

Status report

Tokyo University of Science

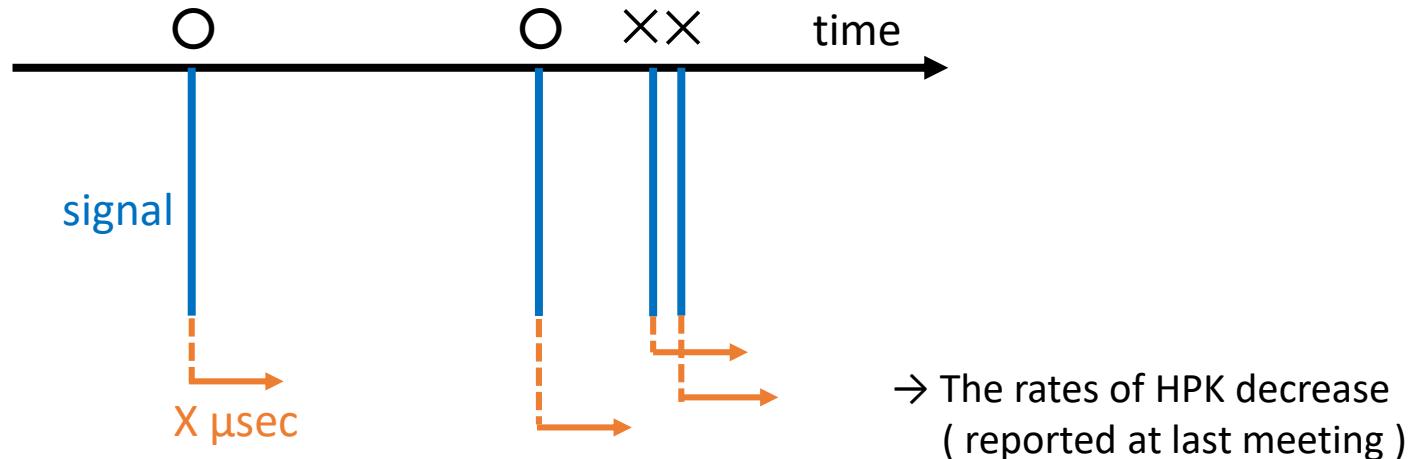
Tatsushi Kinoshita

31th January, 2020

mPMT meeting

< Dark rate time structure >

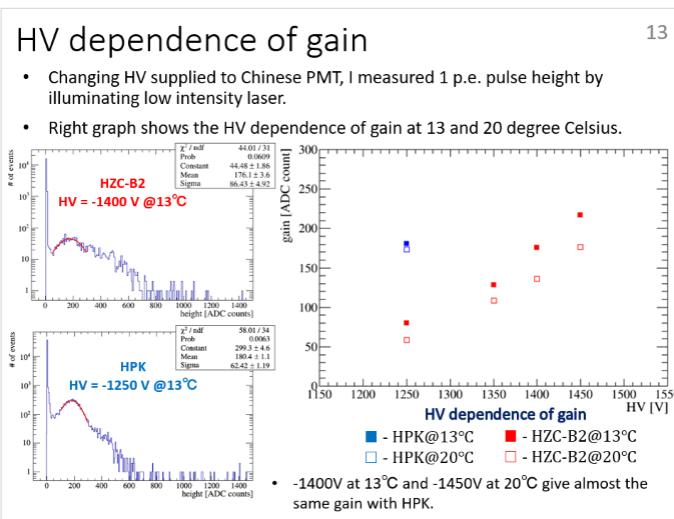
- Changing the value of time frame, I reduced the signal count within that frame and check the dark rate.



Until this week...

- I applied same way to HZC new PMT.

(slide reported at 20th December)



- I found that -1400V at 13°C for HZC-B2 gives almost same gain with HPK-1.

