

Spin-1 particle and the ATLAS Diboson excess

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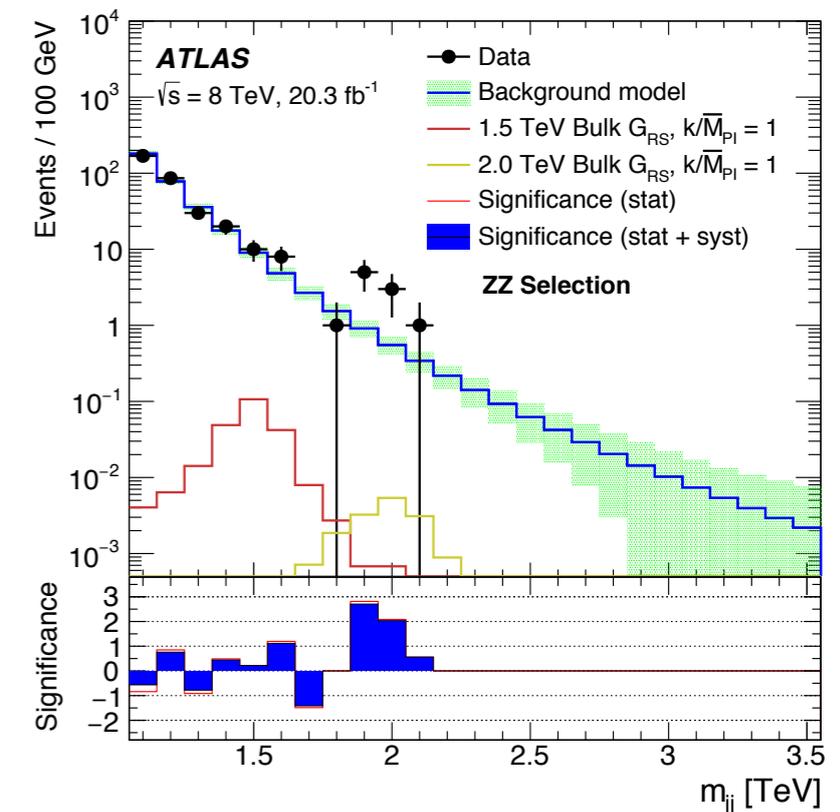
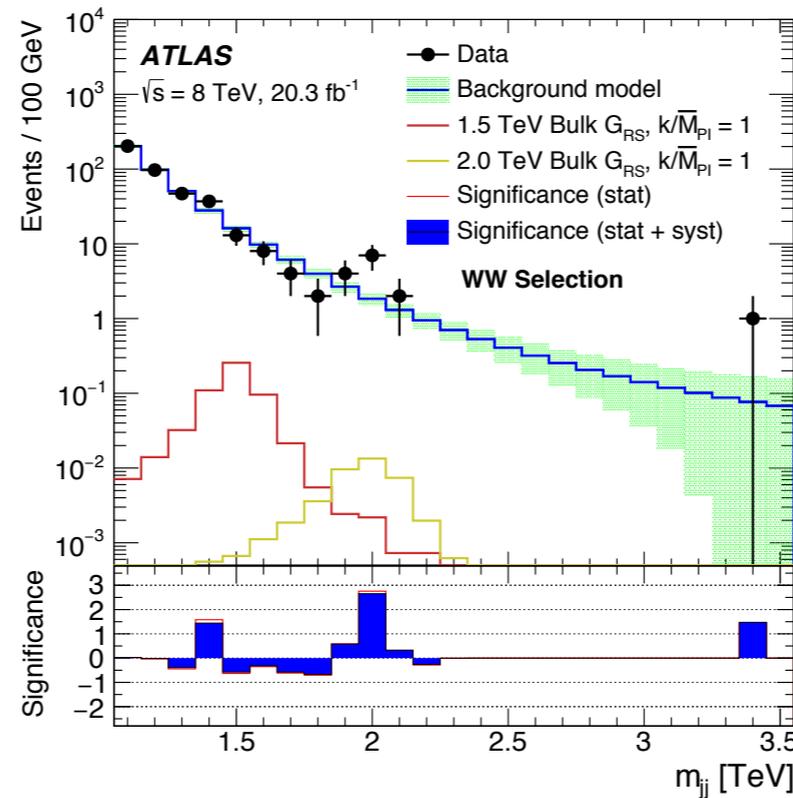
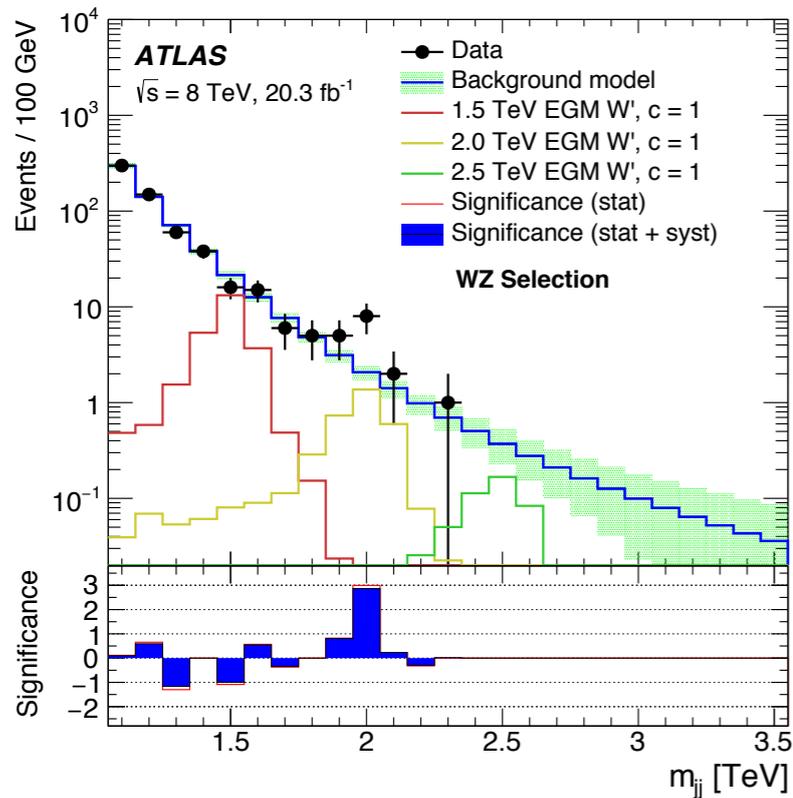
based on the works

1507.01681: TA, Teppei Kitahara, Mihoko Nojiri

Kavli-IPMU-Durham-KIAS workshop: New particle searches confronting the first LHC
run-2 data
2015.9.9

