

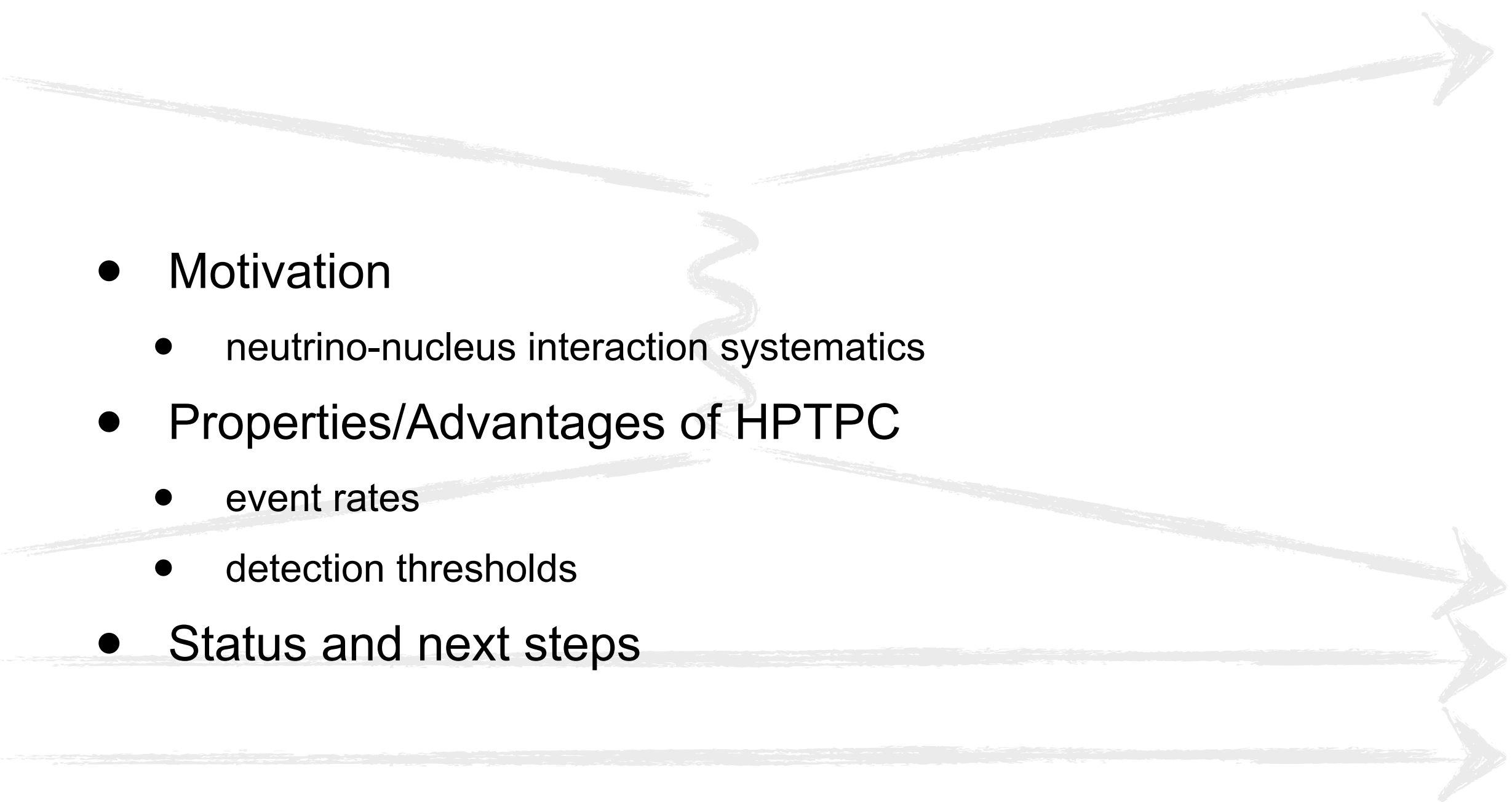
High Pressure Gas TPC R&D

MO Wascko
Imperial College London

HK Open Mtg, TRIUMF
2014 07 19

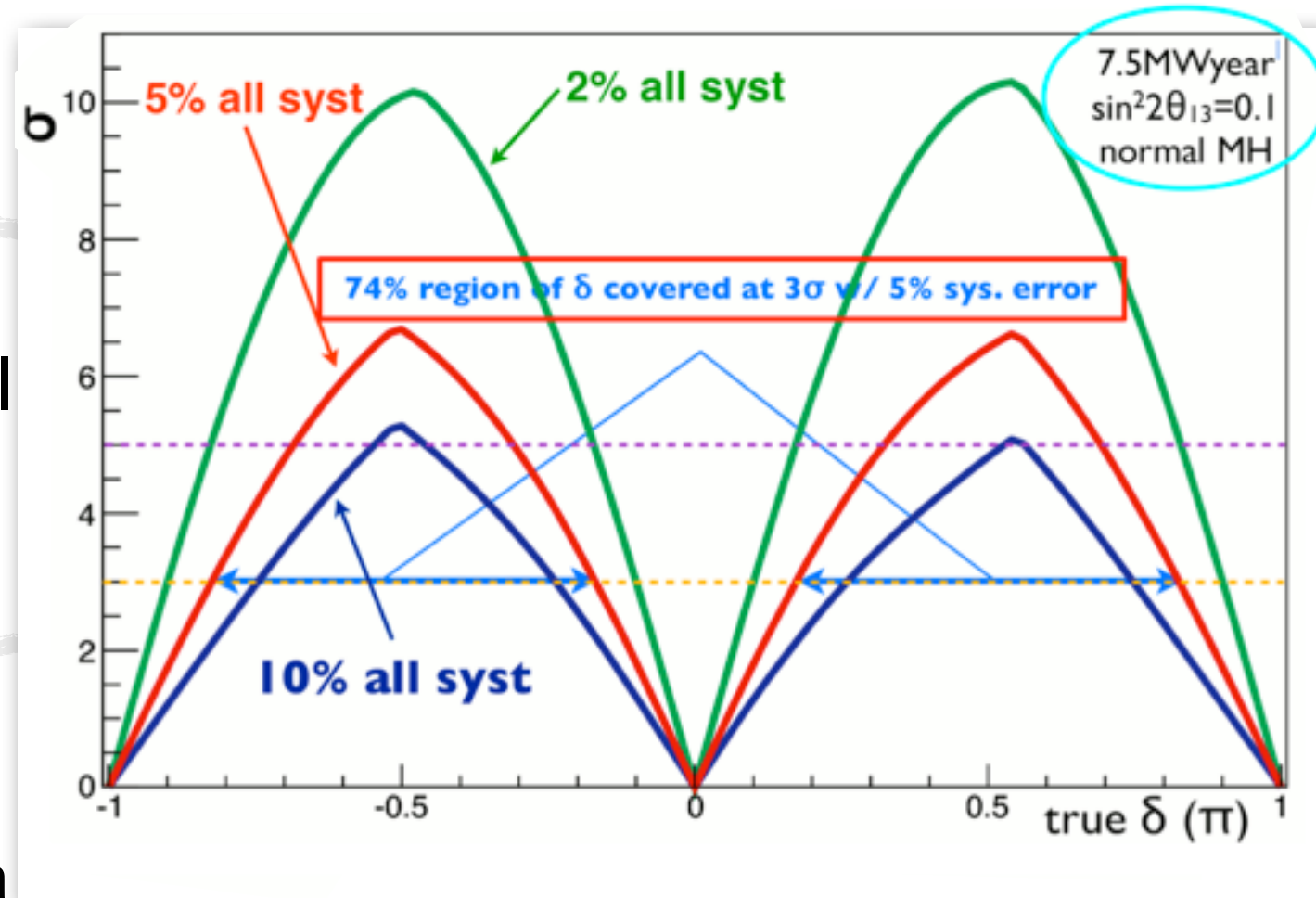


Outline

- 
- Motivation
 - neutrino-nucleus interaction systematics
 - Properties/Advantages of HPTPC
 - event rates
 - detection thresholds
 - Status and next steps

Motivation: xsec systematics

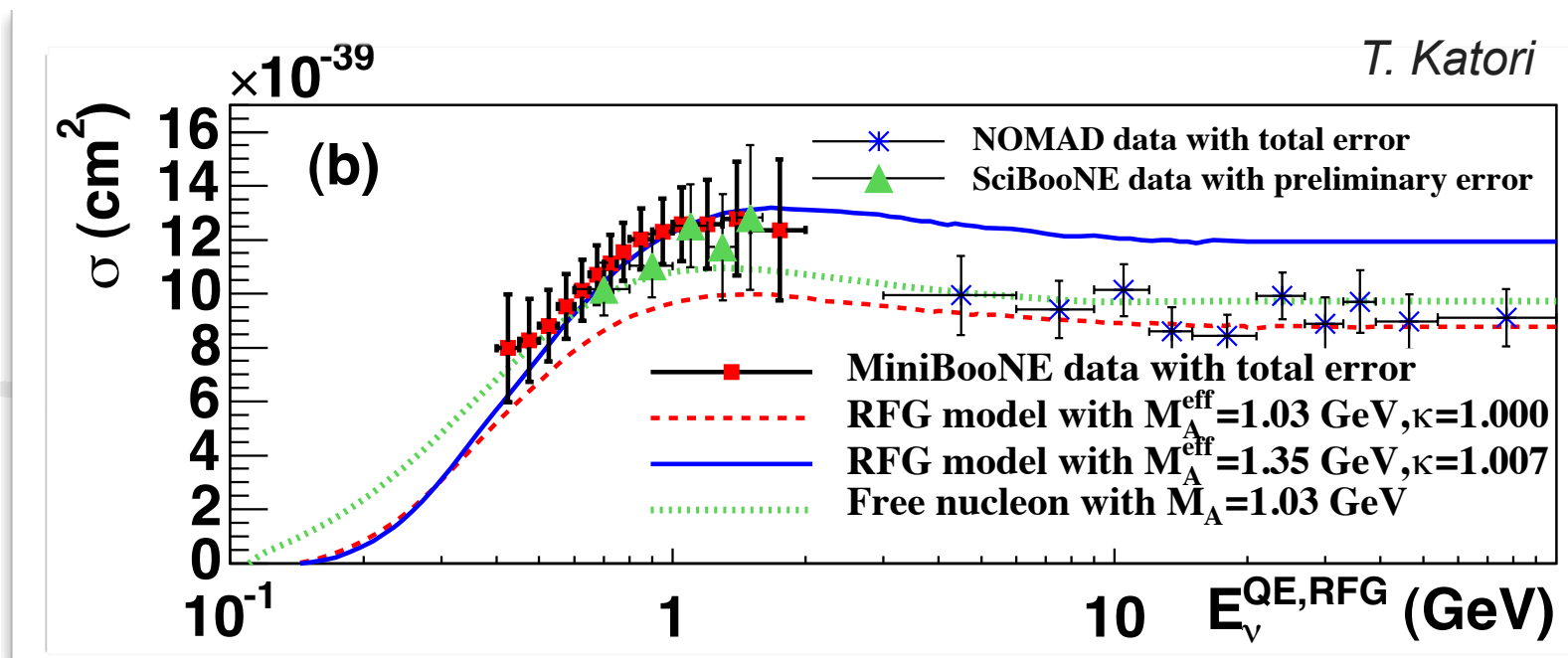
- Current T2K ν_e appearance xsec systematics at $\sim 8\%$ level
 - CPV sensitivity improved dramatically with 2% overall systematics
 - Systematics driven by discrepancies between interaction models and data
- ➡ Need better models in generators, and better data for tuning models



