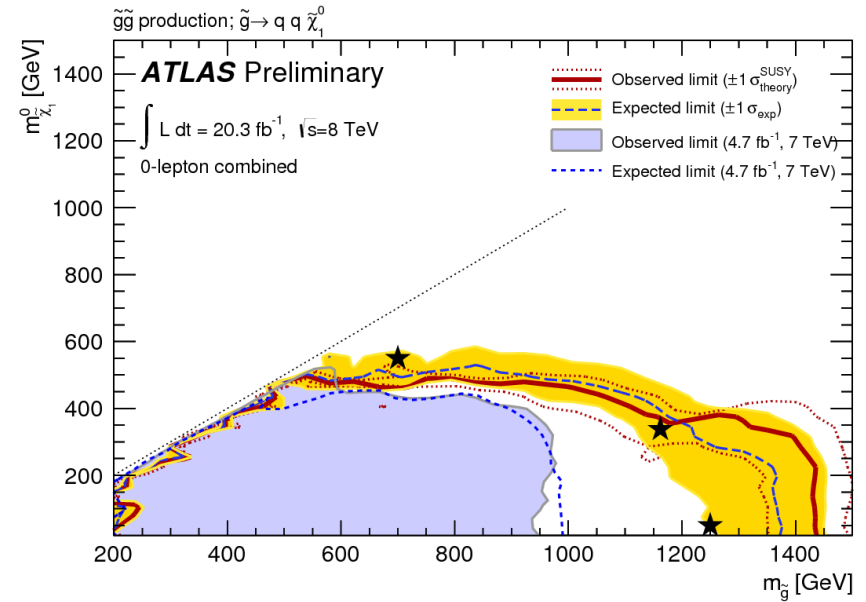


$$\frac{(M_{\tilde{g}} - M_{LSP}^{\text{neutralino}})}{\text{GeV}}$$

> 500

0

Compressed spectrum



$$m_{\tilde{q}} > 370 \text{ GeV}$$

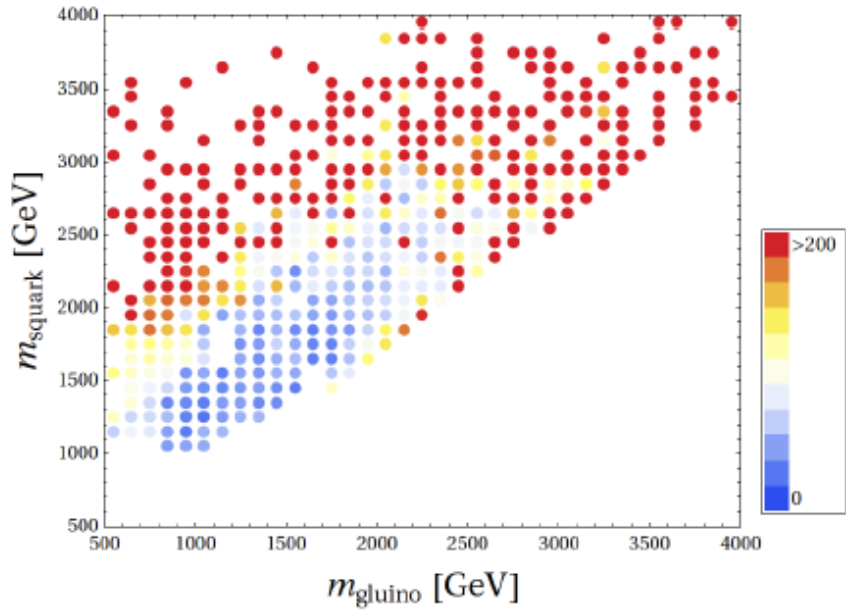
$$m_{\tilde{g}} > 530 \text{ GeV}$$

$$m_{\tilde{q}} \sim m_{\tilde{g}} > 680 \text{ GeV}$$

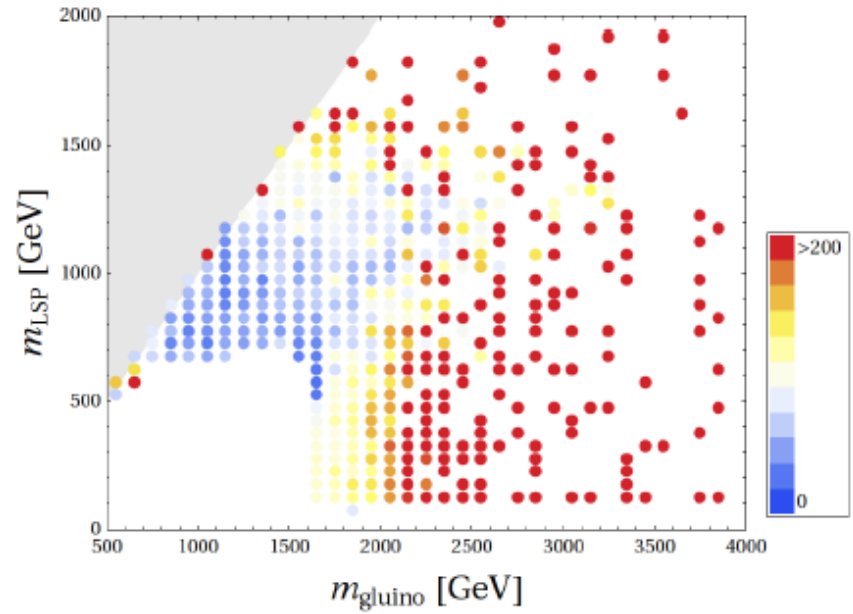
Tag with hard initial QCD radiation

Masses v/s fine tuning

m_{squark}



m_{LSP}