ATLAS diboson excess

ATLAS EXOT-2013-008



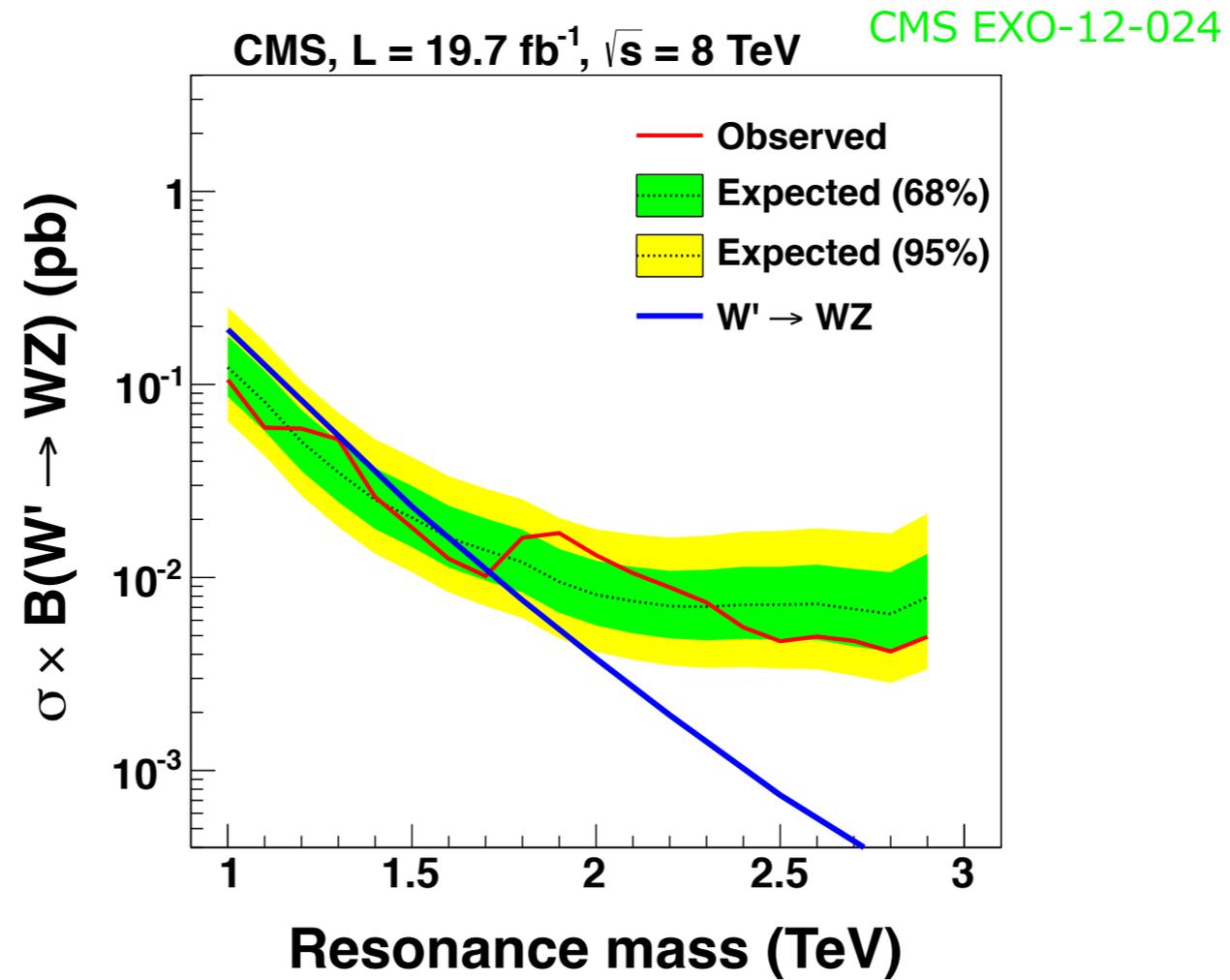
- $pp \rightarrow X \rightarrow WZ/WW/ZZ \rightarrow$ two fat jets

- ★ mass of $X \sim 2\text{TeV}$?

- ★ local significance: WZ 3.4σ , WW 2.6σ , ZZ 2.9σ

- ★ global significance: WZ 2.5σ

No CMS excess in the same process



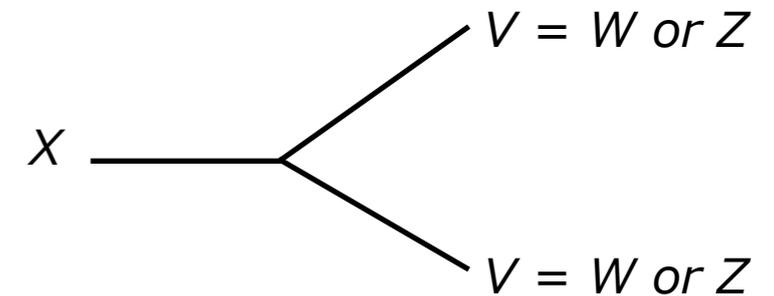
Situation of diboson in each channel

final states	ATLAS	CMS
$VV \rightarrow \text{jets}$	excess	no excess
$WZ \rightarrow \ell \nu$ $WZ \rightarrow \text{jets} + \ell \ell$ $WZ \rightarrow \ell \nu +$	no excess	no excess

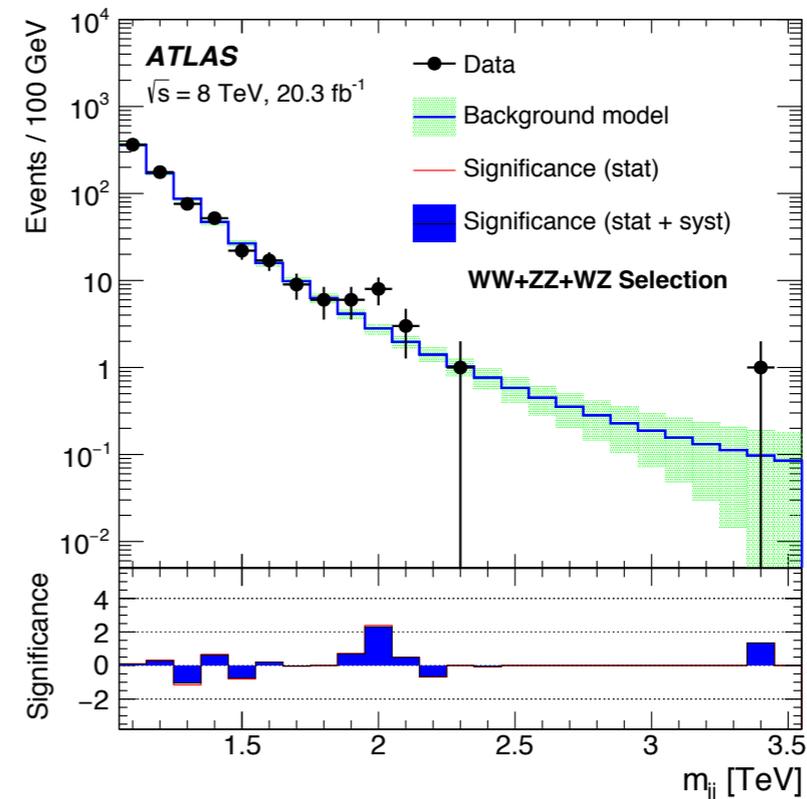
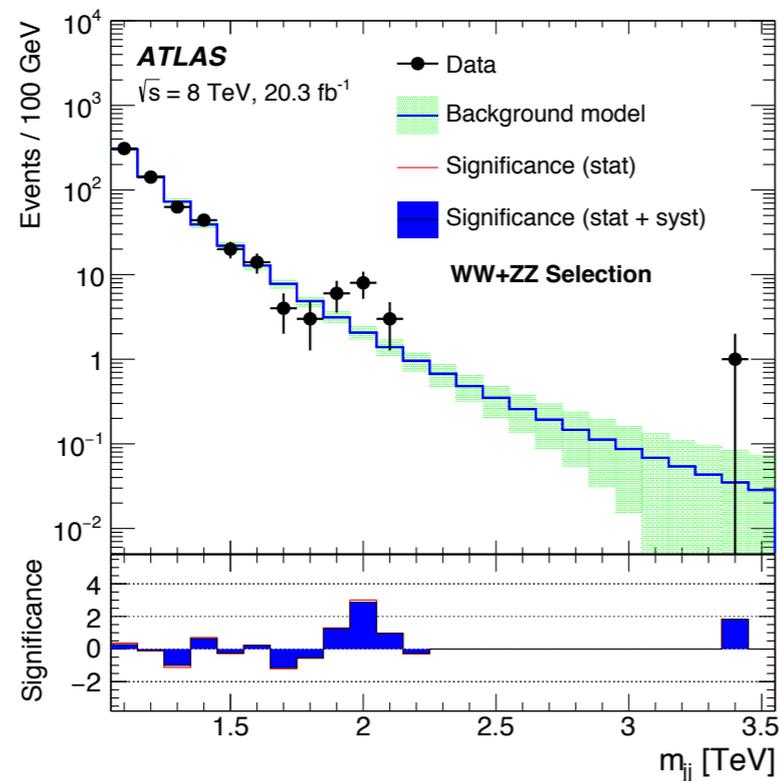
- **Excess is only in $pp \rightarrow VV \rightarrow \text{jets}$ at the ATLAS**
 - ★ local: WZ 3.4σ , WW 2.6σ , ZZ 2.9σ
 - ★ global: WZ 2.5σ
- **Excess might be statistical fluctuation**
- ***But* it is good exercise to consider what kind of BSM can explain the excess**

What we know about the excess

- **New particles (X) is a boson**
 - ★ It decays into $WZ/WW/ZZ$
- **$WZ/WW/ZZ$ are not good separated**
 - ★ $|m_j - m_V| < 13\text{GeV}$
 - ★ one or two channels are enough to be explained