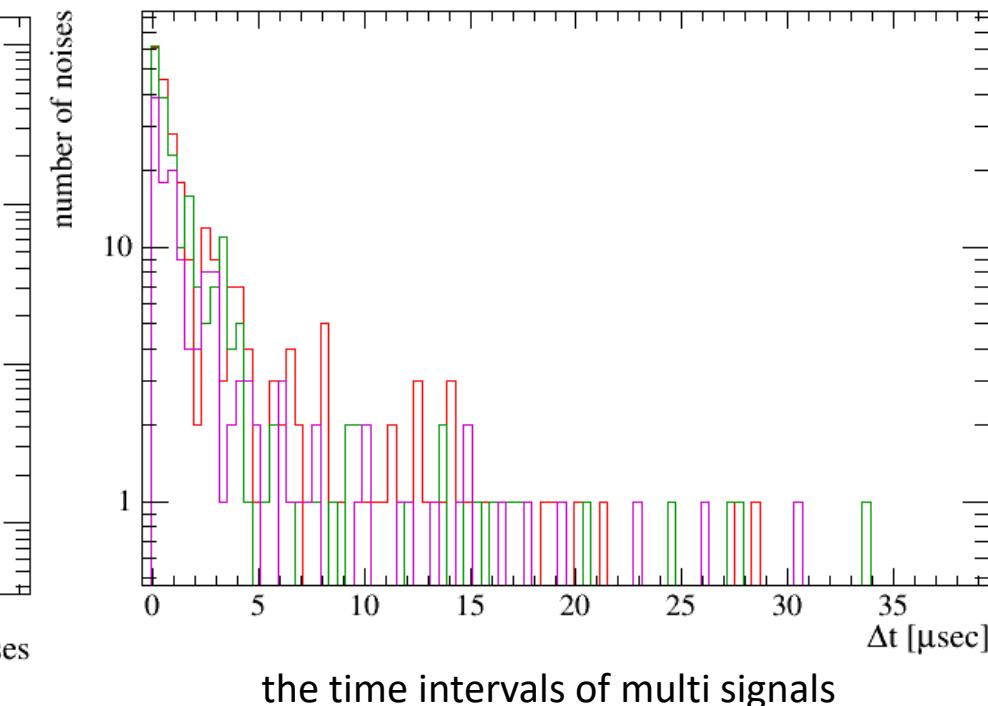
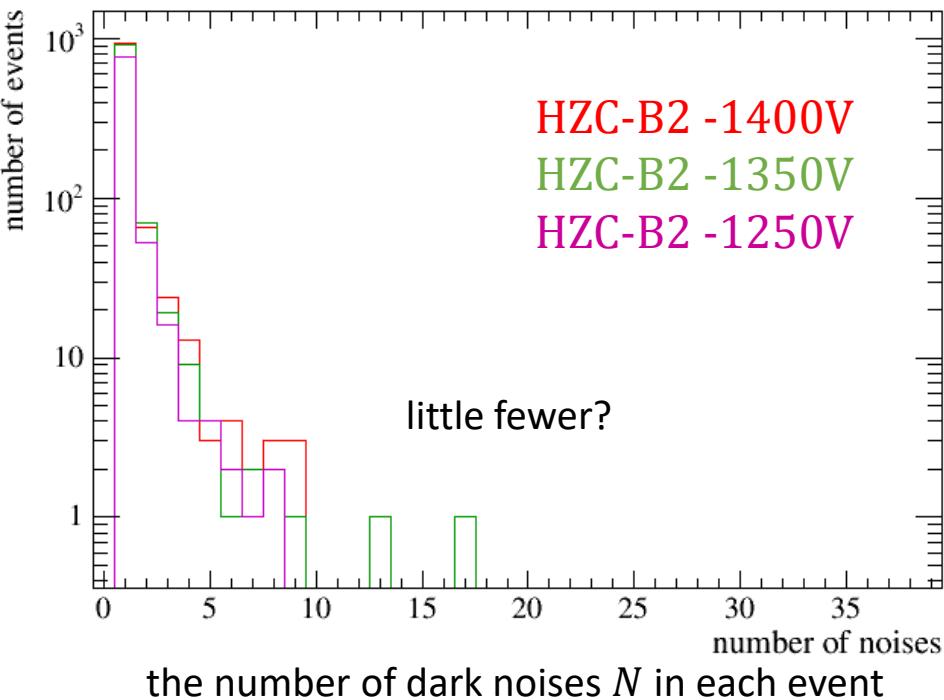
The list of PMTs

	ID	Type	HV
Hamamatsu	HPK-1	H14374	-1250V
	HPK-2	H14374	-1400V(gain tuned)
			-1350V
			-1250V
New HZC type	HZC-B2	XP72B2F	-1400V(gain tuned)
			-1350V
			-1250V

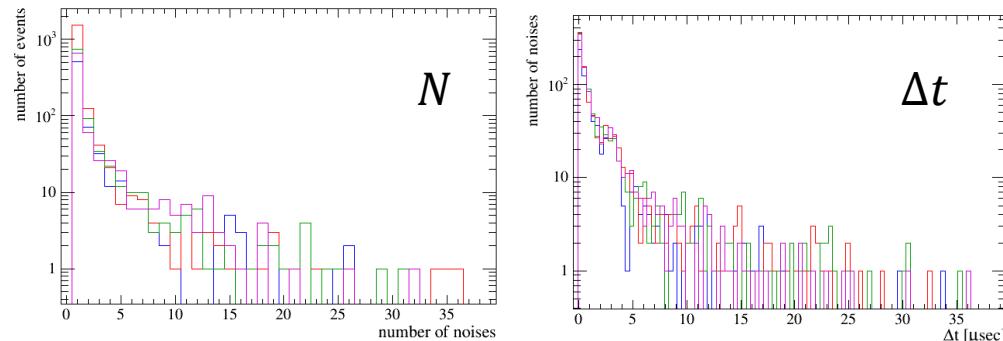
Previous measurement

- 13°C
- Threshold = 0.4 p.e.

