Study of assembly bias and splashback radius through multiwavelength data set and weak lensing

Hironao Miyatake KMI, Nagoya University



Assembly Bias and Splashback Radius

- Assembly bias
 - Clustering of dark matter halos that depends on halo properties other than mass.
 - Assembly bias of galaxy clusters is a relic of primordial fluctuations according to ΛCDM .
 - Assembly bias is not observational detected yet.
- Splashback radius
 - First apocenters of infalling particles into a dark matter halo.
 - Physical boundary of galaxy clusters.
- Assembly bias and splashback radius are related \bullet through mass accretion history of dark matter halo.



Simulation by Frada et al. (2012), visualized by S. More



Adhikari, Dalal, & Chamberlain (2014)

Observational Study of Assembly Bias

- Define subsample of SDSS clusters (Yang et al., 2007) using halo formation history in the constrained simulation Elucid.
- Cluster mass is measured by weak lensing with SDSS sources.
- Taking into the difference of cluster mass, the difference of clustering at large scale is $\sim 3\sigma!$



Lin, **HM**, Guo, et al. (A&A, 2022)



σ	
I	Ч
1	å
	-

-	7	5	
ç	Ľ)	
2		•	
2	5	\$	'

Splashback Radius Measurement

- X-ray clusters are selected using eROSITA eFEDS data.
- Cluster mass is measured by weak lensing with HSC sources.
- Splashback radius is measured by cross-correlating the clusters with HSC galaxies.
- Measured splashback radius consistent with ACDM prediction.



Rana, More, **HM**, et al. (A&A, 2022)