ATLAS EXOT-2013-008



In this talk

- **focus on spin 1 new particle (W' and Z')**
 - ★ add new SU(2) gauge symmetry
 - ★ $W' \rightarrow WZ, Z' \rightarrow WW$
 - ★ no ZZ final state
 - ★ many models can be constructed (choice of Higgs and fermion sectors)
- **pick up one specific model**
 - ★ renormalizable and perturbative model
 - ★ (non perturbative model \rightarrow talk by Dr. Fukano)
 - ★ (model independent feature \rightarrow talk by Mr. Nagai)
- **discuss prospect for LHC run-2**
 - ★ model independent feature of $W' \rightarrow WZ \rightarrow$ hadrons channel
 - ★ (for another channel \rightarrow talk by Mr. Liew)

model

model setup

TA and Kitano '13

- $SU(2)_0 \times SU(2)_1 \times U(1)_2 \rightarrow U(1)_{\text{QED}}$

- **three Higgs doublets**

- ★ $H_1 : SU(2)_0 \times SU(2)_1 \rightarrow SU(2)_v$

- ★ $H_2 : SU(2)_1 \times U(1)_2 \rightarrow U(1)_v$

- ★ $H_3 : SU(2)_0 \times U(1)_2 \rightarrow U(1)_v$

- ★ 12 reals scalars (6 of them are eaten by gauge boson)

- ★ 6 physical scalar (3 CP-even + 1 CP-odd + 1 pair of charged Higgs)

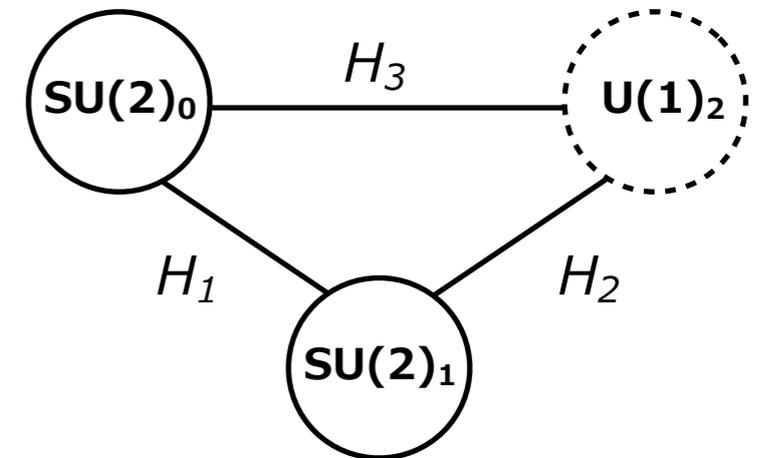
- **fermion**

- ★ $\psi_L : (SU(2)_0, SU(2)_1, U(1)_2) = (2, 1, 1/6)$ or $(2, 1, -1/2)$

- ★ $\psi_R : (SU(2)_0, SU(2)_1, U(1)_2) = (1, 1, Q_{\text{QED}})$

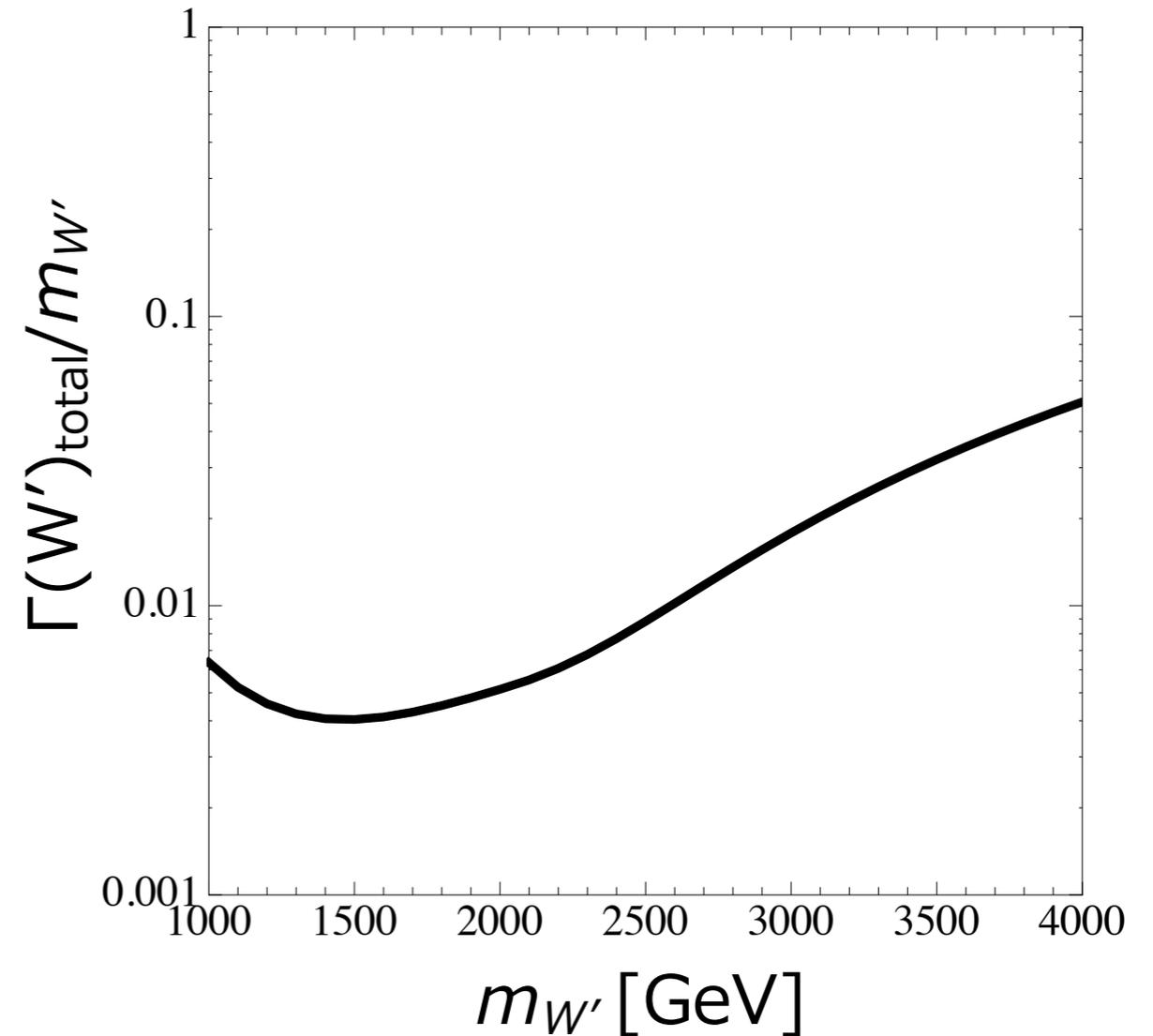
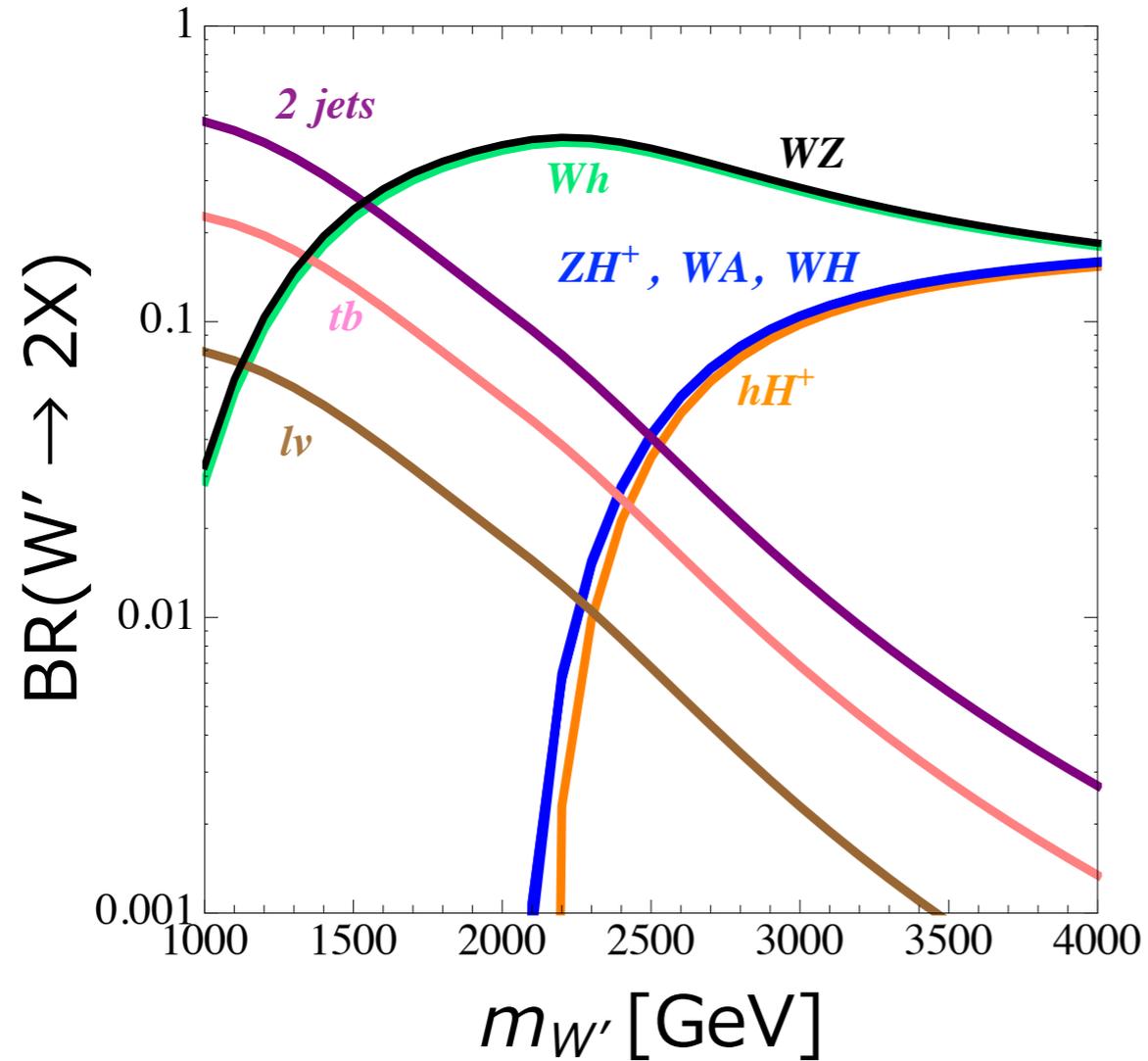
- ★ Yukawa is given by H_3