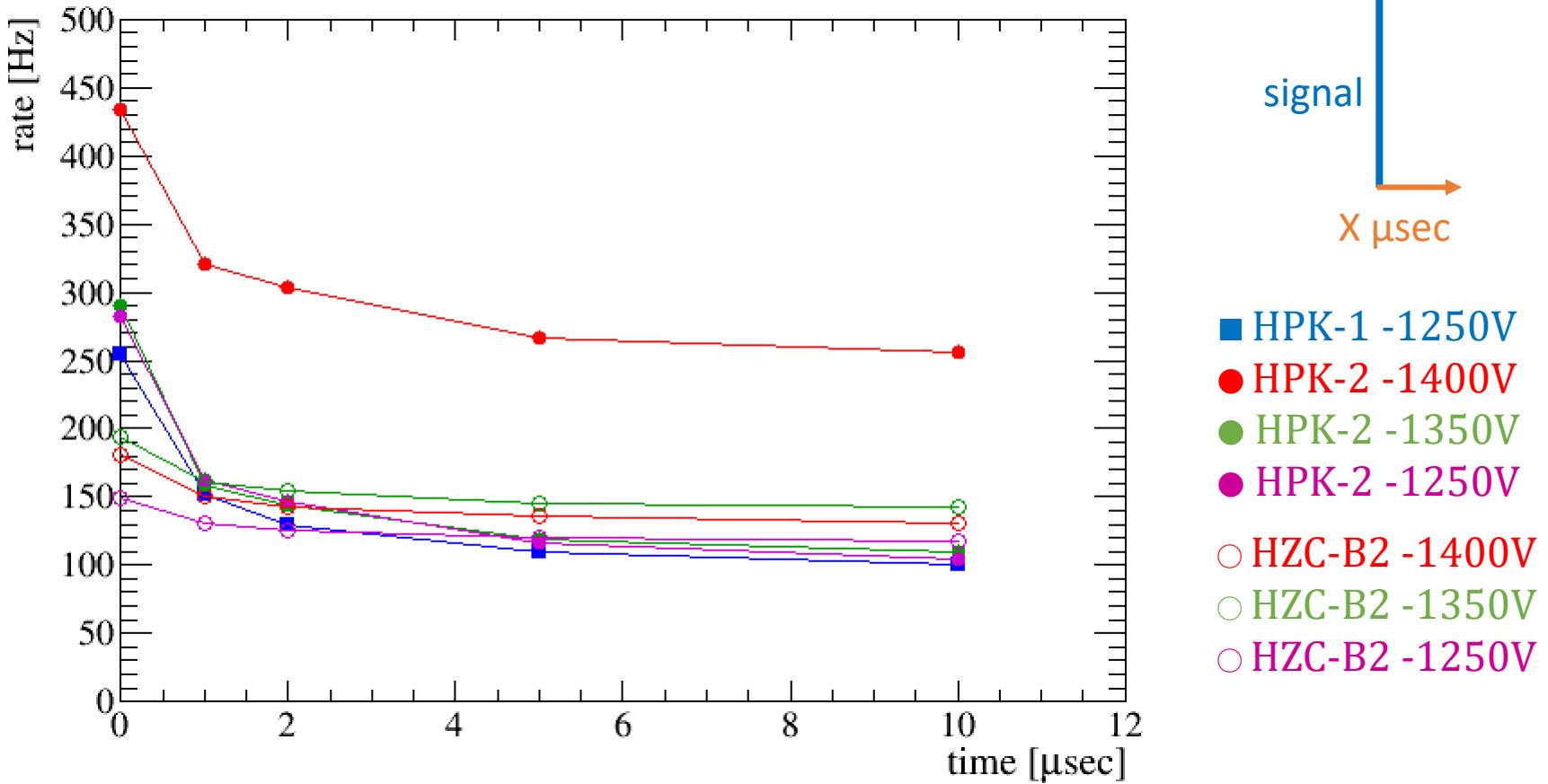
Dark rate time structure of HZC PMT



- The distribution similar to HPK was seen.
→ set the cutting time frame for 1, 2, 5 and 10 μ sec.



Cutting time frame dependence



- The graph shows the dark rates at each value of cutting time frame. The plot at X=0 corresponds to no cutting.
 - The rate reduction of HZC was not so much than that of HPK.

Ratio of rate reduction

	HPK-1 -1250V	HPK-2 -1400V	-1350V	-1250V	HZC-B2 -1400V	-1350V	-1250V
X=0 μ sec	0% (254.4Hz)	0% (433.9Hz)	0% (289.7Hz)	0% (281.8Hz)	0% (180.1Hz)	0% (194.0Hz)	0% (149.2Hz)
X=1 μ sec	40.5% (151.3Hz)	26.2% (320.2Hz)	45.1% (159.0Hz)	42.3% (162.7Hz)	16.4% (150.5Hz)	17.0% (161.1Hz)	12.5% (130.6Hz)
X=2 μ sec	49.3% (129.0Hz)	30.2% (302.9Hz)	50.2% (144.2Hz)	48.1% (146.3Hz)	20.7% (142.8Hz)	20.1% (155.0Hz)	15.5% (126.0Hz)
X=5 μ sec	57.0% (109.3Hz)	38.4% (267.0Hz)	58.8% (119.3Hz)	58.3% (116.0Hz)	24.7% (135.6Hz)	24.9% (145.7Hz)	19.6% (120.0Hz)
X=10 μ sec	60.3% (101.0Hz)	41.0% (256.3Hz)	62.0% (110.0Hz)	62.8% (104.9Hz)	27.7% (130.2Hz)	26.5% (142.6Hz)	20.8% (118.1Hz)

- The rates at 5 μ sec were cut down for almost 40-60% for HPK, while less than 30% for HZC.