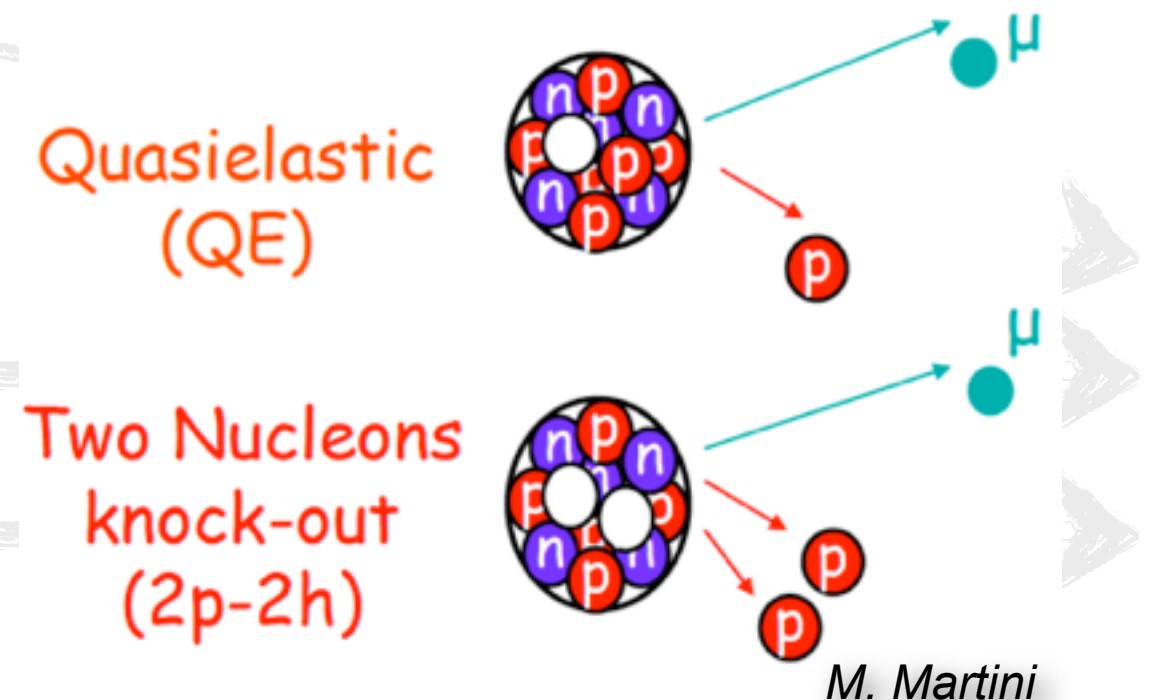
HK CPV sensitivity

Cross-section systematics

- Recent ν_μ CCQE data show low/high E_ν discrepancies
 - MiniBooNE/SciBooNE & NOMAD
- Explanation: multinucleon scattering—not simulated by neutrino interaction generator MCs
 - ➡ Not included in MINOS, MiniBooNE, early T2K publications
- Misidentified events are not reconstructed correctly—results in biased E_ν



[arXiv:1002.2680 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1002.2680)

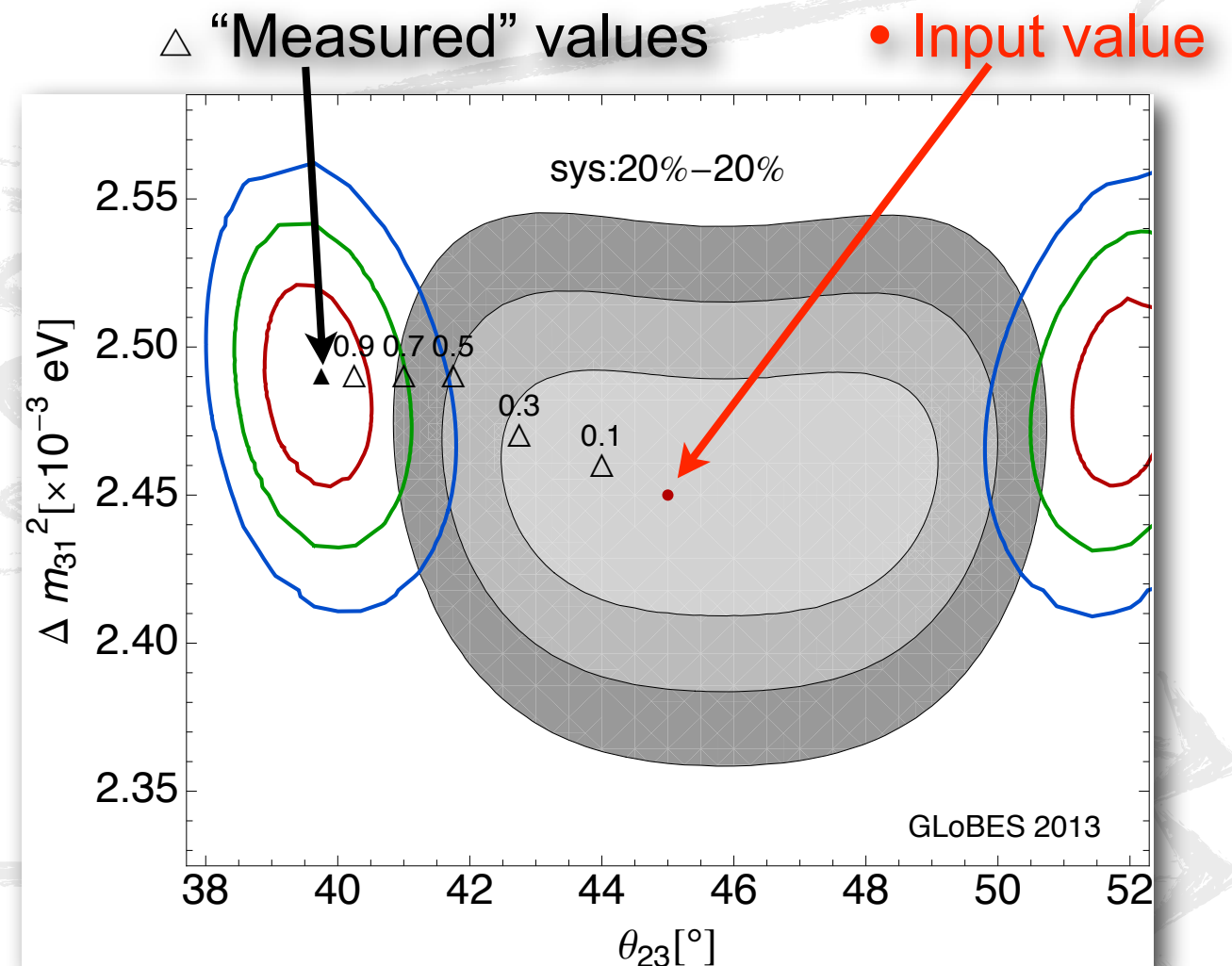


[arXiv:0910.2622\[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/0910.2622)