schematic picture (moose notation)



$$\mathcal{L}^{\text{Yukawa}} = - \bar{Q}^i H_3 \begin{pmatrix} y_u^{ij} & 0 \\ 0 & y_d^{ij} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u_R^j \\ d_R^j \end{pmatrix} + (h.c.) + (\text{lepton sector})$$

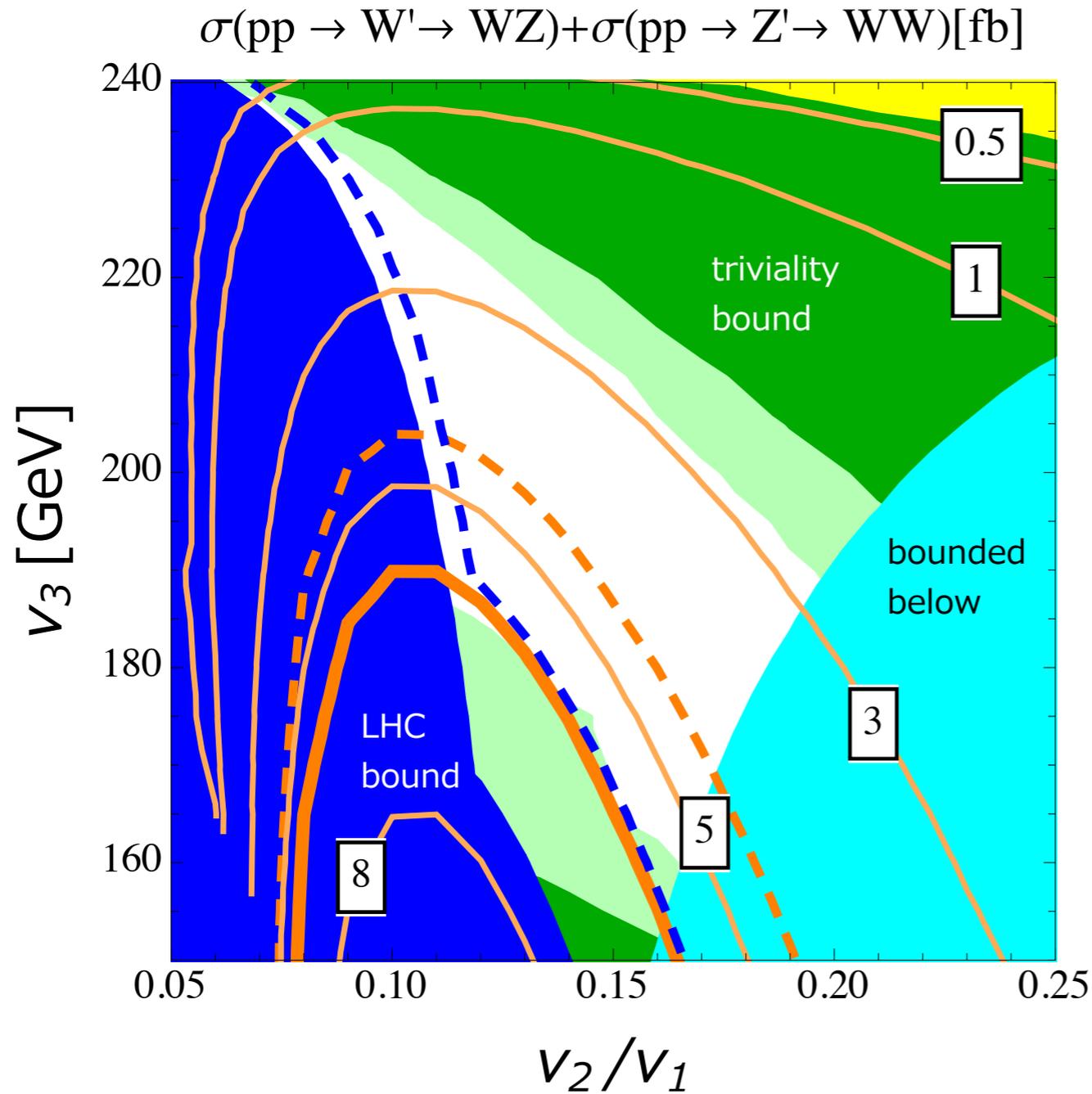
W' branching ratio and width



★ $m_H = m_{H'} = m_A = 2\text{TeV}$

★ width is narrow (20 GeV for $m_{W'} = 2\text{TeV}$)