Future plan

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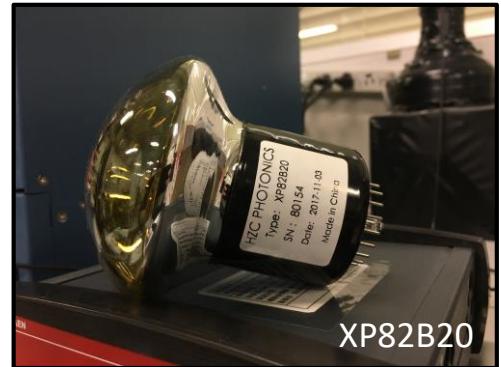
List of the PMTs



H14374



XP72B2F

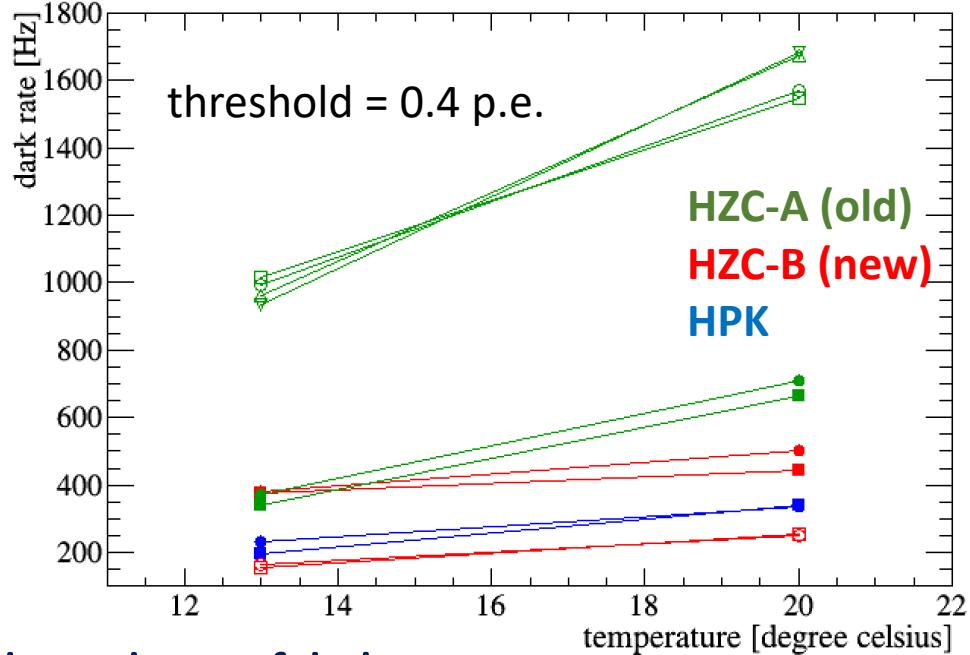
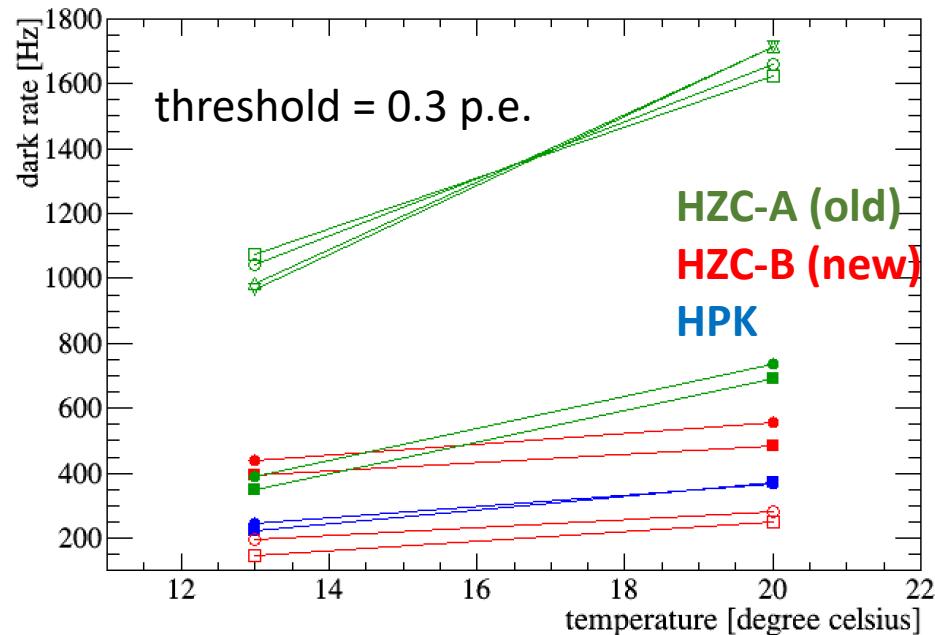


