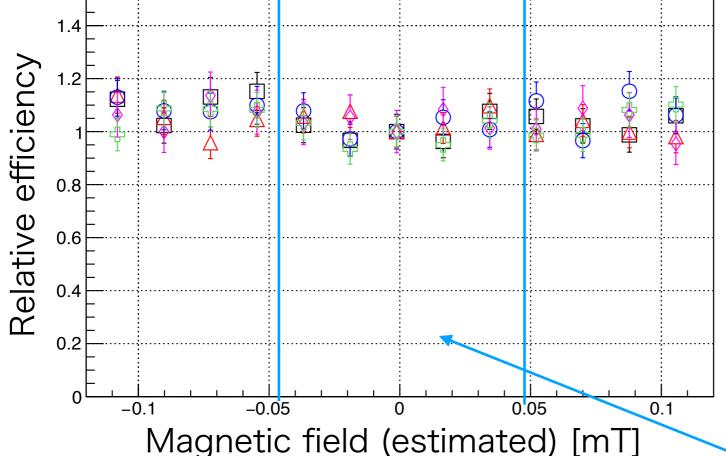
Status report M.Inomoto

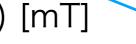
Magnetic field effects

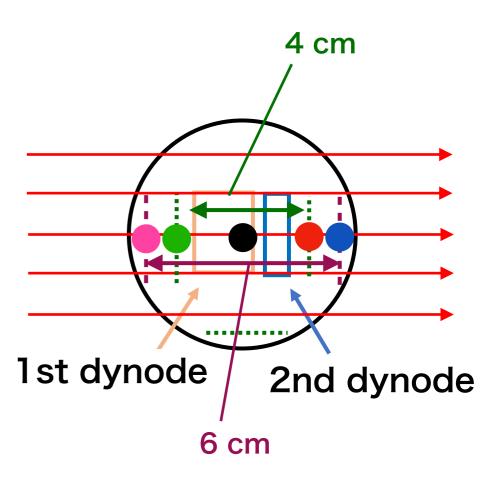
I illuminated two positions (blue and magenta) and measured the relative efficiency.

Relative efficiency =
$$\frac{\text{Mean of 3-inch PMT p.e. } (\mu \text{ of Poisson distribution})}{\text{Mean of Monitor PMT integrated charge}}$$

In the magnitude of Earth's magnetic field, the relative efficiency varies about 10 %.



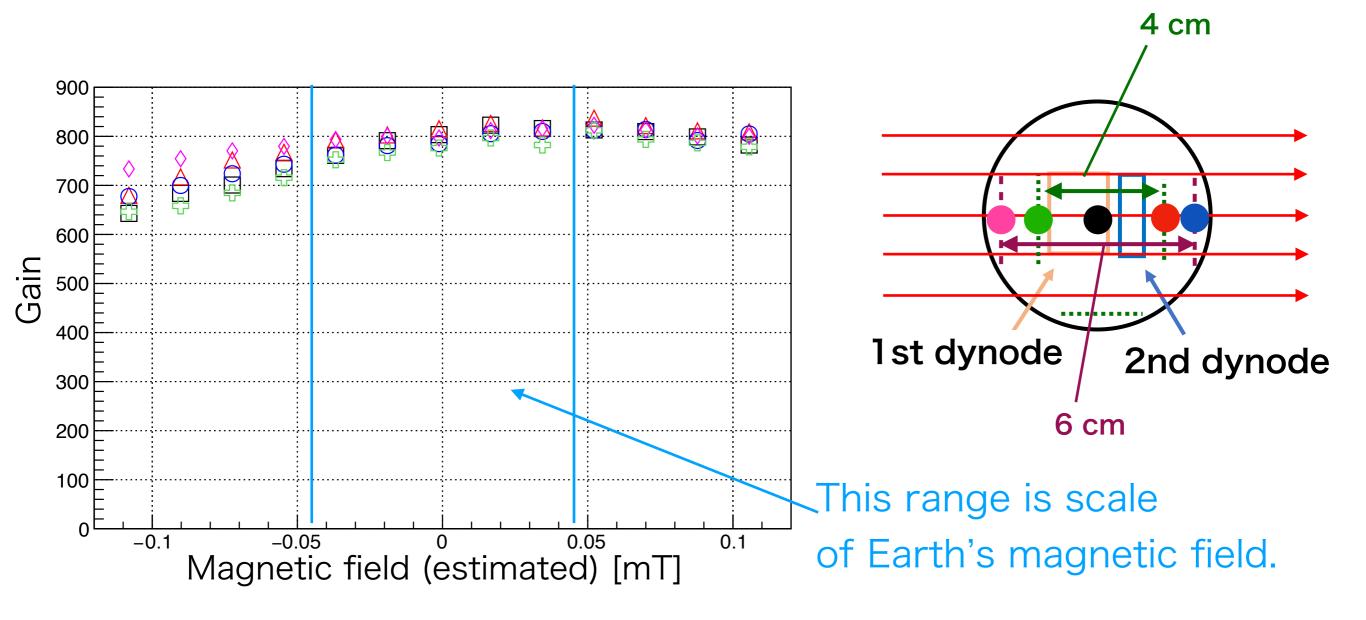




This range is scale of Earth's magnetic field.

Magnetic field effects

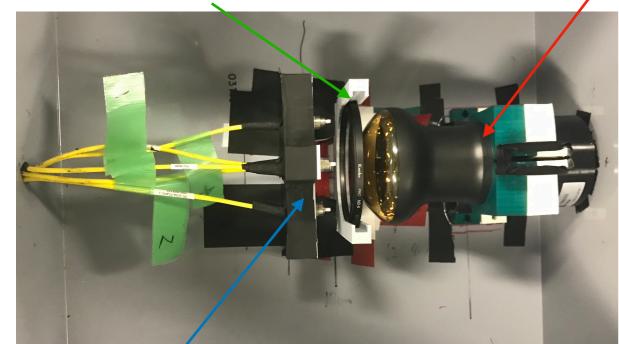
- I illuminated two positions (blue and magenta) and measured the gain.
- Strong B-field increases gain in the range of Earth's magnetic field.



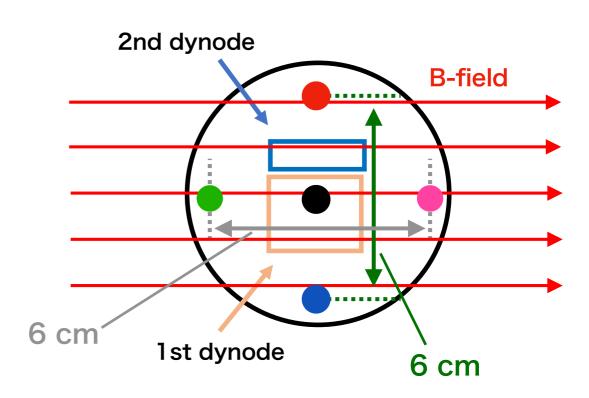
To do

- I will set the 3-inch PMT with the 1st dynode at the bottom.
- I will measure relative efficiency and gain in 4 situations of illuminated positions with laser. (

Filter & fixture 3-inch PMT & fixture



Laser fibers & fixture



Inside of dark box

Backup

Magnetic field effects

 I measured the magnetic field dependence of the relative efficiency with the monitor PMT (another 3-inch PMT) and the coil.

Relative efficiency = $\frac{\text{Mean of 3-inch PMT p.e. } (\mu \text{ of Poisson distribution})}{\text{Mean of Monitor PMT integrated charge}}$