results



★ colored region is excluded

★ orange lines are σ

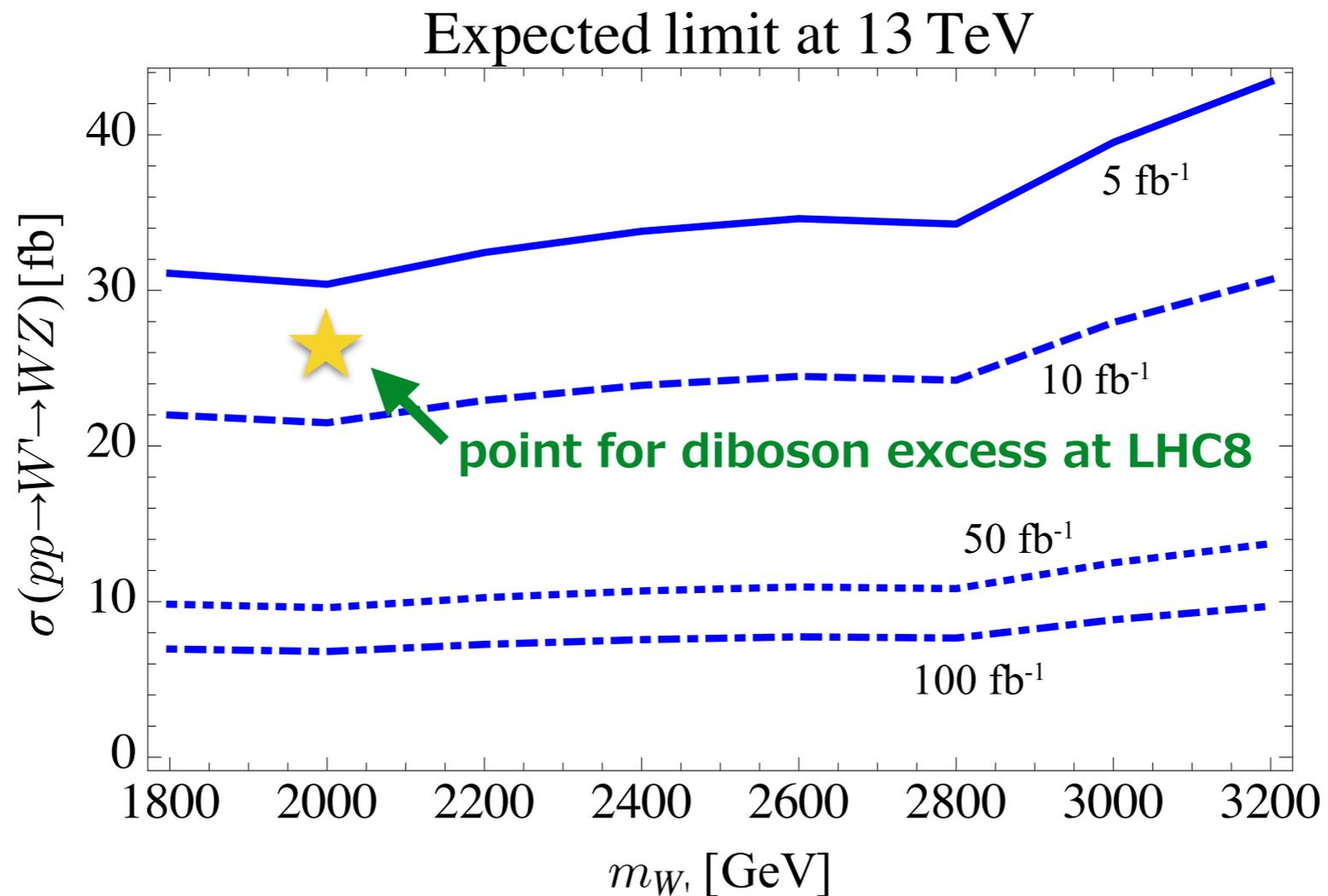
★ $\sigma > 7\text{fb}$ is exclude by $W' \rightarrow Wh$

★ $\sigma = 6\text{fb}$ on bold orange line
(possibly explain the excess)

★ dashed lines are with K-factor ($K \sim 1.3$) 0711.0749, 1410.4692

prospect for LHC run-2

95% exclusion limit at LHC run-2



- ★ $WZ \rightarrow$ hadrons
- ★ W' width = 25GeV
- ★ model independent result (as long as width is narrow)

Summary

Summary

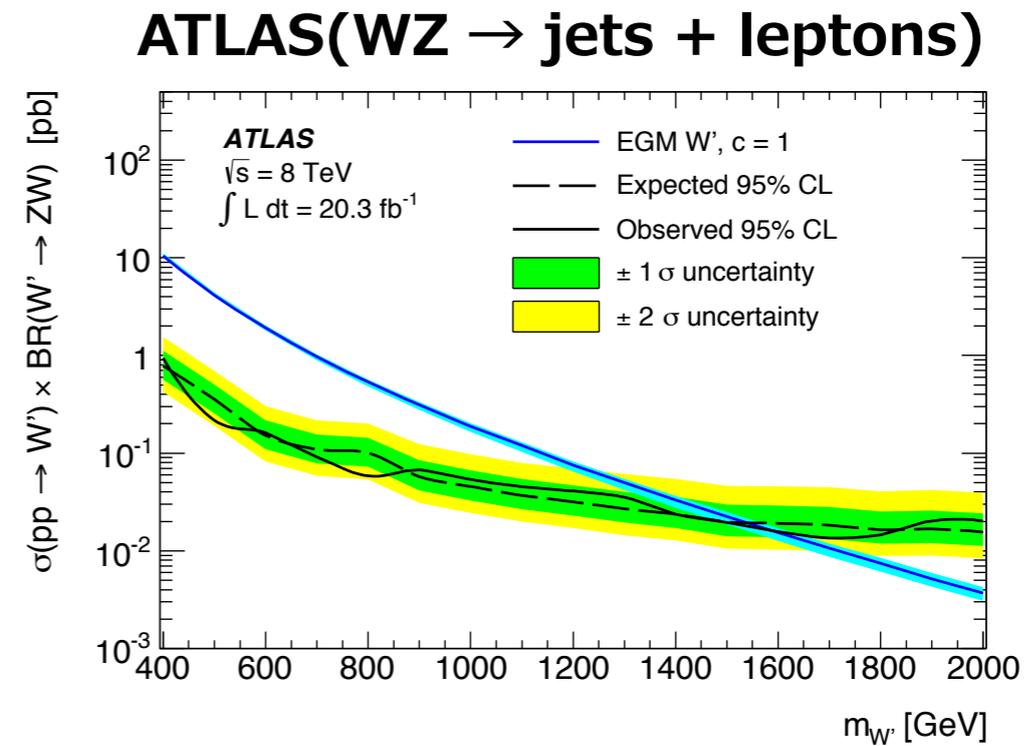
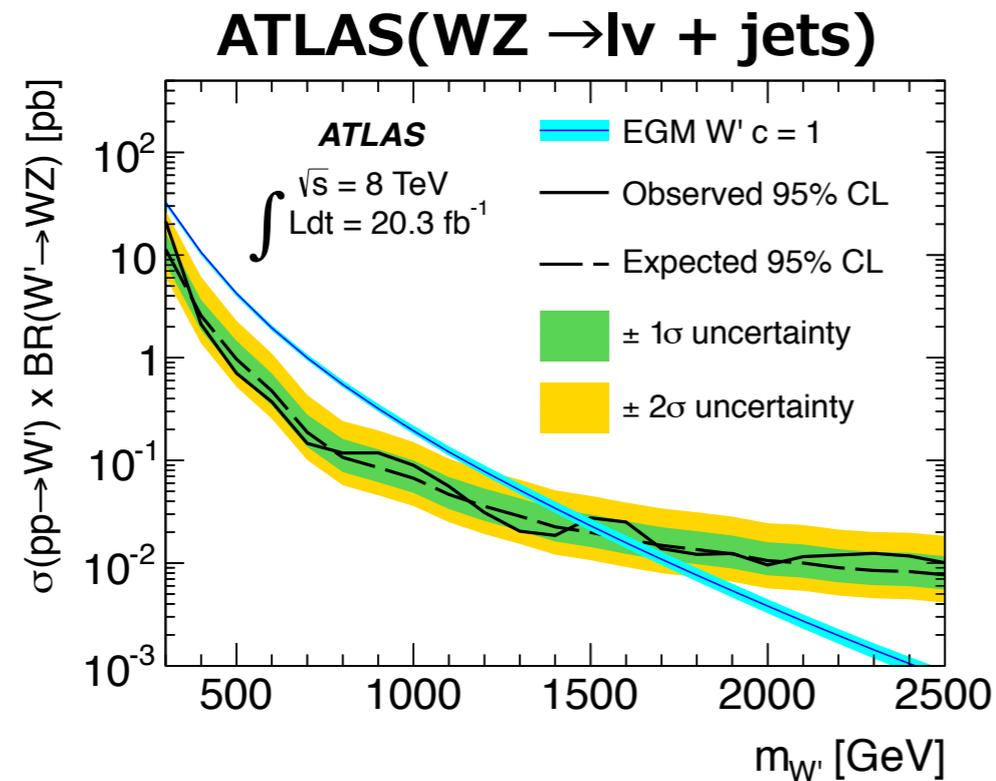
- **diboson excess around 2TeV by the ATLAS**
 - ★ CMS does not find the excess
 - ★ no excess with leptonic decay channel
 - ★ nice exercise to consider BSM
- **an example model (W' and Z')**
 - ★ renormalizable model
 - ★ $\sigma(pp \rightarrow V' \rightarrow lv)$ and $\sigma(pp \rightarrow V' \rightarrow Vh)$ give strong bound
 - ★ $\sigma(pp \rightarrow V' \rightarrow VV) = 6 \text{ fb}$ is possible
- **prospect for LHC run-2**
 - ★ less than 10 fb^{-1} is enough to exclude the 2TeV excess