XP82B20

	ID	type	HV	Negative	positive
Hamamatsu	HPK	H14374	1250	✓	-
HJC new PMT	HZC-B1	XP72B2F	1100	-	✓
	HZC-B2	XP72B2F	1160	✓	-
HJC old PMT	HZC-A1	XP82B20	1050	✓	-
	HZC-A2	XP82B20	1160	✓	✓

HV values are not tuned to give the same gain
(gain: Hamamatsu > HJC old > HJC new)

Dark rate measurement

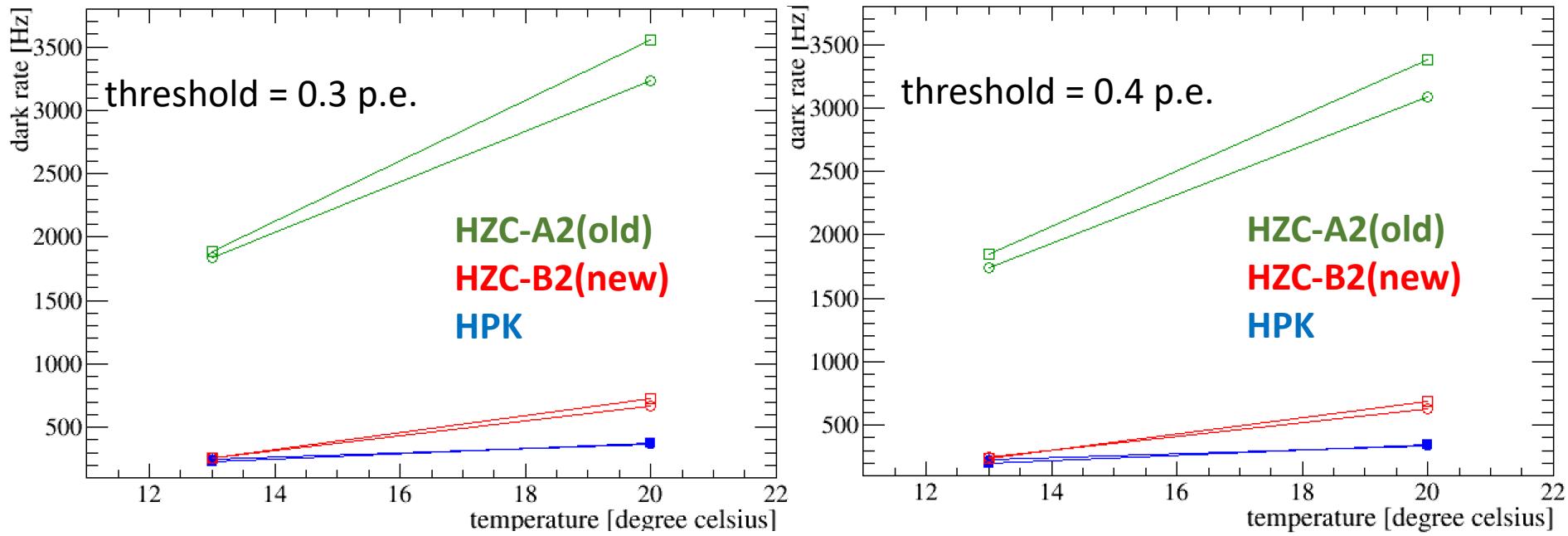


The temperature dependence of dark rate

■ - HZC-A1 1 st time (negative) ● 2 nd time	□ - HZC-A2 1 st time (negative) ○ 2 nd time
■ - HZC-B1 1 st time (positive) ● 2 nd time	△ - HZC-A2 1 st time (positive) ▽ 2 nd time
■ - HPK 1 st time (negative) ● 2 nd time	□ - HZC-B2 1 st time (negative) ○ 2 nd time

- The dark rates are around 200 to 1000 Hz at 13 °C
- No clear difference between positive and negative HV (HZC-A2) but, rates tends to be higher than those of HZC-B and HPK.

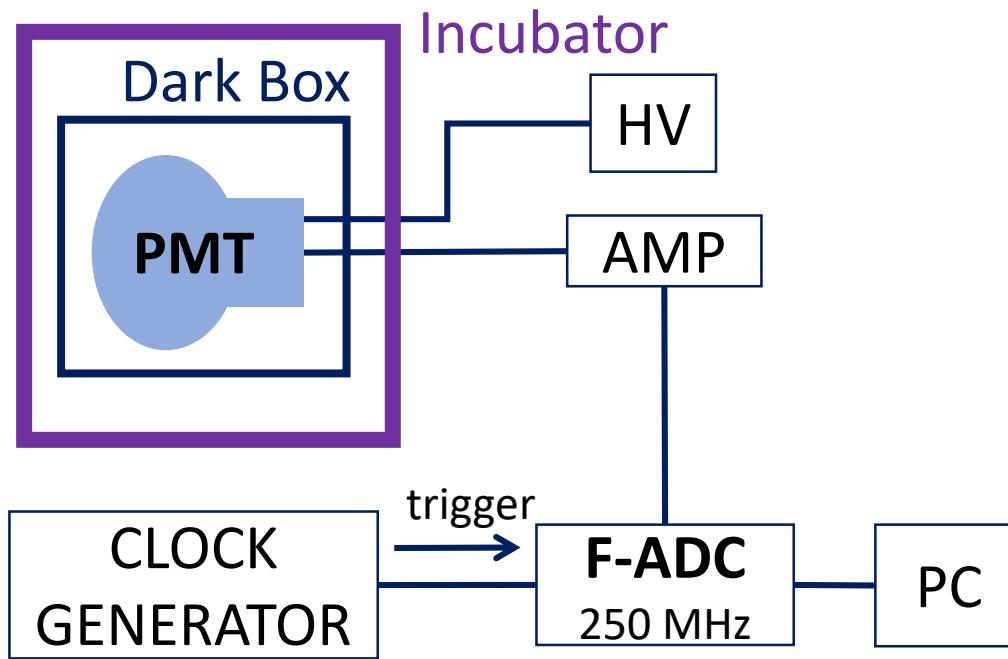
Dark rate measurement (gain tuned)



