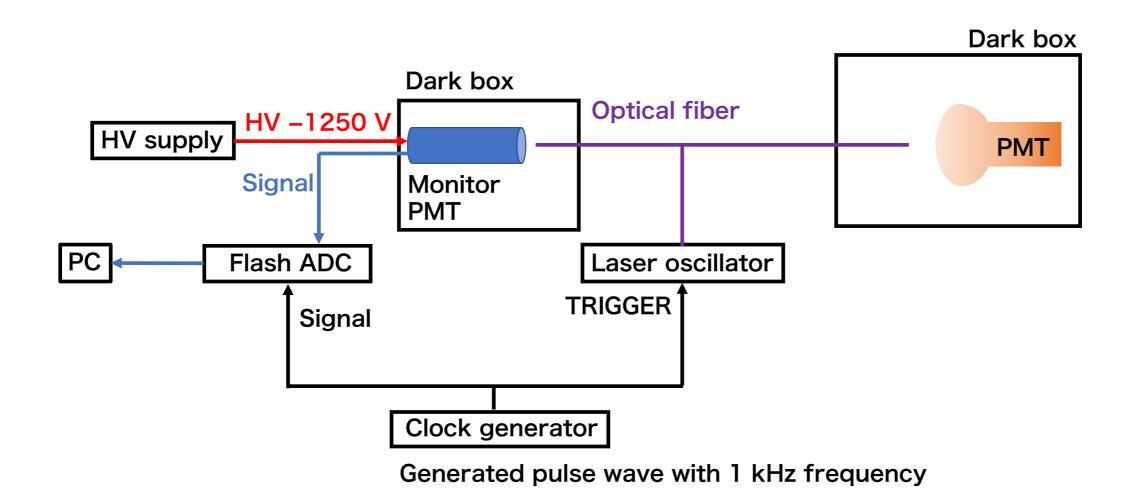
Status report

12/20/2019

Michitaka Inomoto

Monitor PMT

- I checked the stability of the light intensity from the mean of Poisson distribution.
- The mean of Poisson distribution was calculated from the integrated charge of the monitor PMT signals.



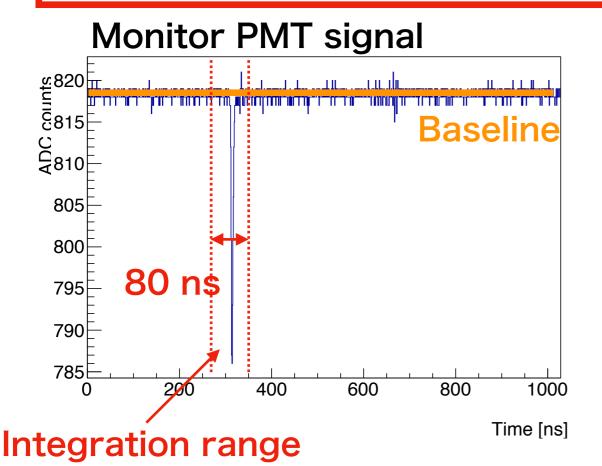
Monitor PMT

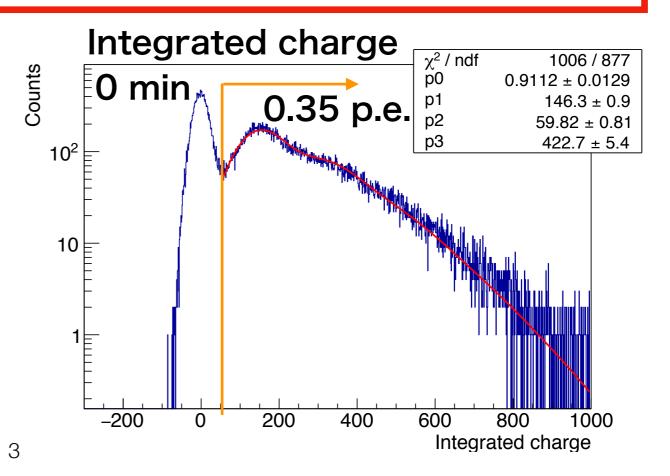
- I checked the integrated charge distribution of monitor PMT signals.
- I checked the time dependence of mean of Poisson distribution.
- I checked whether the result was consistent with relative efficiency.

Relative efficiency is defined as follows:

Relative efficiency = $\frac{\text{the number of PMT's signals}}{\text{the number of signals from clock generator}}$

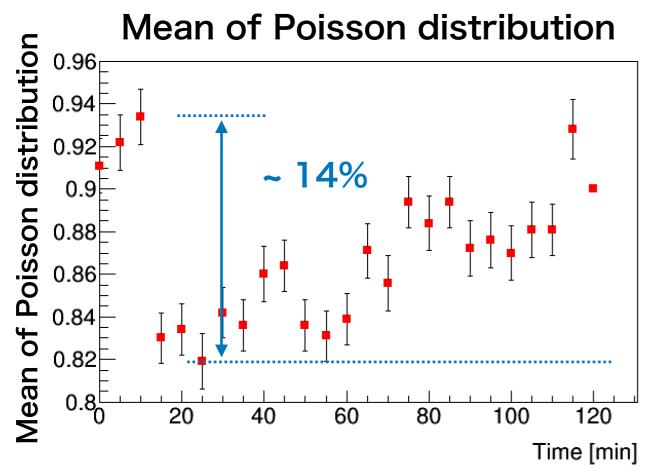
"the number of PMT's signals" is the counts above the threshold.



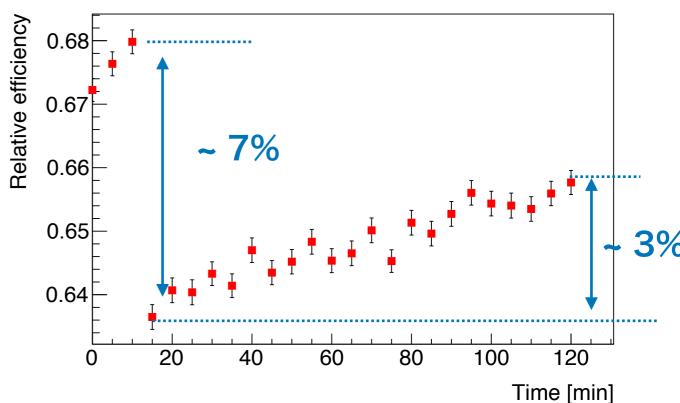


Monitor PMT

- The variation the mean of Poisson distribution was about 14 %.
- This result was consistent with the result of the relative efficiency.



Relative efficiency



$$P(x, \text{ mean})$$

$$P(0, 0.82) \simeq 0.44$$

$$P(0, 0.935) \simeq 0.39$$

To do

- I measured the relative efficiency of 3inch PMT.
- The result was the behavior not expected.
- I am checking the causes.