Effect on oscillation experiments

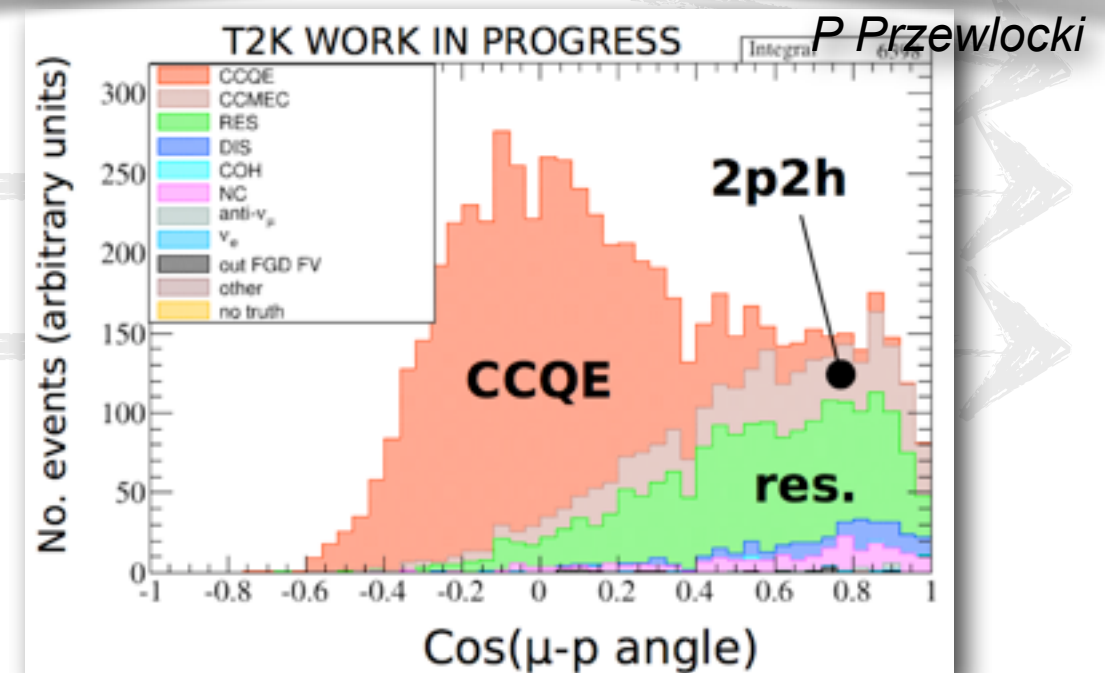
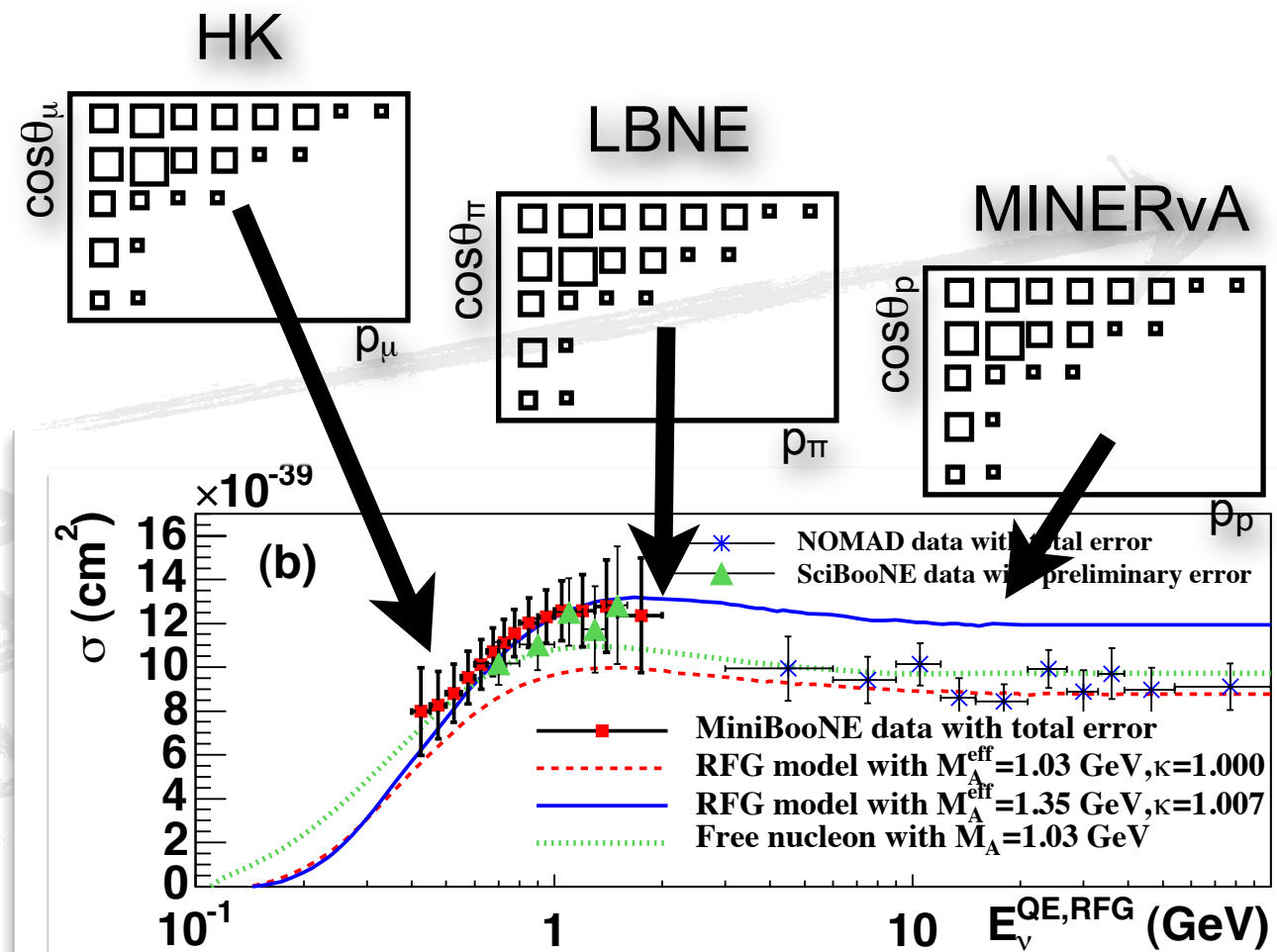
- Example: ν_μ disappearance with generic nuclear effects
 - Parameterise fraction of nuclear effects that are neglected
 - Shifts the measured values of θ_{23} by 5° degrees and Δm_{31}^2 by $.05 \text{ eV}^2$
 - Can change interpretation: true maximal mixing can appear as non-maximal
 - Danger!
 - These effects **do not cancel** in near-far extrapolation
- ➡ Using the wrong model at near and far detector does not accurately simulate Nature

Coloma & Huber, arXiv:1307.1243 [hep-ph]



Growing Consensus

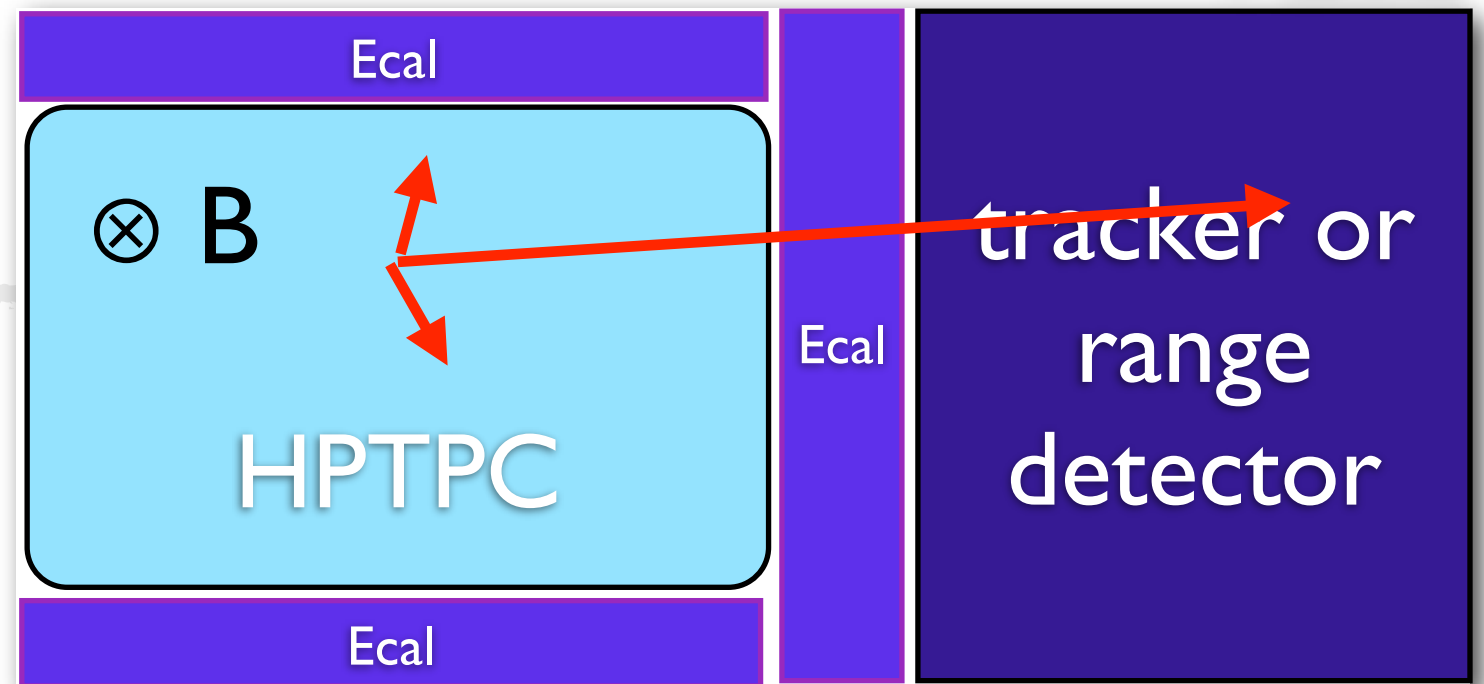
- We need broad coverage
 - Model independent measurements spanning full phase space (E_ν , Q^2) and many nuclei
 - Need sufficiently low energy thresholds for recoil nucleons to separate 1p1h from 2p2h events
 - Also need sufficiently good theoretical models to robustly predict spectra!
- ➡ Gas TPC provides unique opportunities to address issues



Basics of Gas TPC

F. Sanchez

- $\sim 4\pi$ coverage
- Easily magnetised
- 3D reconstruction
- Target flexibility
- Low momentum particle detection threshold
- Good for model discrimination, generator tuning
- Synergy with dark matter