Backup slides

Other final states from diboson

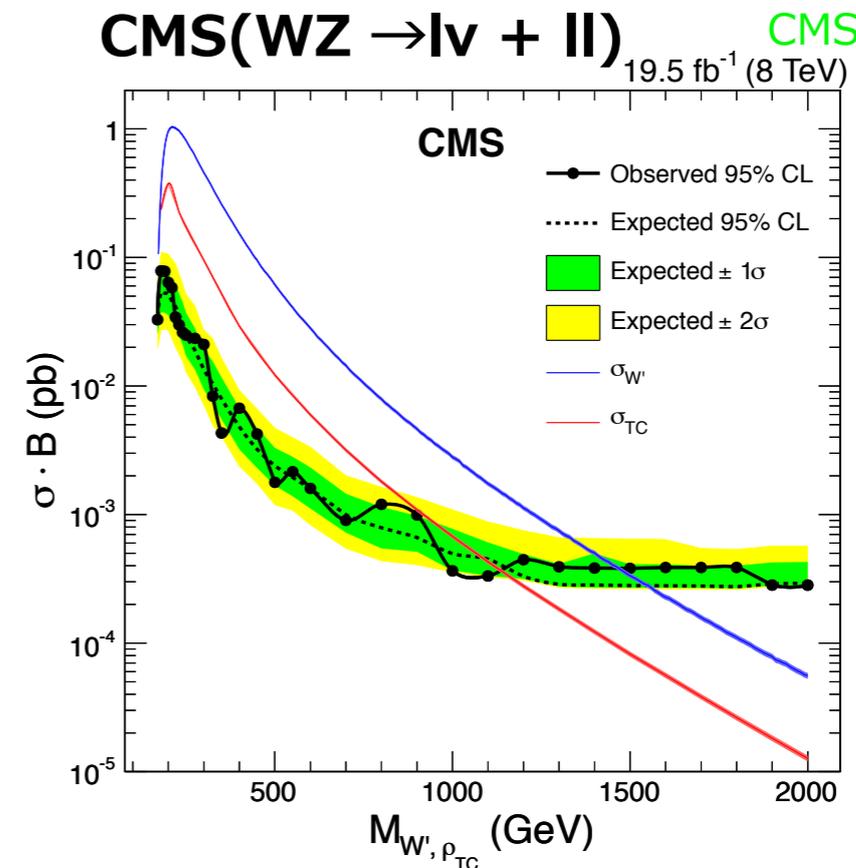
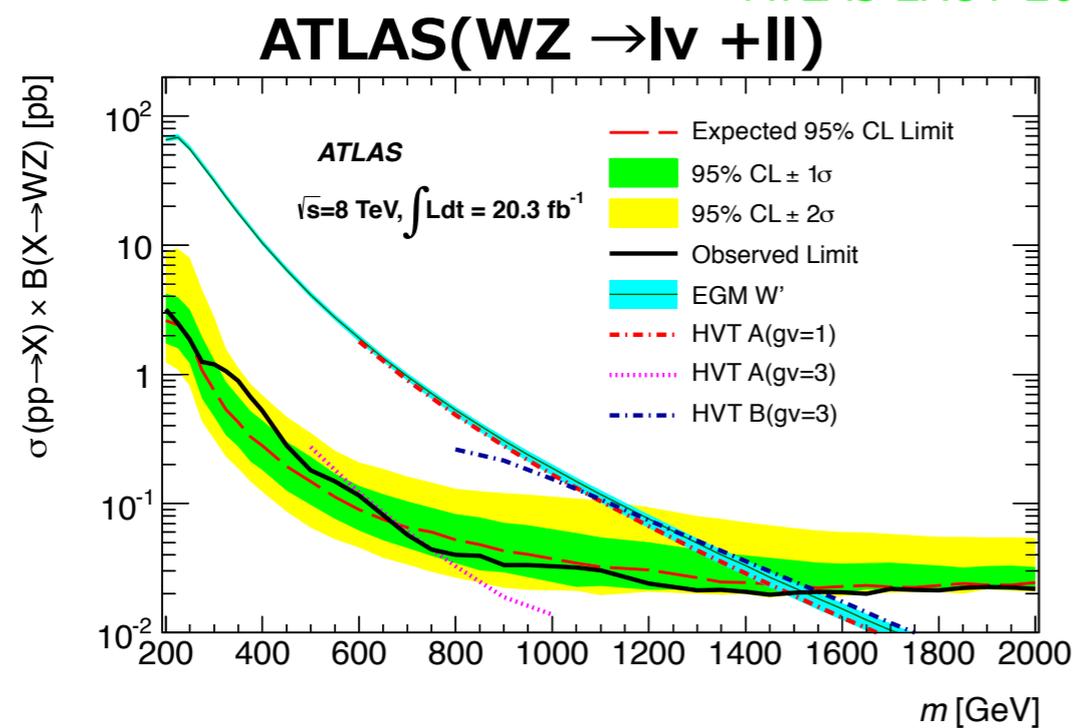
ATLAS EXOT-2013-001

ATLAS EXOT-2013-006



ATLAS EXOT-2013-007

CMS EXO-12-025



Works in market (more than 30 papers)

- **Spin 0 ($S \rightarrow WW, S \rightarrow ZZ$)**

1507.02483, 1507.03553, 1507.04431, 1507.05028, 1507.05310, 1507.06312, 1508.04814, 1508.05632

- **Spin 1 ($W' \rightarrow WZ, Z' \rightarrow WW$)**

1506.03751, 1506.03931, 1506.04392, 1506.05994, 1506.06064, 1506.06736, 1506.06767, 1506.07511, 1506.08688, 1507.00013, 1507.00268, 1507.00900, 1507.01185, 1507.01638, 1507.01681, 1507.01914, 1507.01914, 1507.01923, 1507.02483, 1507.03098, 1507.03428, 1507.03553, 1507.03940, 1507.04431, 1507.05028, 1507.05299, 1507.05310, 1507.06018, 1507.06312, 1507.07102, 1507.07406, 1507.07557, 1507.08273, 1508.00174, 1508.02277, 1508.03544, 1508.04129, 1508.05940

- **Spin 2**

1507.03553, 1507.06312, 1508.04814

- **others (tri-boson can mimic diboson signal)**

1506.06739

Monte Carlo part

What we did in MC part

- **Monte Carlo**

- ★ QCD dijet as BG ($1.73 \cdot 10^6 \sim 5\text{fb}^{-1}$, $E_{\text{CM}} > 1\text{TeV}$, $p_{\text{T}} > 400\text{GeV}$, $\sqrt{s} = 13\text{TeV}$) by PYTHIA8.205
- ★ signal ($pp \rightarrow W' \rightarrow WZ$) $m_{W'} = 1.8\text{TeV}$ to 3.2TeV , width = 25GeV
- ★ Tune 4C for fragmentation and hadronization
- ★ detector simulator DeLPHES3 is modified using FastJet3
- ★ cuts: same as the cuts used by ATLAS

