University of Hertfordshire





MEGAMORPH -Measuring the physical properties of galaxies in modern multi-wavelength surveys

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The University of

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Today's data: multiple bands



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Results dependent on choice of band



Multi-band data hosts more information



multi-band data = more information discriminatory power

Colour is valuable information

simulated monochromatic observations

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Colour is valuable information

simulated colour observations (degraded HST images)

MegaMorph



- Collaboration between astronomers, statisticians and computer scientists
- Funded by Qatar National Research Fund (QNRF)
- Address the issues with current software [Done, this talk]
- Implement multi-band bulge-disk decomposition [Done, Talk Vika], even in a spectral sense on IFU data [in progress, Johnston, in prep]
- Accurate model selection (single Sérsic or B/D,...) [In progress]
- Ensure fast enough to process large surveys [Somewhat in progress]
- Implement non-parametric fitting [please ask, Talk Bamford?]
- Implement MCMC minimization [please ask]

MegaMorph data - Redshifted

- ~165 NGC galaxies
- SDSS *ugriz* imaging
- Artificially redshifted using:

<u>Full and</u> <u>Efficient Redshifting</u> of <u>Ensembles of</u> <u>Nearby</u> <u>Galaxy</u> <u>Images</u>

Barden, Jahnke & Häußler, 2008, ApJS, 175, 105

residual model data z = 0.01z = 0.03z = 0.05z = 0.07z = 0.09

MegaMorph data - Simulated

simulated data

real data

In same manner as Häußler et al. 2007



MegaMorph data - GAMA



- Redshift survey & multiwavelength database
- Registered mosaics
 - 150 sq. deg
 - SDSS ugriz
 - + UKIDSS YJHK
 - →VST KIDS + VISTA VIKING



MegaMorph Software

Galapagos

by M. Barden, B. Häußler, et al. (C-version by A. Hiemer)

GALFIT by C.Y

by C.Y.Peng, et al.



by E.Bertin

MultiNest by F. Feroz & M. Hobson

Galapagos

- Galaxy Analysis over Large Areas: Parameter Assessment by GALFITting Objects from Sextractor (Barden, Häußler et al., 2012):
 - Run Sextractor to detect objects, mosaik
 - Cut postage stamps for each object
 - Decide on automated basis on neighbours:
 - Deblending or masking?
 - Run neighbour-sensitive sky estimation
 - Set up GALFIT start file
 - Run GALFIT
 - Write all results to one big catalogue
 - Used for GEMS, STAGES, CANDELS (and other)
 - ONE BAND!
 - (also exists as C-code now that runs on super-computers, by Andreas Hiemer, Innsbruck)

GALFIT adaptations

- GALFIT adaptations:
 - Uses multi-wavelength data
 - Non-parametric component
 - Can use different minimization algorithms (LM, Multinest-MCMC)
 - Each standard GALFIT parameter replaced by a polynomial function of wavelength (Chebyshev polynomials)

$$f(\lambda) = \sum_{i=0}^{m} c_i \mathcal{T}_i(\lambda)$$

$$\begin{split} I(r) &= I_e exp(-b_n [(r/r_e)^{1/n} - 1] \\ &\searrow \\ I_e(\lambda) & r_e(\lambda) & n(\lambda) \end{split}$$

Bamford, in prep

Easy and backwards compatible user interface



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Parameters more stable



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Parameters more accurate



Parameters more accurate



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Science sanity checks



Science sanity checks



Galactic G

Science sanity checks



Possible contamination



Possible contamination



Code & Test-Summary

- Multi-wavelengths fitting:
 - slightly improves the accuracy for recovering mags and colours
 - increases fitting reliability for sizes and Sérsic indices
 - increases the sample size that can be used for science!!
 - allows higher quality fits out to higher redshifts
- Public tool(s) for everyone to use (public on website and github!) (just google 'MegaMorph' and find our G+ community) (ignore the Morphsuits)

Usual classifications (u-r, n) don't work



Vulcani+13

Sérsic index changes with wavelength



Un-mixing populations



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Defining 72 as n ratios

possibly some dust effect



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Is 7/2 usable to classify galaxies?



Radius re changes with



Un-mixing populations

- n>2.5 shows steeper decrease
- red n>2.5: constant n, but re decreases nearly by factor of 2!



Defining Ras re ratios

n<2.5 indistiguishable



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NVS. R

- low-n galaxies show constant R, varying N
- high-n galaxies show constant N, varying R
- -> classification without using n or colour itself?
- These results are independent of redshift (Kennedy, in prep)



\mathcal{N} and \mathcal{R} 'agree' with visual classification



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Kennedy in prep

Dust opacity and inclination cause scatter



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Dust effect from Pastrav 2013, Kennedy in prep

Possible interpretation?



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Possible interpretation?

• $\mathcal{N}=n_H/n_g$ and $\mathcal{R}=r_H/r_g$ describe colour gradient!



Vulcani+13

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Colour Gradients are important



Summary

- Don't waste Photons! They contain valuable information!
- MegaMorph improves fitting accuracy! accurate measurements, higher redshift, bigger samples, <u>internal colour</u> <u>gradients</u>, separate individual galaxy components
- Change in Sérsic index with wavelength reflects galaxy structure (robust to z = 0.3, Kennedy, in prep.)
- MegaMorph can help us identify key observables in the evolution of galaxies
- More cool stuff to come! E.g. B/D papers and using this technique on IFU data in order to get the spectra of the individual components (Johnston, in prep.)
- Code released on github and websites. Please ask and/or use it! And adapt it!
- For Bulge/Disk decompositions, wait for Marina Vikas talk.
- I don't have any question. Do you?