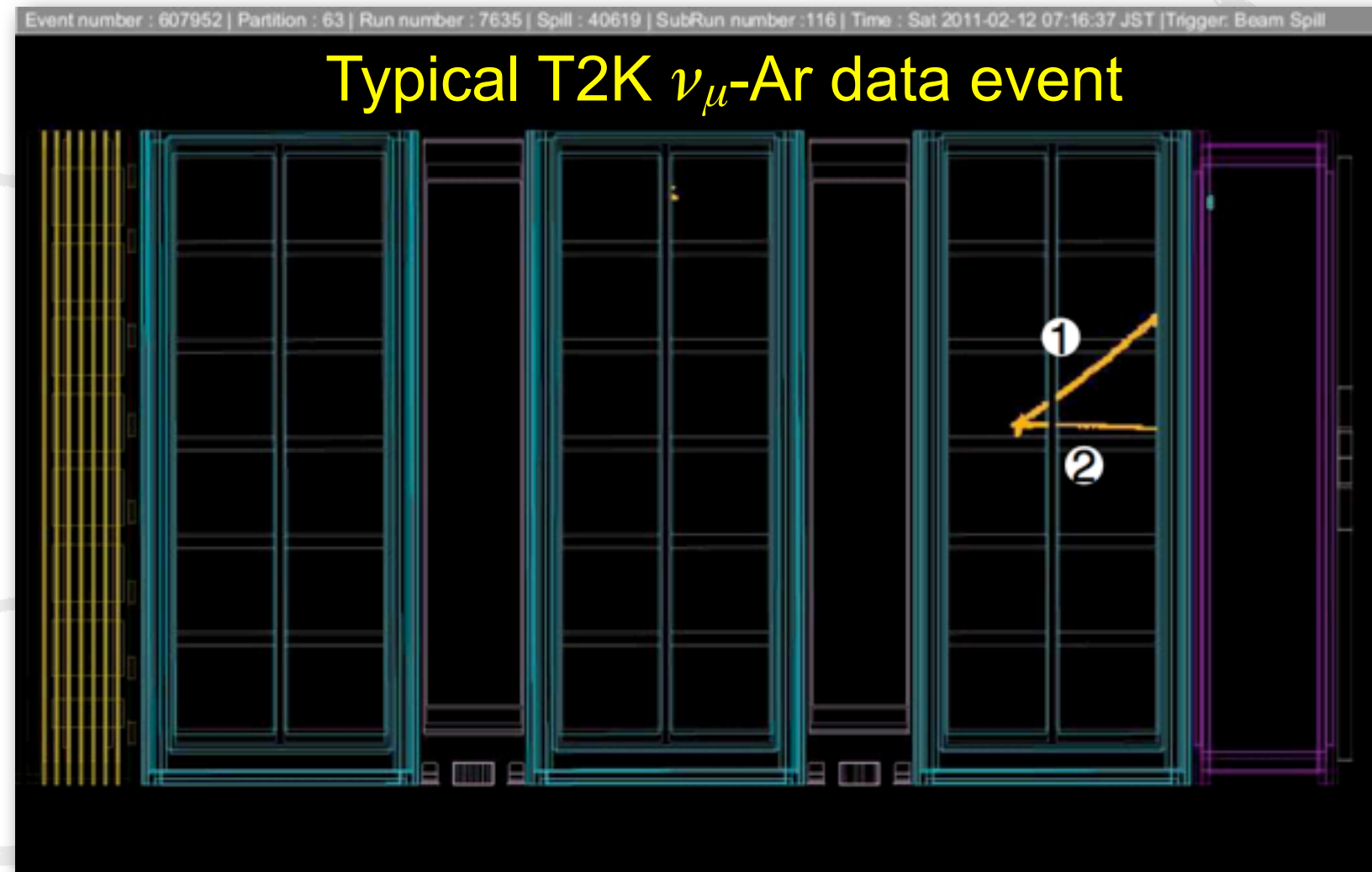
Baseline concept is 8 m³ magnetised volume with ND280 micromegas readout, surrounded by ECals with tracking down stream. *This configuration must be optimised.*

Presented at T2K ND280 upgrade workshop, [NuInt14](#).

Not a new idea! Already explored by NF, LBNO, NuSTORM...

Properties of Gas TPC

- $\sim 4\pi$ coverage
- Easily magnetised
- ➡ 3D reconstruction
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Currently analysing ν_μ interactions on Ar gas in existing T2K data.
P. Hamilton (Imperial), [IOP HEP 2014](#) and [NuInt14](#)

Advantages of Gas TPC

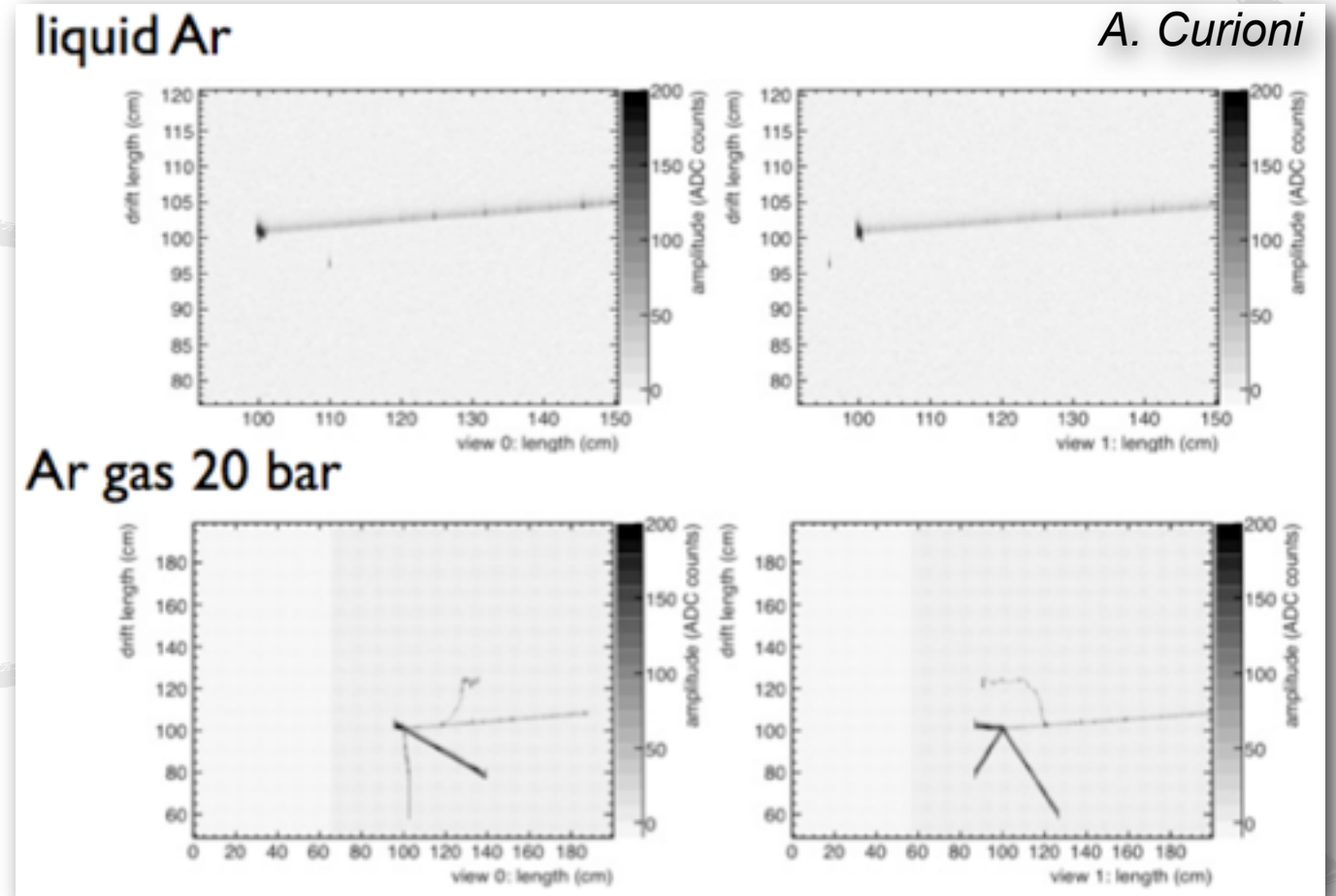
- $\sim 4\pi$ coverage
- Easily magnetised
- 3D reconstruction
- ➡ Target flexibility
- Low momentum particle detection threshold
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EVENT RATES
(SCALED FROM T2K ND280 RATES)

2x2x2 m ³ 20°C	F. Sanchez	
	5 bars	10 bars
He	6.65 kg	13.3 kg
	520 evt/10 ²¹ pot	1040 evt/10 ²¹ pot
Ne	32.5 kg	67.1 kg
	2543 evt/10 ²¹ pot	5086 evt/10 ²¹ pot
Ar	66.5 kg	133 kg
	5203 evt/10 ²¹ pot	10406 evt/10 ²¹ pot
CF ₄	146.3 kg	293 kg
	11450 evt/10 ²¹ pot	22893 evt/10 ²¹ pot

Advantages of Gas TPC

- $\sim 4\pi$ coverage
- Easily magnetised
- 3D reconstruction
- Target flexibility
- ➔ Low momentum particle detection threshold
 - Good for model discrimination, generator tuning
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LBNO near detector simulations.