■ - HPK 1 st time	□ - HZC-B2 1 st time	□ - HZC-A2 1 st time
● 2 nd time	○ 2 nd time	○ 2 nd time

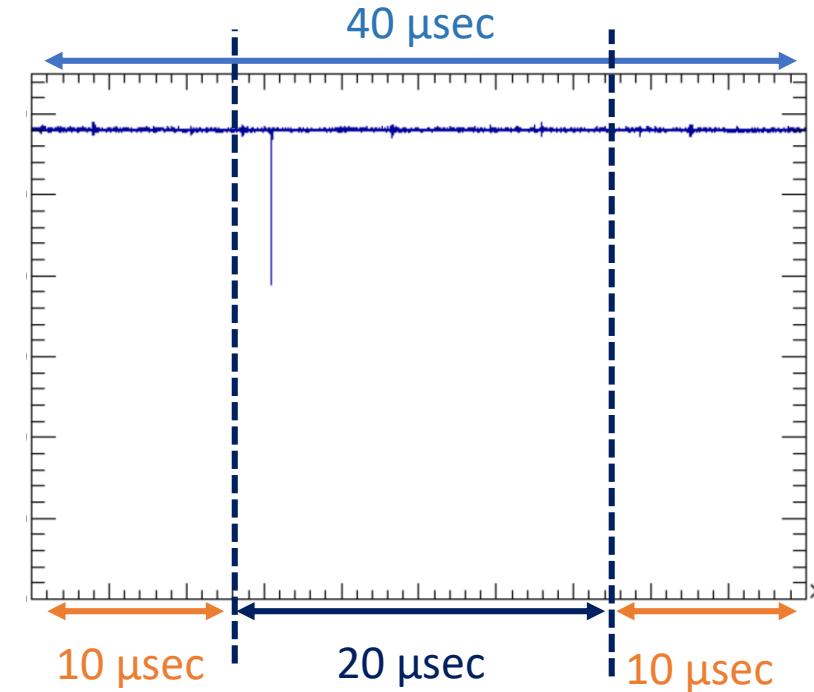
- In my measurement, the order of rate were $\text{HPK} \leq \text{HZC-B2} \ll \text{HZC-A2}$, but still more than 200 Hz at 13°C.