- **Our MC result**

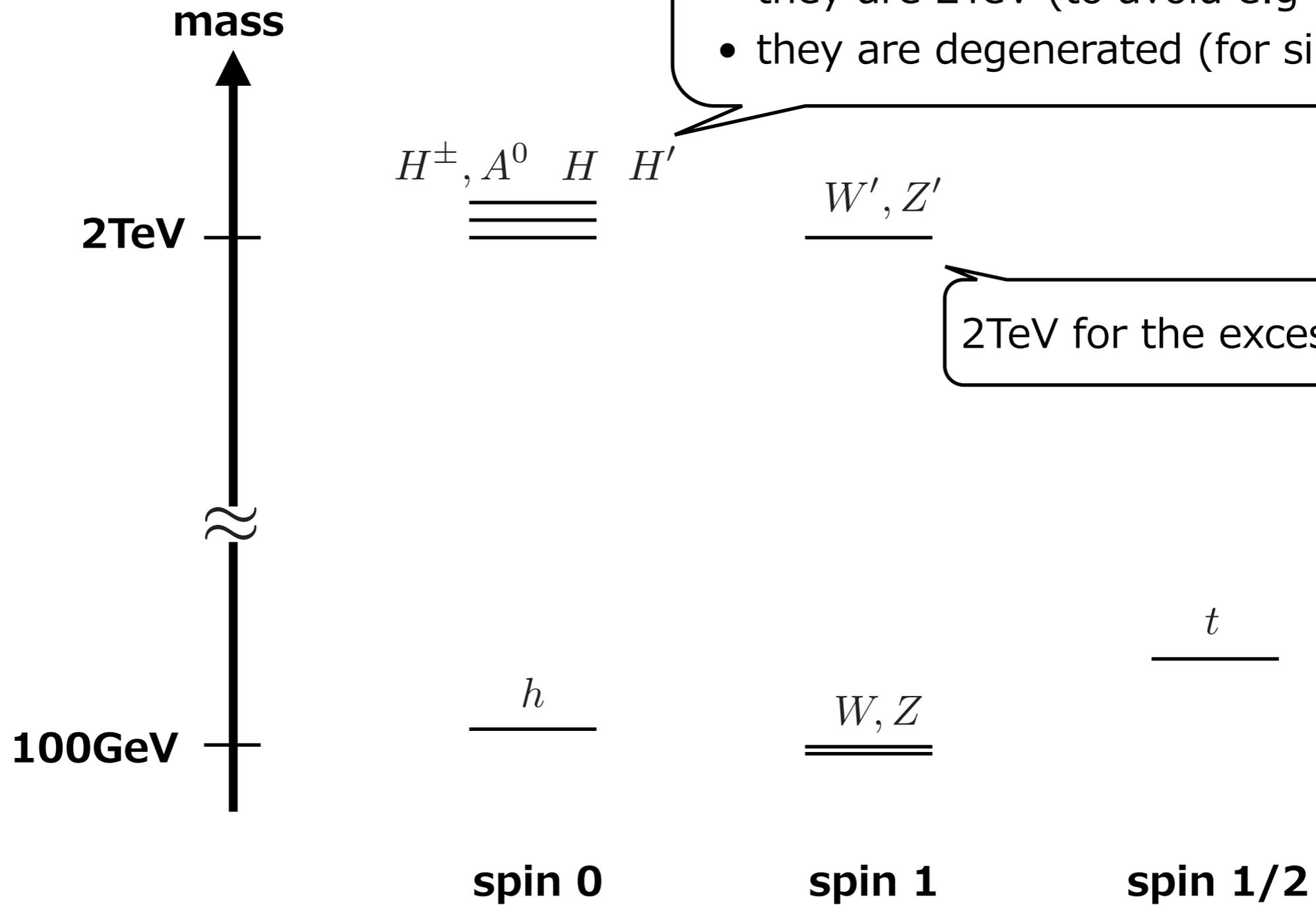
- ★ we checked signal distributions agree with the ATLAS result (8TeV)
- ★ we found # of back ground is twice of the ATLAS result (8TeV)
- ★ we scale our BG 1/2 for 13TeV analysis

More on our model

model parameters

- **4 masses:** $m_{Z'}, m_H, m_{H'}, m_A$
 - ★ $m_{Z'} = 2\text{TeV}$ (for the excess)
 - ★ $m_H = m_{H'} = m_A = 2\text{TeV}$ (for simplicity)
- **3 couplings:** $K_F, K_Z, g_{WW'H'}$
 - ★ $K_F = 1, K_Z \sim 1, g_{WW'H'} = 0$ ($K_F = g_{hff}/g_{hff}^{SM}, K_Z = g_{hzz}/g_{hzz}^{SM}$)
- **2 others VEVs:** r, v_3 ($r = v_2/v_1$)
 - ★ we treat them as free parameter in our analysis