T. Stainer (Liverpool), [IOP HEP 2014](#)

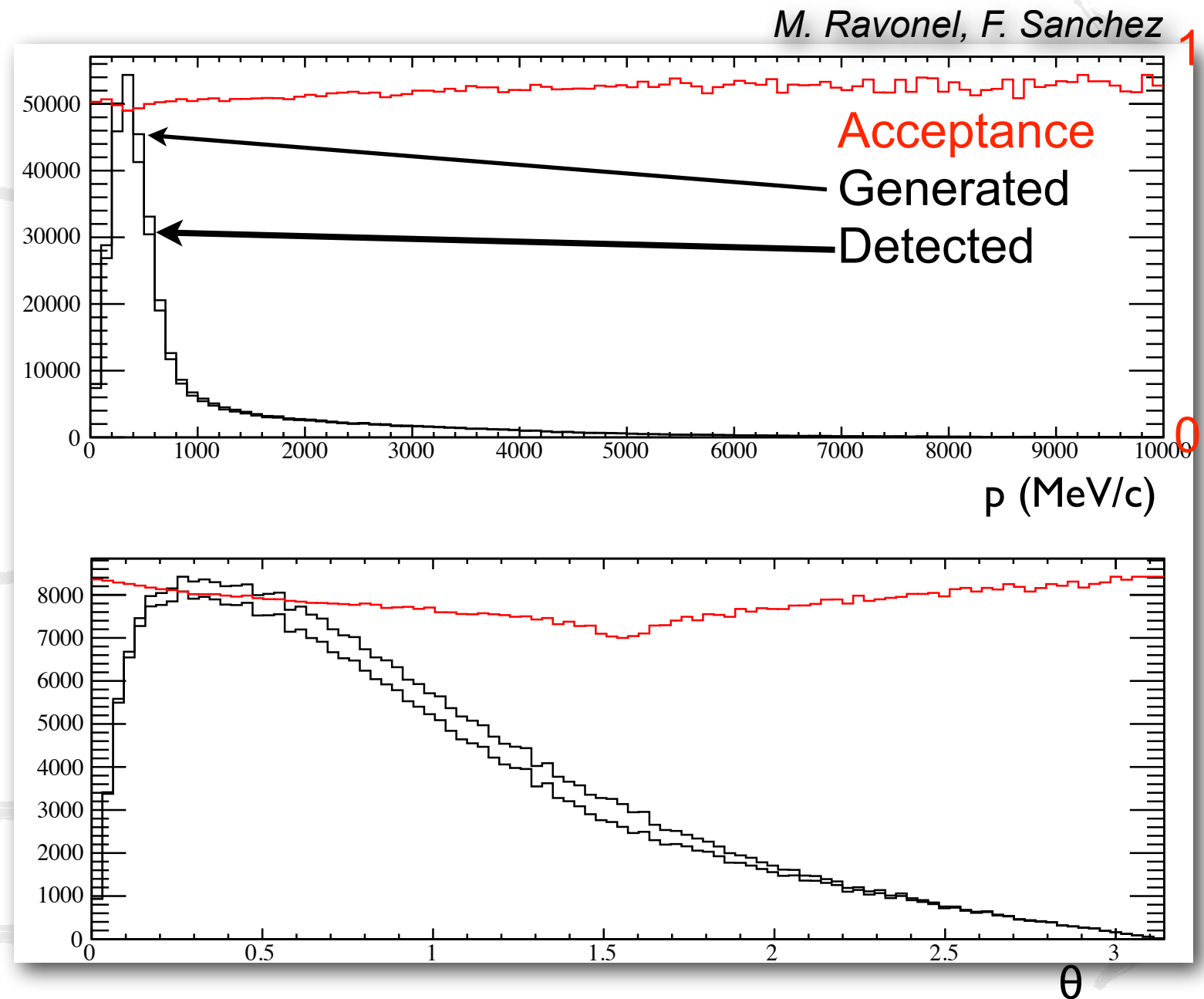
Advantages of Gas TPC

➡ $\sim 4\pi$ coverage

- Easily magnetised
- 3D reconstruction
- Target flexibility

➡ Low momentum particle detection threshold

- Good for model discrimination, generator tuning
- Synergy with dark matter



MUON ACCEPTANCE

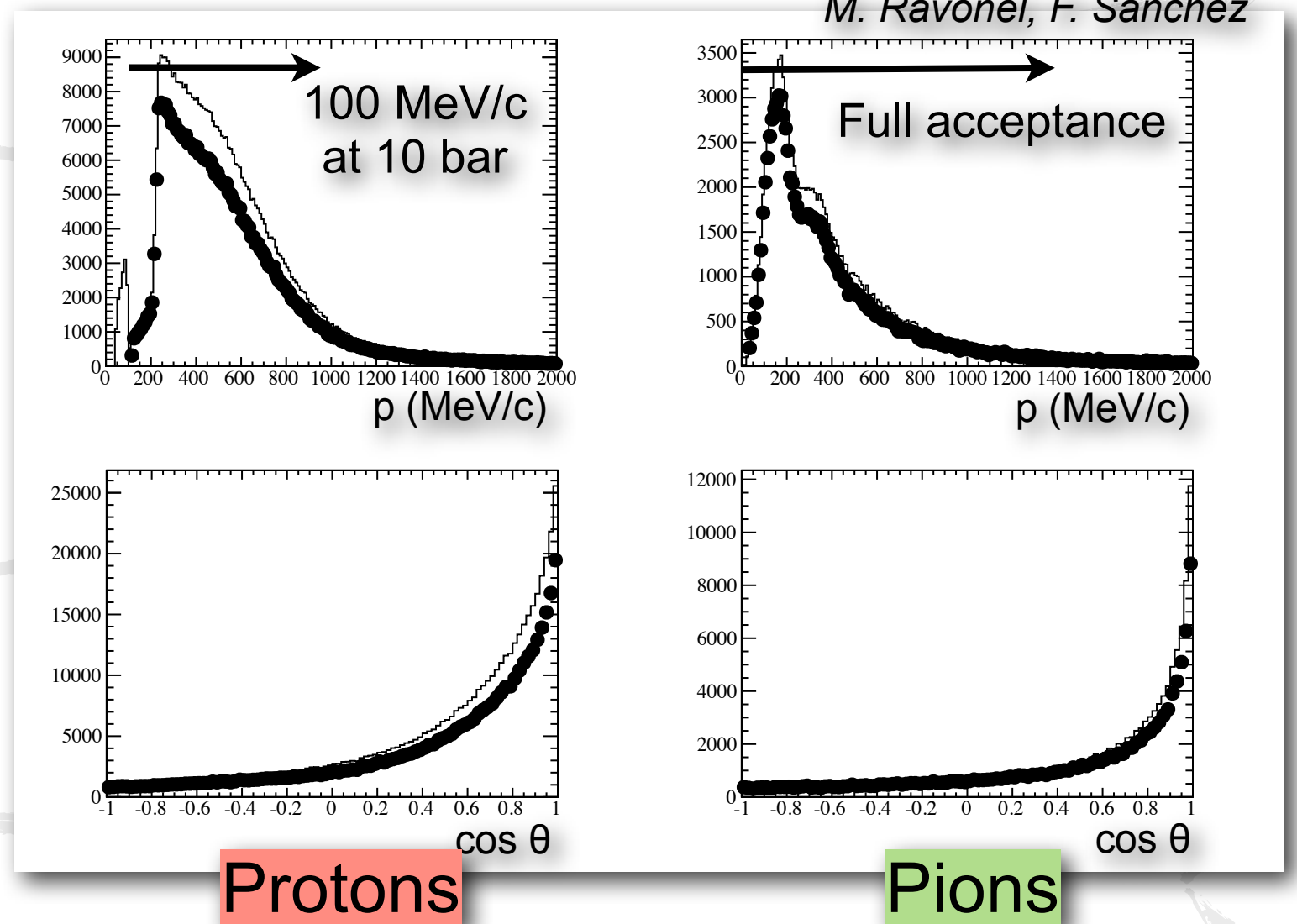
Advantages of Gas TPC

➡ $\sim 4\pi$ coverage

- Easily magnetised
- 3D reconstruction
- Target flexibility

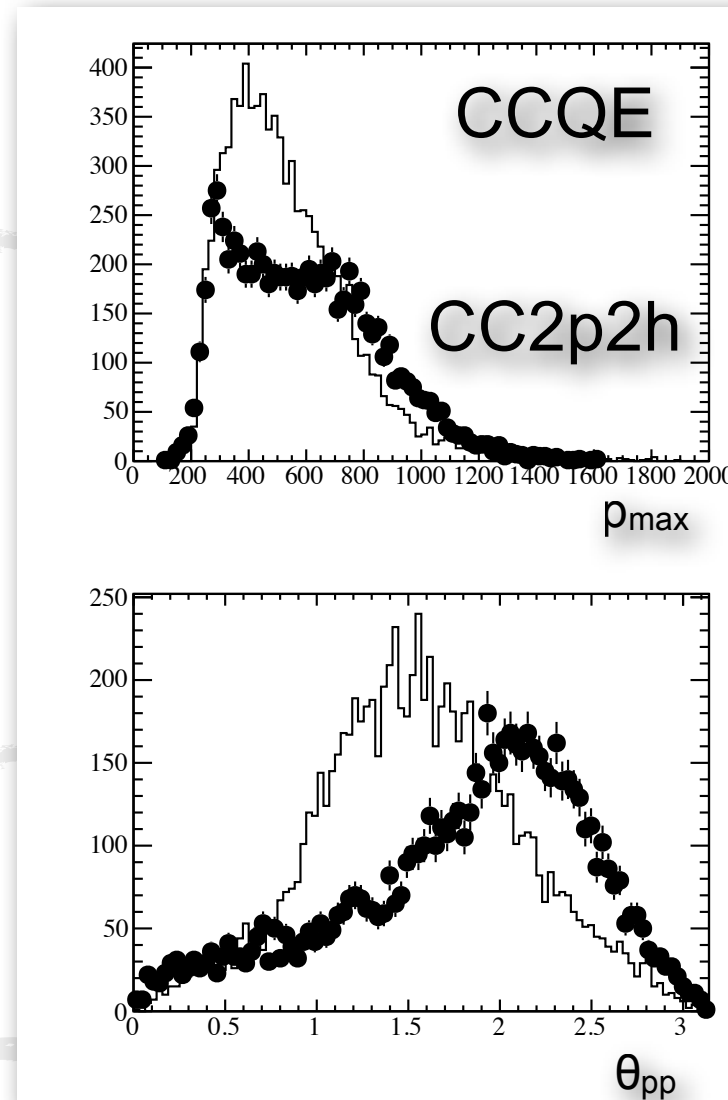
➡ Low momentum particle detection threshold

- Good for model discrimination, generator tuning
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Advantages of Gas TPC

- $\sim 4\pi$ coverage
- Easily magnetised
- 3D reconstruction
- Target flexibility
- ➡ Low momentum particle detection threshold
- ➡ Good for model discrimination, generator tuning
- Synergy with dark matter



