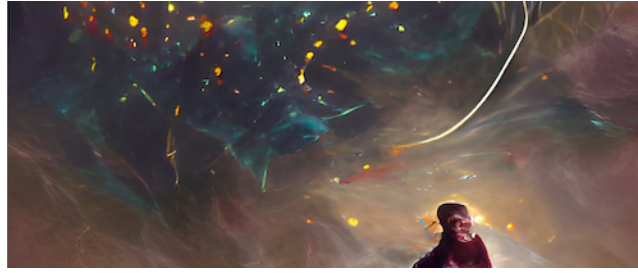


# Cosmic Cartography 2022: Exploring the Cosmic Web and Large-Scale Structure



Contribution ID: 48

Type: **not specified**

## Probing the Morphology-Density Relationship at $z \sim 2.3$ with MAMMOTH Protoclusters

*Thursday, 10 March 2022 11:20 (20 minutes)*

By analyzing the morphology, color, & distribution of cluster galaxies, we can study the evolution of protoclusters into clusters and determine how environment impacts the transformation of high- $z$  star-forming galaxies into low- $z$  red sequence galaxies. While many high- $z$  red sequence galaxies are found in clusters/protoclusters out to  $z \sim 2$ , determining when the protocluster environment impacts morphology is an open question. We present an analysis of galaxies in three MAMMOTH protoclusters at  $z \sim 2.3$ . Using HST/WFC3 F160W imaging, we measure the morphology of H-alpha and Ly-alpha galaxies. By comparing the environment and fraction of galaxies with a Sersic index  $> 2$  to the field, we determine if the protocluster environment impacts morphology at  $z \sim 2.3$ , or if the morphology-density relationship solidifies later. As we enter the JWST era, understanding the role of the protocluster environment in galaxy pre-processing is vital for completing the picture of cluster galaxy evolution.

**Presenter:** GOLDEN-MARX, Emmet (Tsinghua University)

**Session Classification:** Day 4 Morning