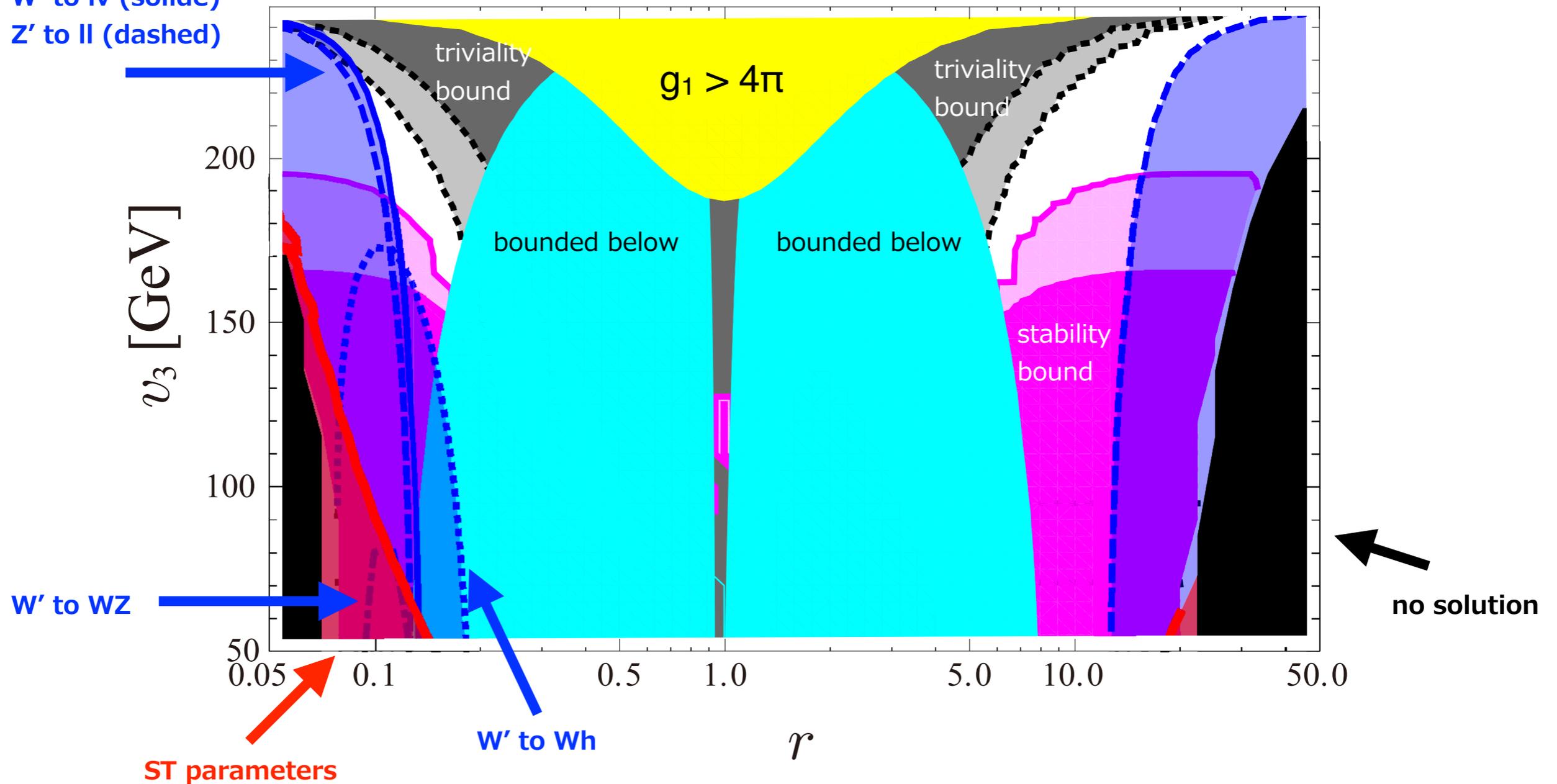
mass spectra



constraint on (r, v_3) -plane

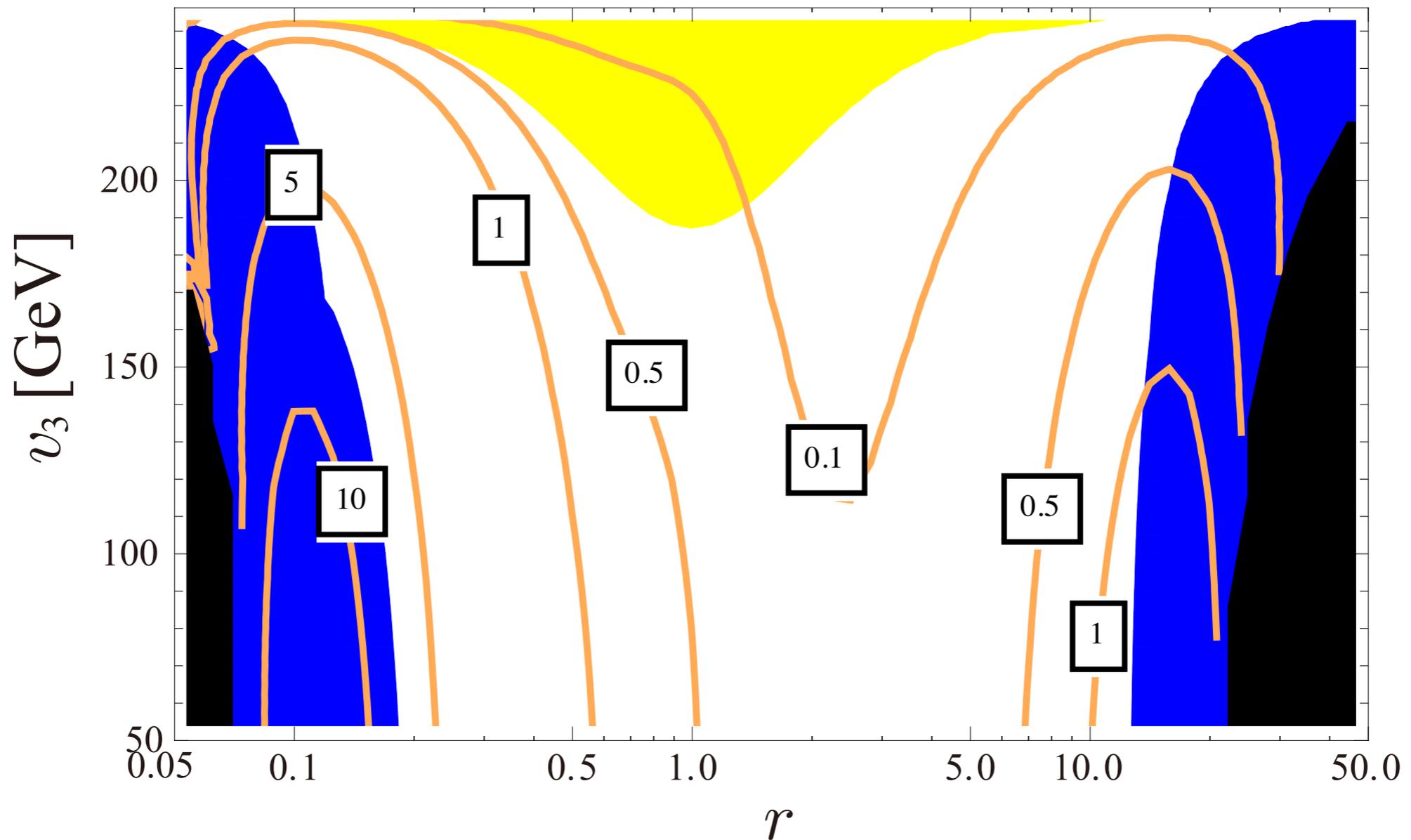
$$m_{Z'} = m_{heavy\ Higgs} = 2\ \text{TeV}, \kappa_F = 1.00$$

W' to $l\nu$ (solid)
 Z' to ll (dashed)



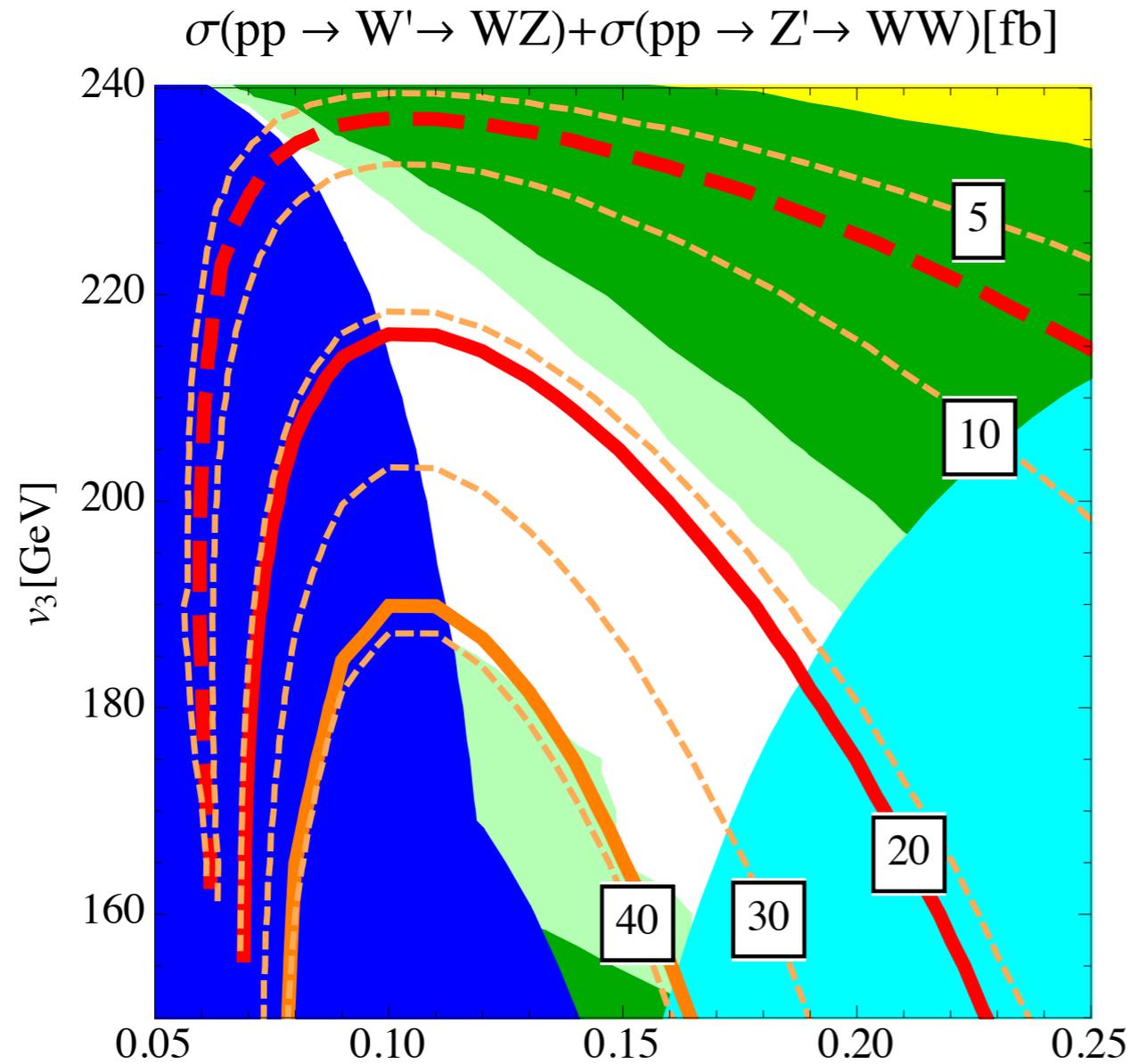
$\sigma(pp \rightarrow W' \rightarrow WZ) + \sigma(pp \rightarrow Z' \rightarrow WW)$ [fb]

$$m_{Z'} = m_{\text{heavy Higgs}} = 2 \text{ TeV}, \kappa_F = 1.00$$



★ $\sigma > 5\text{fb}$ for small r region

95% exclusion limit at 13TeV



★ colored region is excluded

★ orange lines: σ

★ bold orange line: $\sigma=6\text{fb}$ at 8TeV

★ Red lines: 95% exclusion limit at 10fb^{-1}

★ Red dashed lines: 95% exclusion limit at 100fb^{-1}