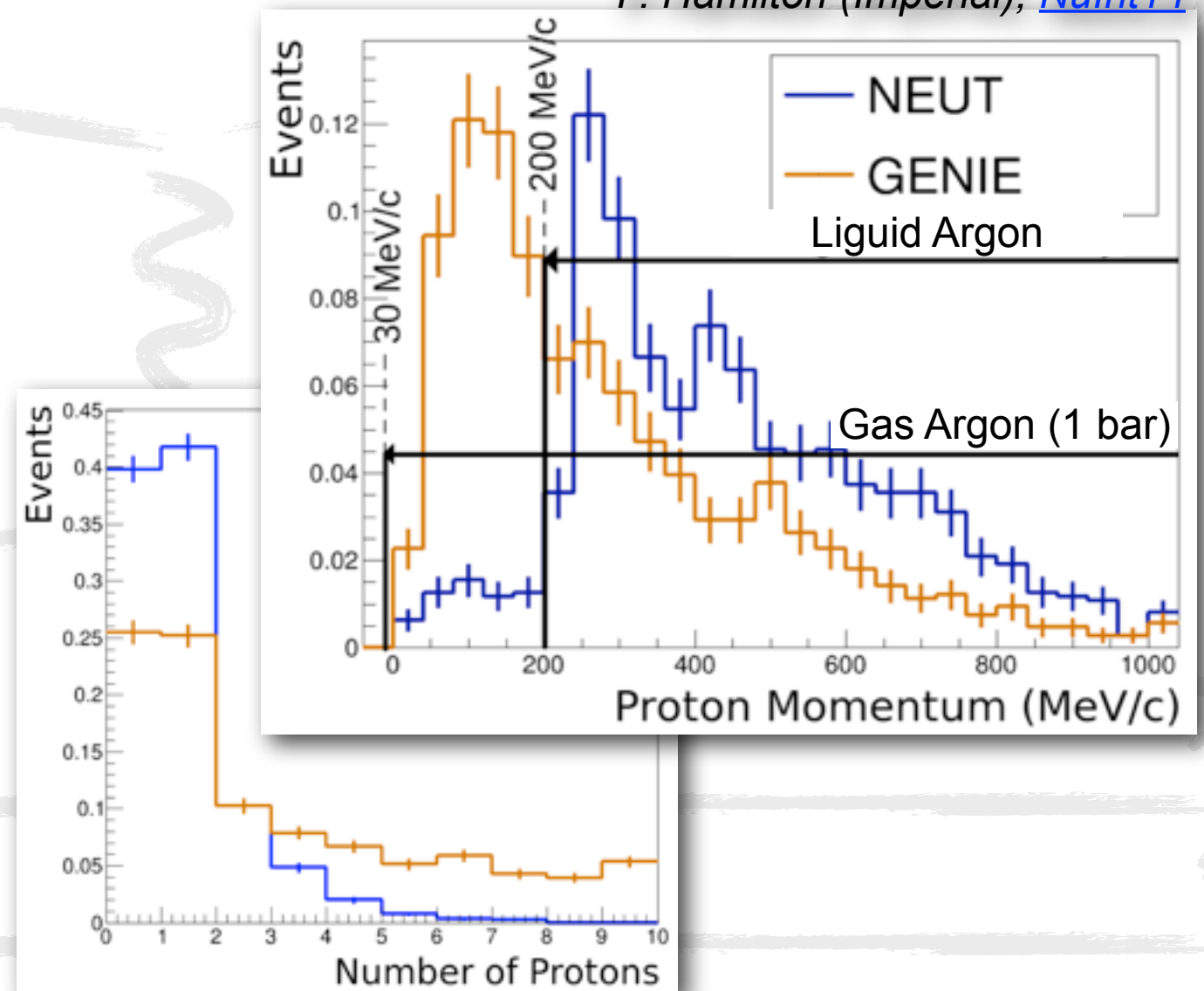
M. Ravonel, F. Sanchez

- fully reconstructed events with (only) 2 protons in final state.
- $N_{\text{CCQE+FSI}} \sim N_{2p2h}$
- Observables are sensitive to differences.

Advantages of Gas TPC

- $\sim 4\pi$ coverage
- Easily magnetised
- 3D reconstruction
- Target flexibility
- ➡ Low momentum particle detection threshold
- ➡ Good for model discrimination, generator tuning
- Synergy with dark matter

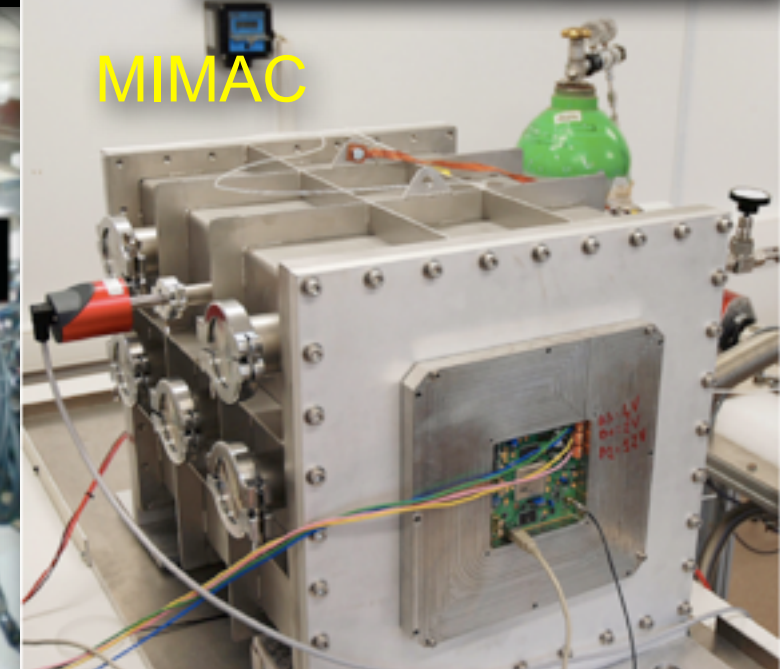
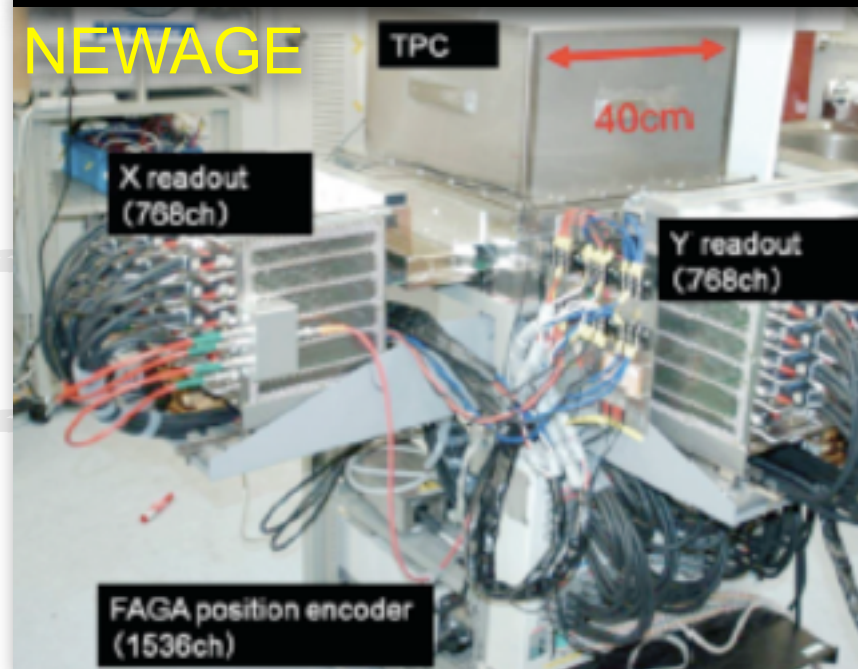
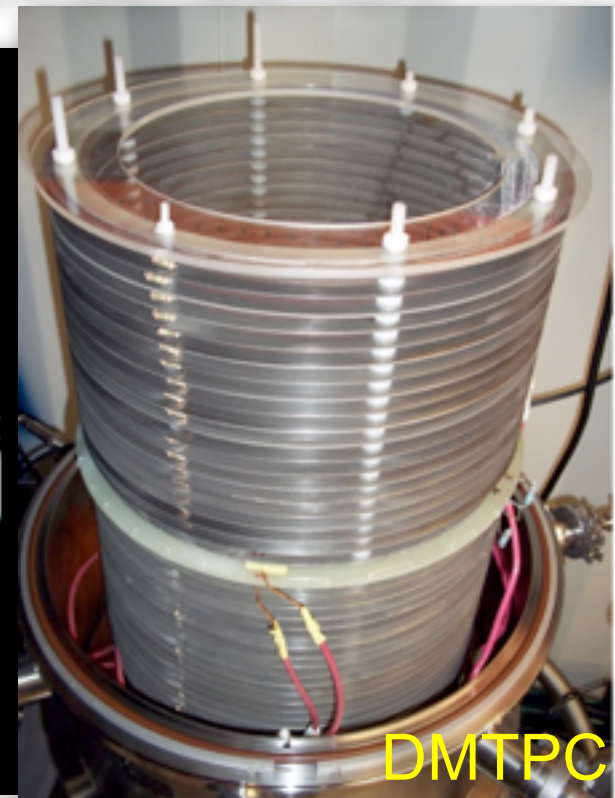
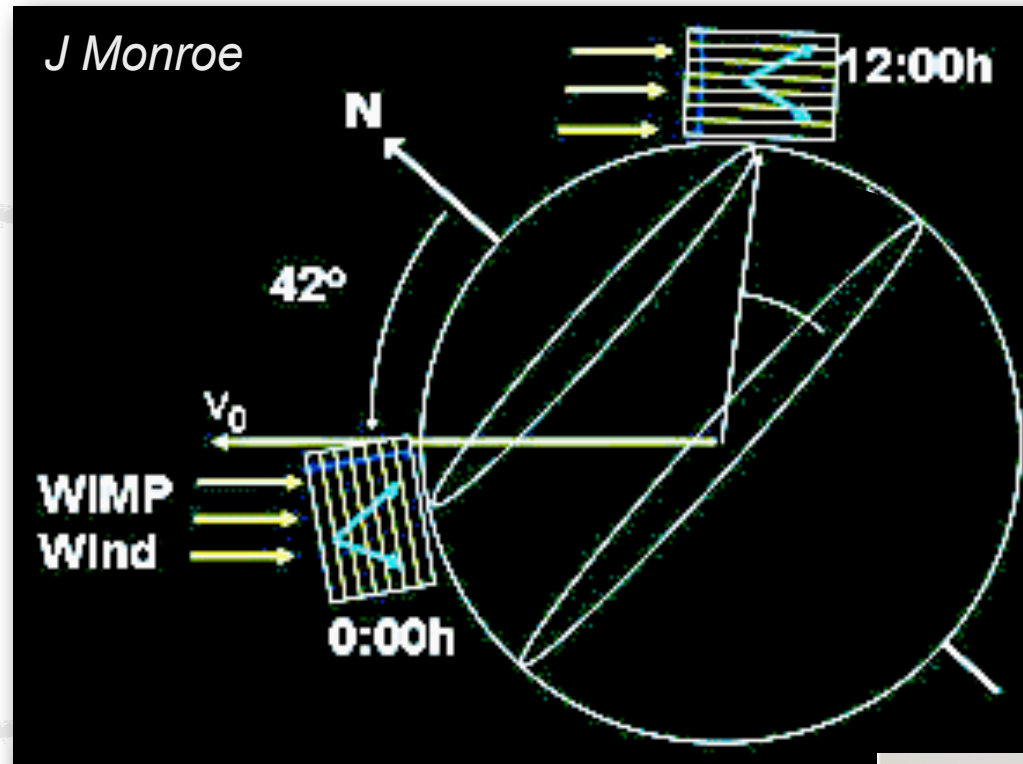
P. Hamilton (Imperial), [NuInt14](#)