< setup >



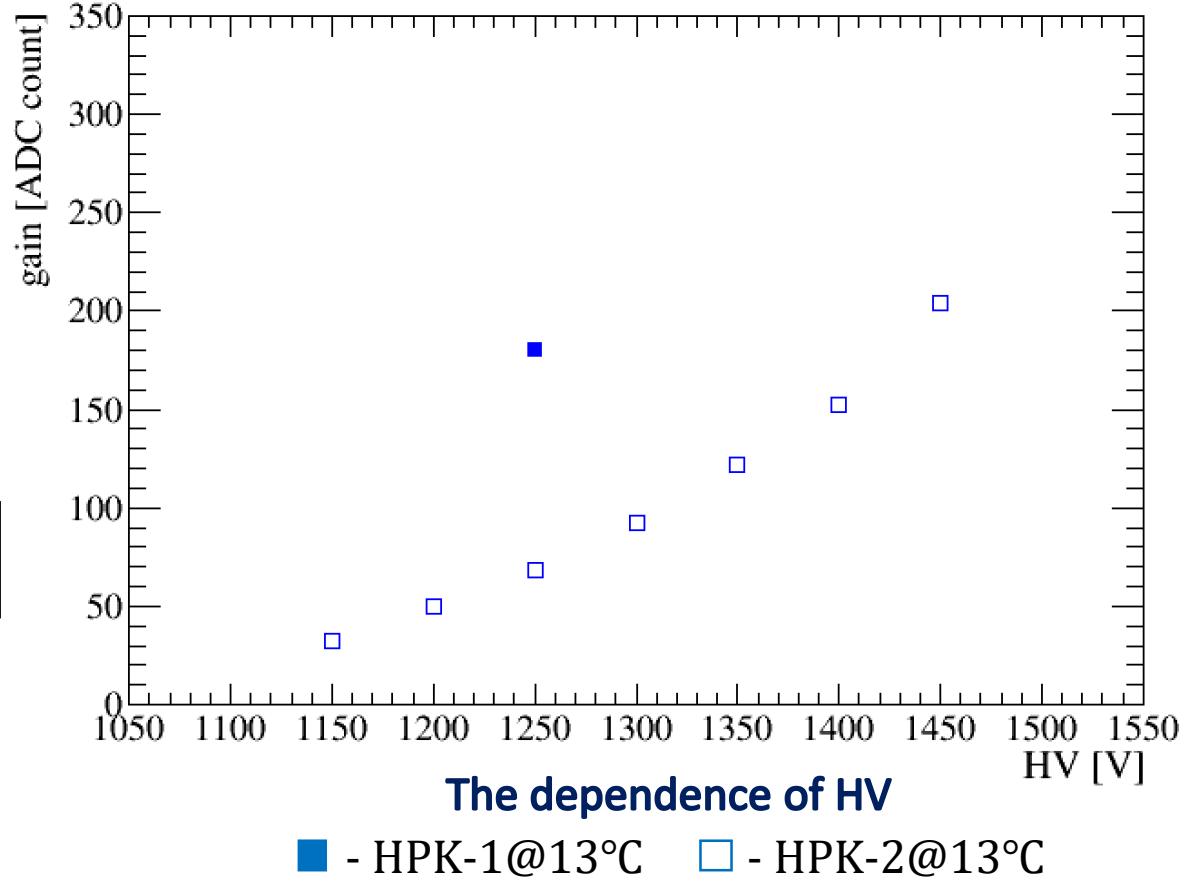
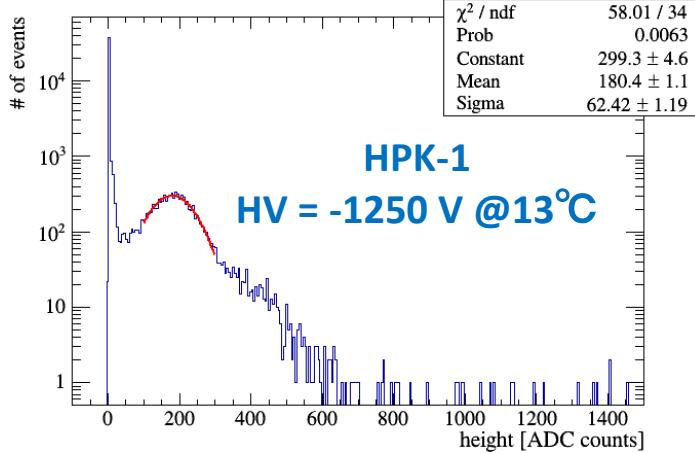
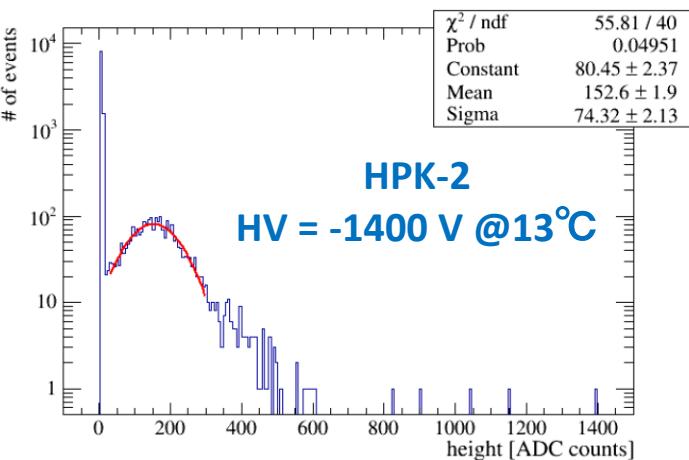
- 13°C
- Threshold = 0.4 p.e.
- I measured each event for 40 μ sec, but calculated the rate in 20 μ sec to check if there is signal at just before or after the both end of time window.