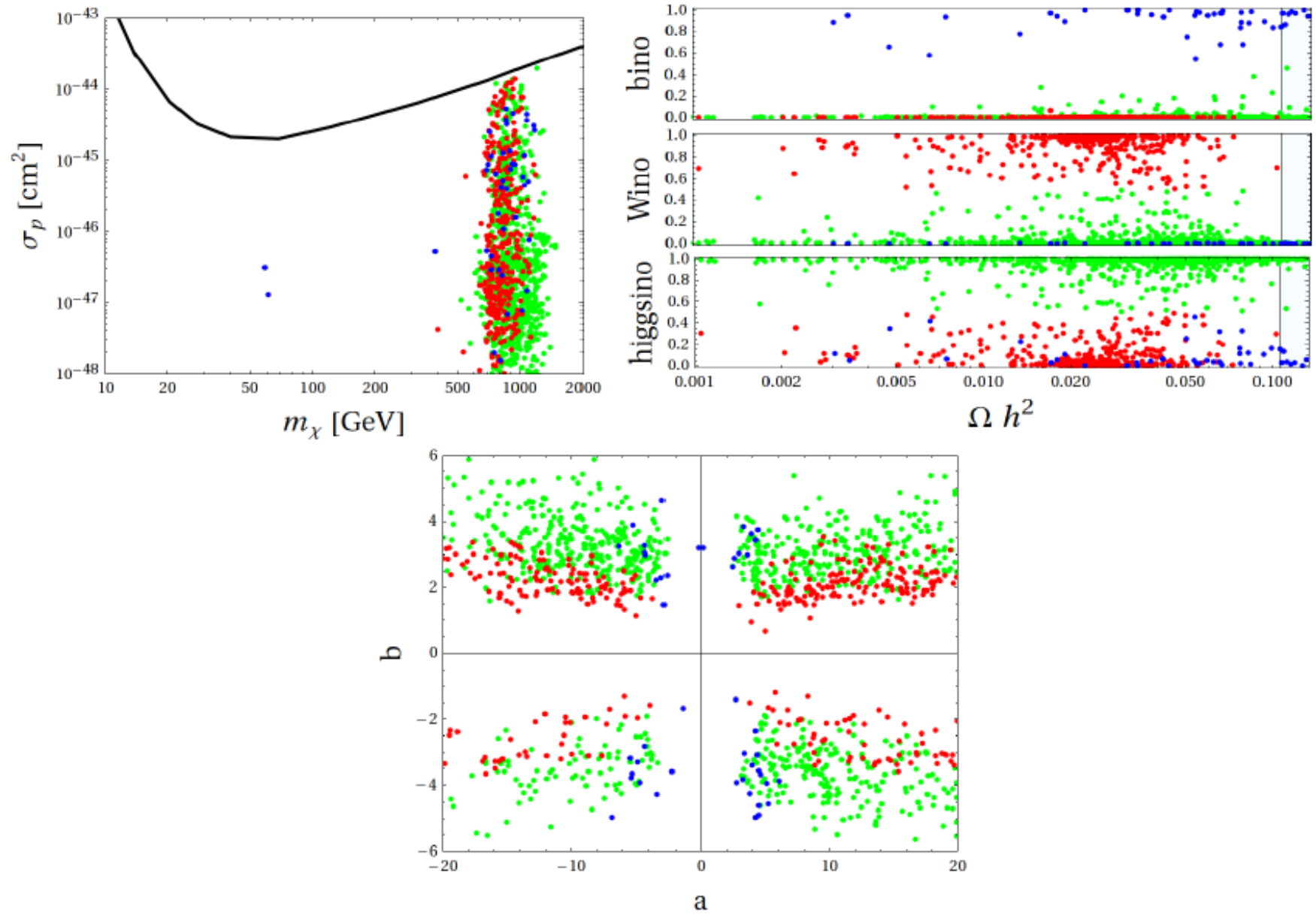


> 500

0

M_{gluino}

Dark matter



Summary

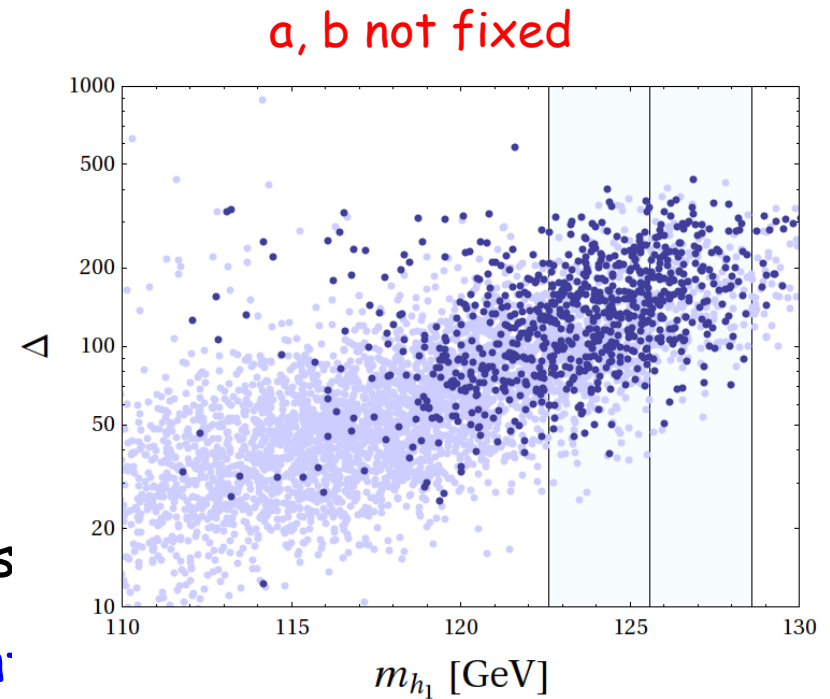
- GUTs \Rightarrow SUSY-GUTS (hierarchy problem)
- Low fine tuning not optional
- Fine tuning sensitive to SUSY spectrum
...scalar and gaugino focus points

- $\Delta^{CMSSM} > 350$ ^x $\Delta^{(C)MSSM} > 60$ ^x
 $\Delta^{CGMSSM} > 60$ ^x $\Delta^{(C)GNMMS} > 20$ [✓]

c.f. $\Delta_{Low\ scale}^{CMSSM} = (10 - 30), \quad m_{\tilde{t}} = (1 - 5)TeV$

Summary

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Summary

- GUTs \Rightarrow SUSY-GUTS (hierarchy problem)
- Low fine tuning not optional
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...scalar and gaugino focus points
- $\Delta^{CMSSM} > 350$ $\Delta^{(C)MSSM} > 60$
 $\Delta^{CGMSSM} > 60$ $\Delta^{(C)GNMMS} > 20$
- Well motivated SUSY models remain to be tested
LHC14?
Compressed spectra, TeV squarks and gluinos