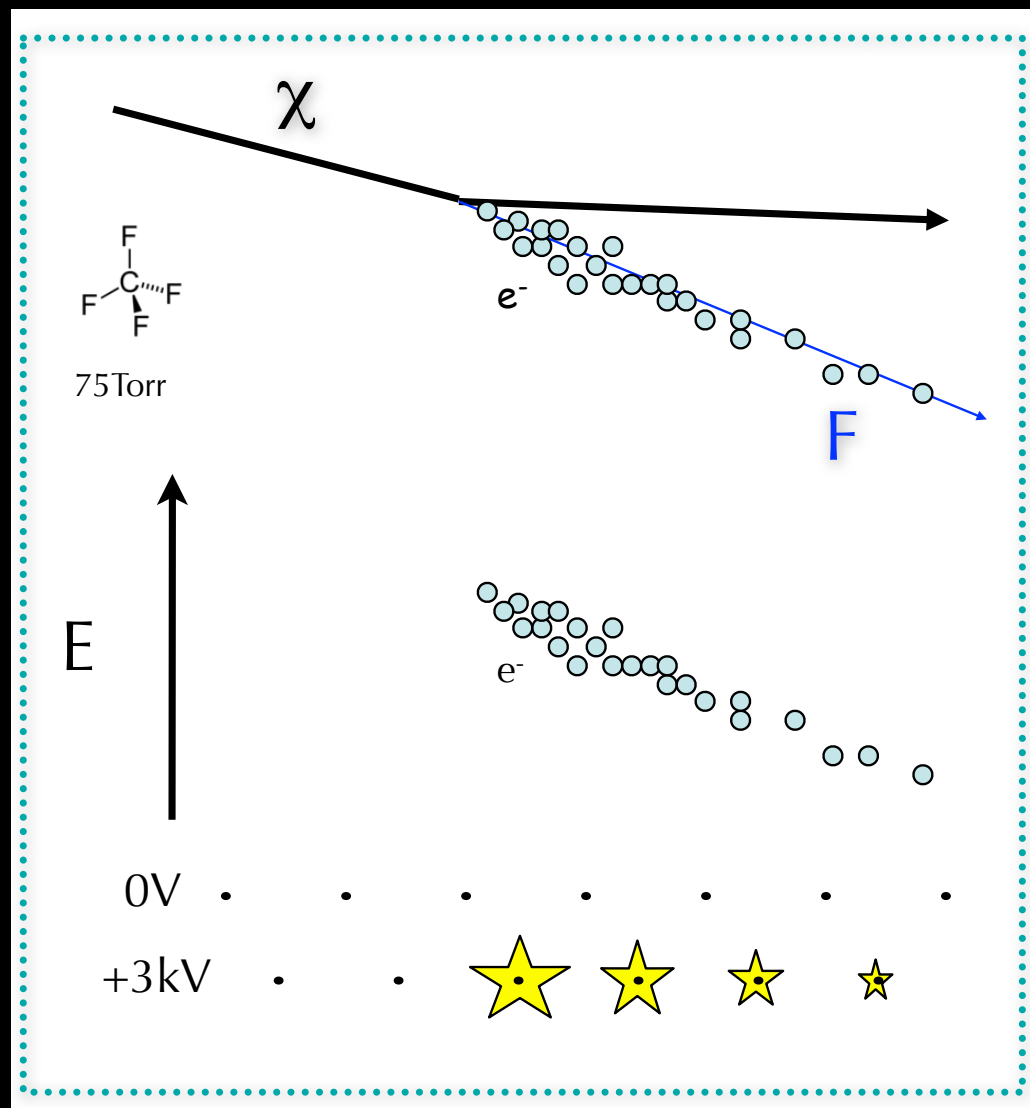
Advantages of Gas TPC

DIRECTIONAL DARK MATTER DETECTION

- $\sim 4\pi$ coverage
 - Easily magnetised
 - 3D reconstruction
 - Target flexibility
 - Low momentum particle detection threshold
 - Good for model discrimination, generator tuning
- ➡ Synergy with dark matter experiments



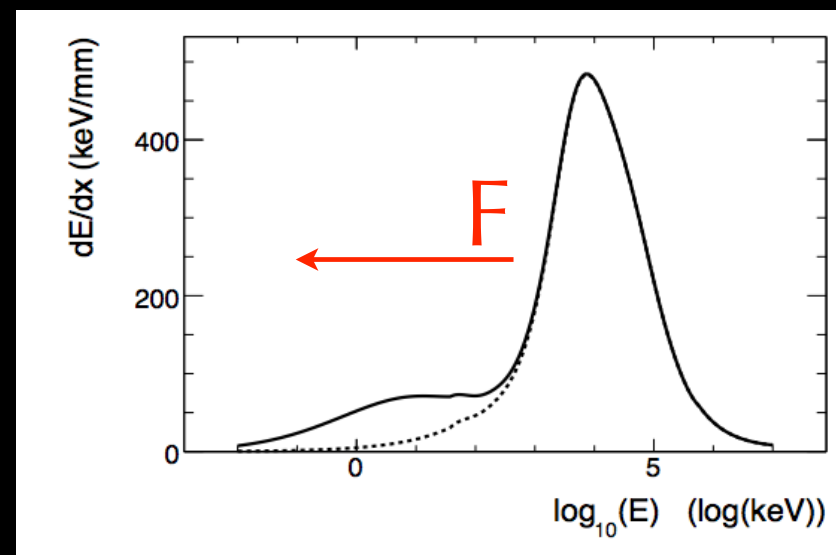
DMTPC Principle



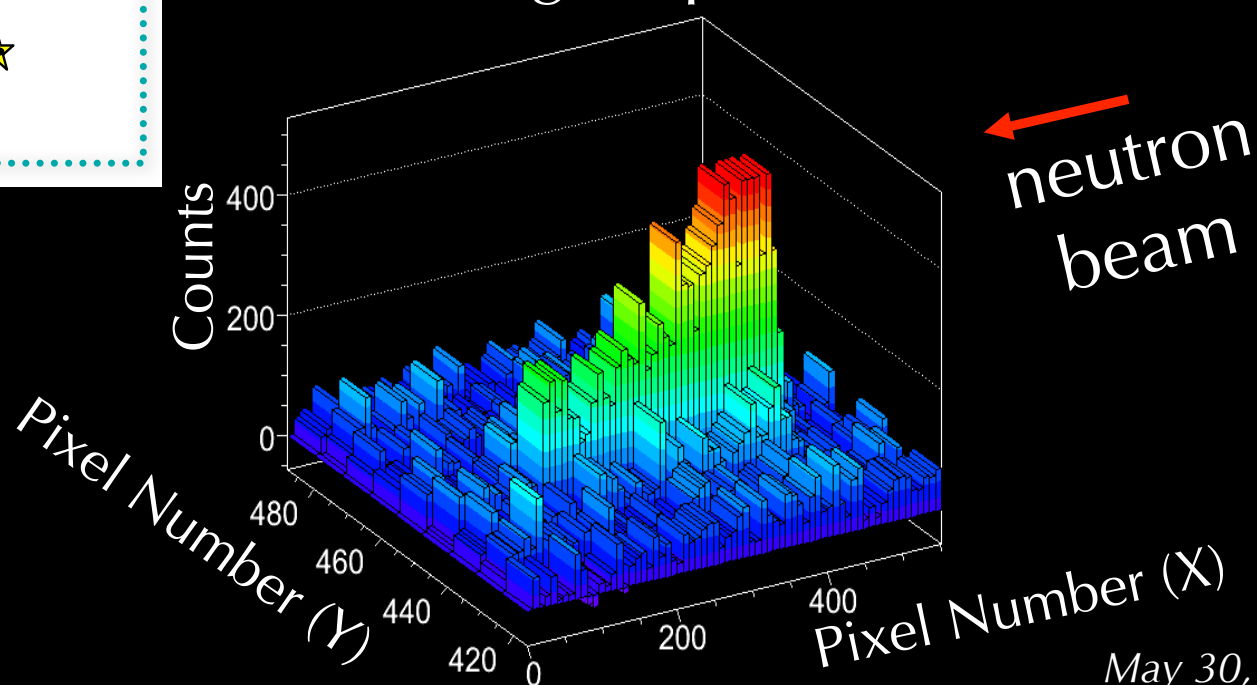
D. Dujmic, JM, et al., NIMA
584:337 (2008)