< event example >



HV dependence of gain

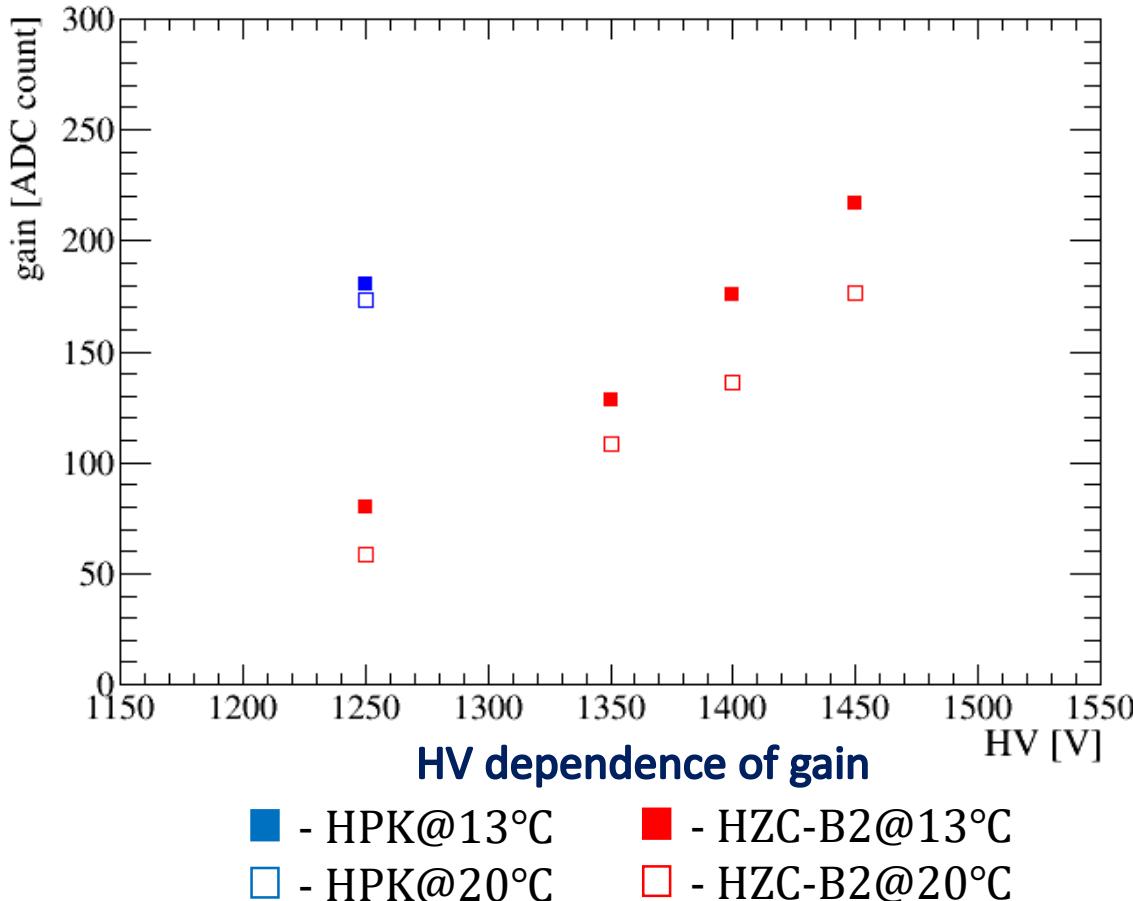
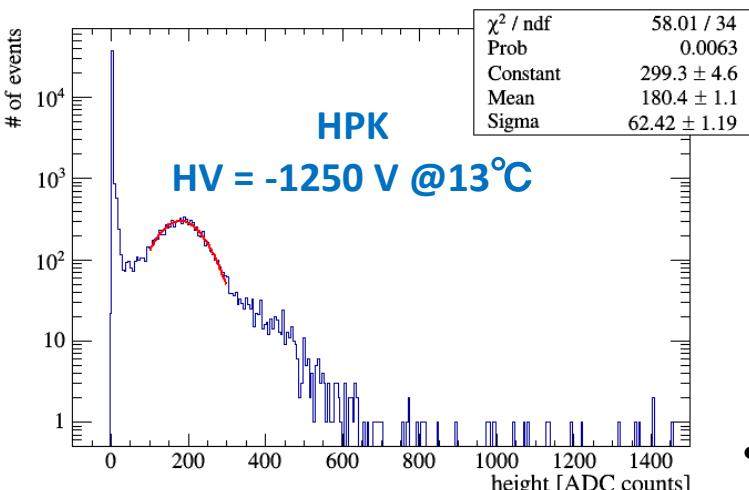
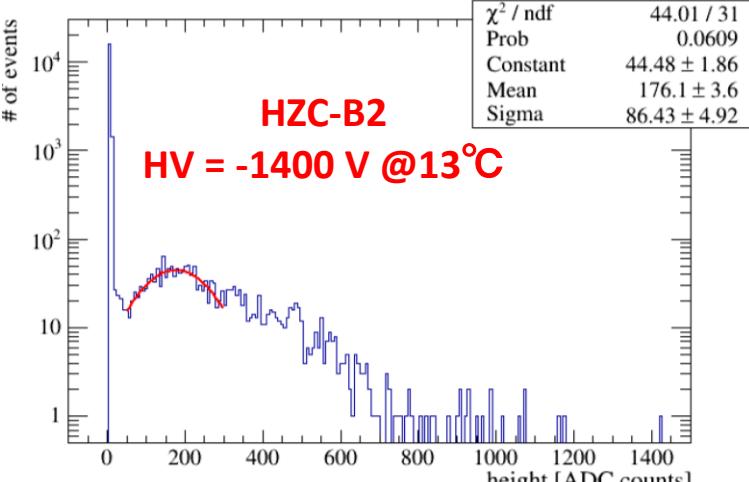
- Changing HV supplied to HPK-2, I measured 1 p.e. pulse height by illuminating low intensity laser.



- HV = -1400V for almost same gain

HV dependence of gain

- Changing HV supplied to Chinese PMT, I measured 1 p.e. pulse height by illuminating low intensity laser.
- Right graph shows the HV dependence of gain at 13 and 20 degree Celsius.



- -1400V at 13°C and -1450V at 20°C give almost the same gain with HPK.

Height of dark noises