RHUL Jocelyn Monroe

1. primary ionization encodes track direction via dE/dx profile

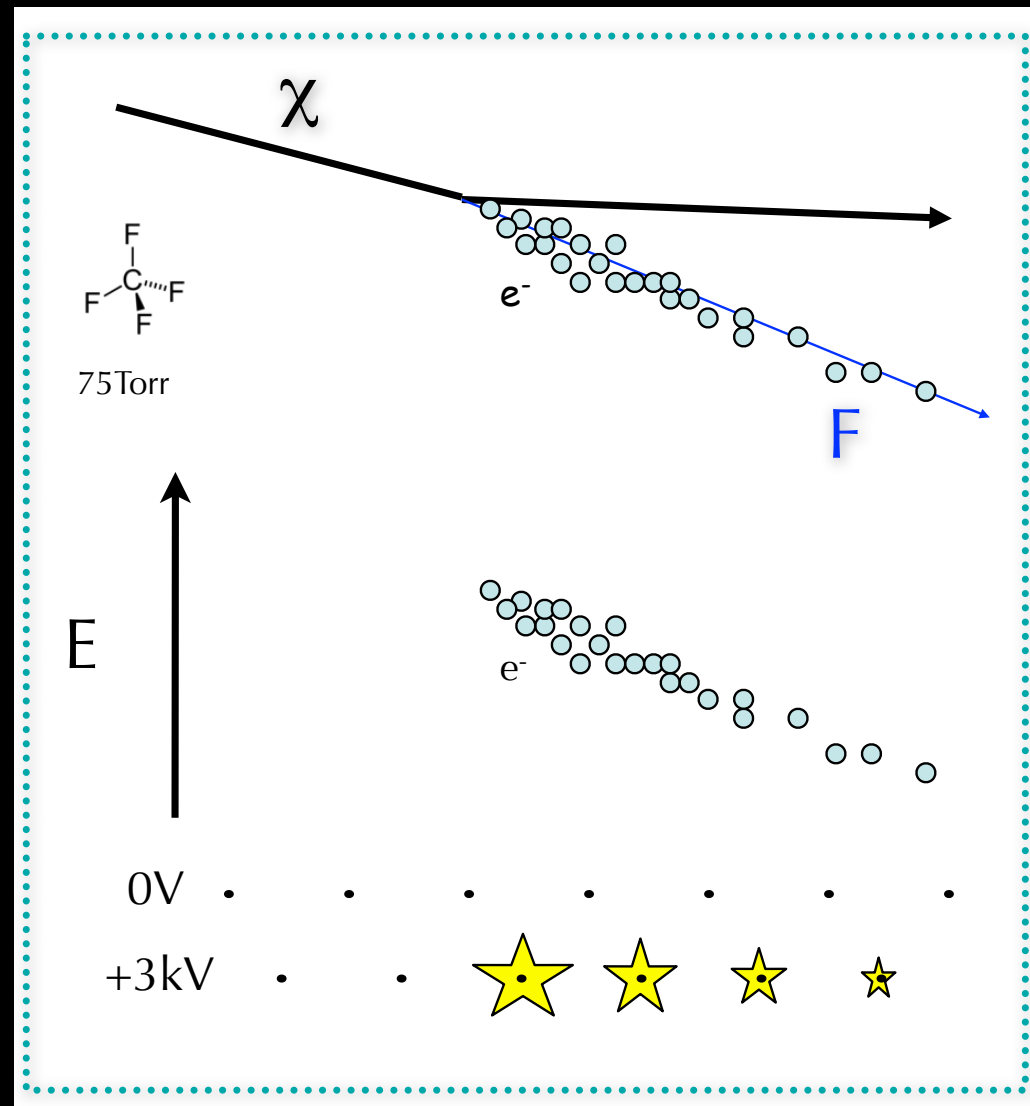


2. drifting electrons preserve dE/dx profile if diffusion is small
3. multiplication in amplification region produces e^- + scintillation g

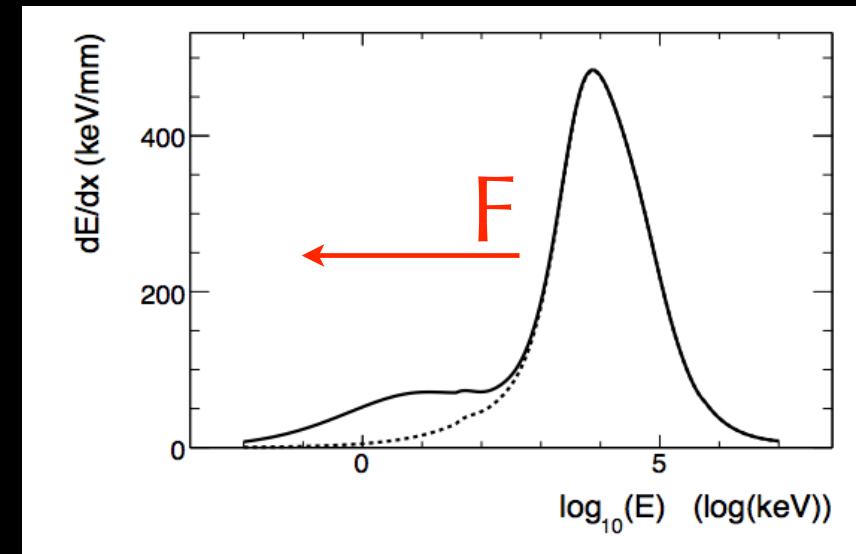


May 30, 2014

DMTPC Principle



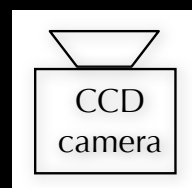
1. primary ionization encodes track direction via dE/dx profile



2. drifting electrons preserve dE/dx profile if diffusion is small

Adding fast optical readout
(for example MCP-PMT)
should restore time-projection
capability by allowing track
reconstruction in the drift direction

UK groups working on this concept



*D. Dujmic, JM, et al., NIMA
584:337 (2008)*

Conclusion / Path forward

- A high pressure gas TPC is an ideal instrument for disentangling neutrino interaction models and tuning interaction generators
 - Needed to get interaction systematics down to 2% level if we employ the conventional analysis approach
- Much work to be done!
 - Optimise detector design
 - Convert useful photons but reduce external backgrounds
 - Honest cost evaluation
 - Explore alternate readout technologies
 - Could provide low cost options



Thank you for your attention!

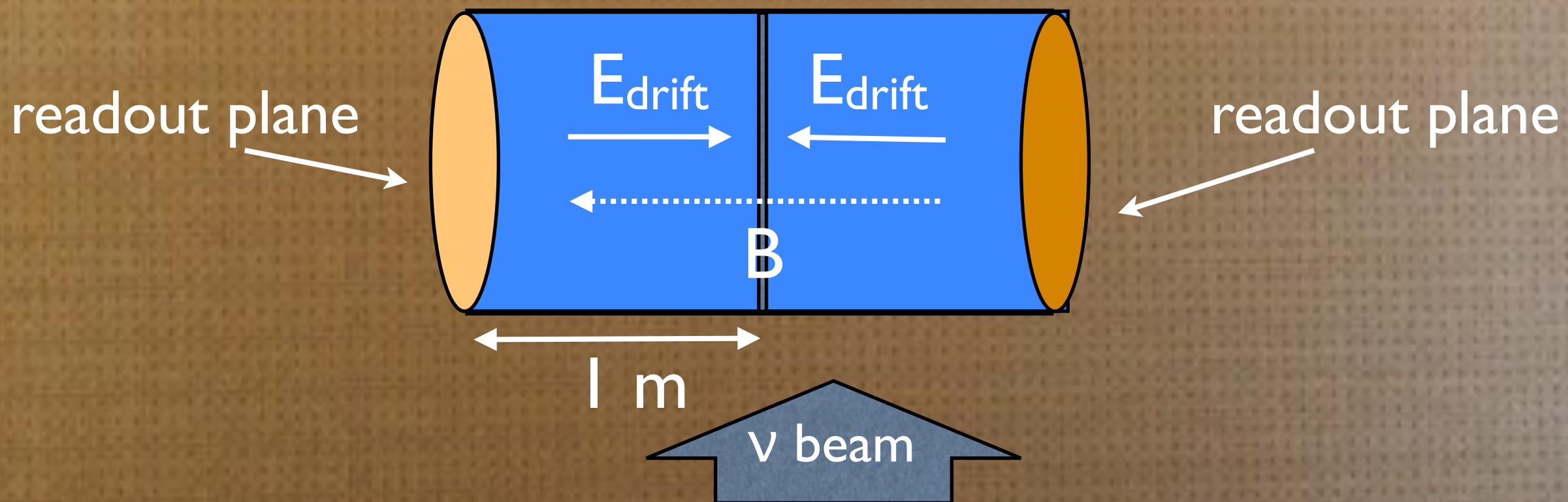
ご清聴ありがとうございました

水戸の梅の花

Many thanks to:

P Hamilton, F di Lodovico, J Monroe, F Sanchez, T Stainer, for valuable input

TPC concept



In the hypothesis of central cathode plane and contained in ND280 magnet, we will have $\sim 1\text{ m}$ of drift distance

Motivation: unknown processes

- Presence of un-modelled processes in data sample affects extrapolation
- Effects exacerbated by different kinematics in each model
 - Which one matches Nature??
- Changes neutrino energy reconstruction
- Near detector extrapolation cannot fix this even if it is identical to far detector!

